



THE ANSWERS MUST BE ATTEMPTED ON THE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED

Q.1. Solve the following:

(6x5=30)

- i) If $|A| \neq 0$, then $|A^t| \neq 0$ for non-zero integer n and $(A^t)^{-1} = (A^{-1})^t$.
- ii) Show that a square matrix A satisfies the equation $A^2 + 2A + I = 0$ has $|A| \neq 0$.
- iii) Using row operation find A^{-1} if $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$.
- iv) Find domain and range $T(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (x_1, x_2)$.
- v) Find area of the triangle with vertices $(3,3), (4,0), (-2, -1)$.
- vi) Show $u = (-2, 3, 1, 4)$ & $v = (1, 2, 0, -1)$ are orthogonal vectors in \mathbb{R}^4 . Also find angle b/w u & v .

Q.2. Solve the following:

(5x6=30)

- i) Show that the following system by inverting the coefficient matrix has non trivial solution if $\alpha = \beta$.
 $x_1 + x_2 + \alpha x_3 = 0$; $x_1 + \beta x_3 + x_2 = 0$; $\alpha x_1 + \beta x_2 + x_3 = 0$
- ii) Check either $T(x, y, z) = (x, z, x + y)$ is a matrix transformation also find $R(T)$ and $N(T)$.
- iii) A square matrix A is invertible iff $\lambda = 0$ is not an eigen value of A .
- iv) Find the bases for the subspace of \mathbb{R}^4 that is spanned by the vectors:
 $(1, 1, -4, -3), (2, 0, 2, -2)$ & $(2, -1, 3, 2)$
- v) What condition must a, b, c and d satisfy so that the following matrices are linearly independent in M_{22} $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$.