



Q.1. Solve the following questions:

(6x5=30)

- i) If $\mathbf{F} = 3xy\mathbf{i} - y^2\mathbf{j}$ find work done over C in the xy – plane, where $y = 2x^2$ from $(0,0)$ to $(1,2)$.
- ii) Find the volume of the region common to the intersecting cylinders $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ and $x^2 + z^2 = a^2$.
- iii) Verify Green's theorem in the plane for $M = xy + y^2$ and $N = x^2$, where C is the closed curve of the region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$.
- iv) Express the velocity \mathbf{v} and acceleration \mathbf{a} of a particle in cylindrical coordinates.
- v) Express the determinant $g = \begin{vmatrix} g_{11} & g_{12} & g_{13} \\ g_{21} & g_{22} & g_{23} \\ g_{31} & g_{32} & g_{33} \end{vmatrix}$ in terms of the elements of second row and their corresponding cofactors.
- vi) a) If A_{rs}^{pq} is a tensor, prove the double contractions results in invariant.
b) state Quotient law for tensors.

Solve the following questions:

(3x10=30)

Q NO 2: State Stoke's theorem and verify for $\mathbf{A} = (2x - y)\mathbf{i} - yz^2\mathbf{j} - y^2z\mathbf{k}$ where S is the upper half surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ and C is its boundary. (10)

Q NO 3: Derive an expression for the Gradient $\nabla\phi$ in general curvilinear coordinate system. (10)

Q NO 4: (a) Is the function $\vec{f}(t) = t\mathbf{i} + t^2\mathbf{j} + \frac{1}{t}\mathbf{k}$ continuous at $t = 0$?

(b) If $\vec{f}(t)$ is a vector function. Show that $\frac{d}{dt}[\vec{f} \cdot (\vec{f}' \times \vec{f}'')] = \vec{f} \cdot (\vec{f}'' \times \vec{f}''')$ (10)