



BS (4 Years) for Affiliated Colleges

Code	Subject Title	Cr. Hrs	Semester
GS-209	Gender and Population	3	IV
Year	Discipline		
2	Gender Studies		

A gender perspective on population helps in better understanding of population issues for sustainable development, by focusing on gender aspects of natural resource use and management; agricultural division of labour; and access to reproductive and productive resources. The course will further help in understanding of demographic factors such as population growth and age structure, fertility, morbidity, health conditions and nutrition levels, spatial distribution and migration indicate different types of constraints, needs and opportunities for males and females in the society.

Course Contents

Introduction to Demography

Theories of population growth

- Social theories of population growth
- Affects of structure on population growth
 - Mortality
 - Fertility
 - Migration

Fertility

- Fertility and its determinants
- Effects of Female Fertility
- Effects of Consanguinity

Family Planning Knowledge and Usage of Family Planning

- Role of public and private sector
- Trends in family planning
- Need for family planning
- Challenges

Reproductive Health

- Antenatal Care
- Delivery and Postnatal Care
- Access to Reproductive Health Facilities
- Situation in Rural and Urban Areas
- Involving men in reproductive health issues and programs

Mortality

- Maternal mortality and its reasons
- Infant and child mortality

Nutrition

- Status
- Gender Differences

Migration

- Gender and determinants of migration
- Theories of migration
- Gendered impact of international migration

Urbanization

- Population distribution and urbanization
- Consequences of Urbanization
- Gender issues due to Urbanization

Gender, Population and Sustainable Development

Population Policy and Planning

- National & International Population Policies

Basic Readings

- Gould, W. T. S. (2009). **Population and development**. New York: Routledge.
 - Poston, d. L. (2006). **Fertility, family planning; and population policy in China**. New York: Routledge.
 - World Bank (2002). **Exploring Gender Perspectives in Population and Health Programs**. Washington USAID.
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