



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

B.S. 4 Years Program / Second Semester – 2019

Roll No.

Paper: Political Science-II

Course Code: POL-102 / 12445 Part – II

Time: 2 Hrs. 45 Min. Marks: 50

ATTEMPT THIS (SUBJECTIVE) ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED

Q.No.2: Give Short Answers. (20)

- a) Differentiate between Classical Liberalism and Modern Liberalism.
- b) What is meant by 'Gerrymandering'?
- c) How close are modern liberalism and social democracy?
- d) What is regional nationalism?
- e) In what ways, an interest group is different from a political party?
- f) What is meant by Proportional Representation?
- g) Describe Laissez-faire.
- h) Explain Representative Democracy.
- i) What is the difference between associational and non-associational Interests groups?
- j) What are the main elements of Fascism?

Q.No.3: Explain that how Socialism spilt into a number of varieties. Also elaborate that how Socialism is relevant to the Social Democracy? (10)

Q.No.4: Explain the functions of political parties as inputting devices in a political system. (10)

Q.N.5: Write a brief note on 'Structural-Functionalism' approach of Political System. (10)



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

B.S. 4 Years Program / Second Semester – 2019

Paper: Political Science-II

Course Code: POL-102 / 12445 Part – I (Compulsory)

Time: 15 Min. Marks: 10

Roll No. in Fig.

Roll No. in Words.

Signature of Supdt.:

ATTEMPT THIS PAPER ON THIS QUESTION SHEET ONLY.

Division of marks is given in front of each question.

This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q.1. Encircle the right answer cutting and overwriting is not allowed. (10x1=10)

- i. : The extreme form of nationalism with elements of racism, socialism and militarism is known as
a) Fascism b) Maoism c) Communism
- ii. : An ordinary law passed by the legislature, not the part of the Constitution is called
a) Basic Law b) Statute c) Constitutional Law
- iii. : The citizens reactions to current, specific issues and events is known as
a) Political Culture b) Public Opinion c) Social mobility
- iv. : The ability of one person's to get another to do something is called
a) Political power b) Legitimacy c) Socialization
- v. : An association that pressures for government for policies it favors
a) Interest Group b) Political Party c) NGO
- vi. : The adoption of System Theory in Political Science was introduced in 1953 by
a) David Easton b) Gabriel Almond c) Bingham Powell
- vii. : According to Aristotle, rule by many in interests of all is categorized as
a) Aristocracy b) Polity c) Democracy
- viii. : Working with the world as it is and not as we wish it to be; usually focused on power is known as
a) Realism b) Idealism c) Marxism
- ix. : Who claimed that certain functions exist in all political system?
a) David Easton b) Gabriel Almond c) Max Weber
- X. : The party that attempts to gain committed adherents; usually has formal membership called
a) Devotee party b) Cadre Party c) Mass party