



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB
B.A. / B.Sc. (Composite) Annual Exam – 2019

Subject: English (for B.Sc. Candidates)
PAPER: Compulsory

Roll No.

MAX. TIME: 3 Hrs.
MAX. MARKS: 100

SECTION – A

Note: Select any two questions.

- Q.1. (a) What specific traits of character make man the lowest animal in Mark Twain's View? (15)
(b) What lesson about life does the Last Lesson teach? (10)
- Q.2. (a) What are Stephen Leacock's suggestions about living to be 200 years old? (15)
(b) Draw the character sketch of Vera. (10)
- Q.3. (a) What according to Russell is the fault of Classical or literary education? (15)
(b) What is the underlying theme of idea of "The Secret of Walter Mitty"? (10)
- Q.4. (a) Explain some of the ways in which ideas have come to creative thinkers. What is the source of these ideas? (15)
(b) Muhammad Asad's journey to the Holy Ka'aba is very inspiring support the statement with a detailed view of the essay. (10)

SECTION – B

- Q.5. Read the passage and answer the questions in your own words. (15)

Unfortunately, Pakistan's difficulties have been exacerbated by decades of political instability, economic stagnation, rampant corruption, general aversion to rule of law and constant erosion of law and order. This is not what the founders of Pakistan had envisioned when they led the struggle of the Muslims of South Asia for a separate homeland as a fortress of freedom, pride and dignity.

For reasons of domestic political instability and insecurity with a brittle law and order situation and also the continuing tensions with India, we have been unable to harness the unique asset of our geographical location for our economic growth. Religious extremism and terrorism, related problems afflicting the region further strengthen the doubts and misunderstandings about Pakistan in the world's councils today. Foreign business interests are hesitant to invest their capital in Pakistan because of the prevailing conditions of the country and better educational, social, political and economic situation in the neighbouring countries. Our political system that, in fact, governs all the other systems, is chronically diseased and it has infected all the other spheres of national life. Resulting, the other nations, except those which have some interest in making use of us for their own purposes, view our situation as politically and economically unstable and uncertain.

India, on the other hand has been steadfast in terms of both its domestic experience and economic performance. Today, it enjoys global respect as the "largest democracy" and one of the "largest economies" of the world that has an almost double rate of growth as compared to ours. It is attracting a lot of international attention as a fast-developing economic power and a huge market with vast opportunities for trade and commerce. The lead taken by India in areas such as information technology on the strength of well-placed and well-respected Indians settled in the West has brought laurels to her fast growing economic and business community. Taken together, these factors have placed India prominently on the radar of the global economic power houses. The time is ripe for a reconsideration of our present situation and future possibilities for prompt action. The process of national recovery and reconstruction should be started forth-worth by the rulers, leaders and intellectuals after careful thought and proper planning.

Questions:

- i. What factors have heightened Pakistan's difficulties? Can we eliminate or get rid of these factors? (2)

P.T.O.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB
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Subject: English Language
PAPER: A

Roll No.
MAX. TIME: 3½ Hrs.
MAX. MARKS: 100

Note: Attempt all parts of a question together. Be relevant and precise. Over-attempts deserve no credit.

Q1. Explain with reference to the context any THREE of the following passages.

- i) We passed before a House that seemed
A swelling of the Ground-
The roof was scarcely visible-
The Cornice-in the Ground-
- ii) What form my dreaming was about to take,
Magnified apples appear and disappear
Stem end and blossom end
And every fleck of russet showing clear.
- iii) And close your eyes with holy dread,
For he on honey dew hath fed,
And drunk the milk of paradise.
- iv) The sun is behind me.
Nothing has changed since I began
My eye has permitted no change
I am going to keep things like this.
- v) And what is here reaction to that? My mother's a fool. She lets herself be
fooled by my father, who is a scoundrel.

Q2. Attempt any TWO parts of the following question.

- I) How far would you agree that the **New Constitution** is about the failure of a dream of Ustad Mangu?
- II) How far would you agree that **Take Pity** is about the conflict between human feelings of kindness and self-respect?
- III) What impressions does Wolf create on the readers in the play **Some Thing to Talk About**?

Q3. Attempt any TWO parts of the following question.

- i) Do you think that the poem **Woman Work** gives us an ideal picture of a woman? Explain your answer.
- ii) What message does the poem **A Poison Tree** convey to us?
- iii) Why is the poet impressed by the woman in the poem **The Solitary Reaper**?

Q4. Attempt any TWO parts of the following question.

- i) How far would you agree that Liaquat Ali Khan has presented the case of Pakistan successfully to the world?
- ii) How would you differentiate a quack from a doctor?
- iii) Why does Forster prefer tolerance to love?

Q5. Attempt any TWO parts of the following question.

- i) What example does Santiago set for us in the novel **The Old Man and the Sea**?
- ii) What moral code does Santiago follow?
- iii) Is **The Old Man and the Sea** a fable?



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB
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Roll No.

Subject: English Language
PAPER: B

MAX. TIME: 3 Hrs.
MAX. MARKS: 100

Important Note: Over attempted idioms/ correction of sentences will not be marked. Only the First Five will be marked. Don't write your names, ph# or identity in any answer.

Q: 1. Write an essay with outline of 300-350 words on one of the following topics: (5+20)

- 1- The Role of Youth in Nation Building
- 2- Education in Private Sector: A Blessing or Curse?
- 3- Domestic Violence against Women
- 4- My Aim in Life
- 5- Tourism in Pakistan

Q: 2. Read the following passage and answer the questions at the end. The answer must be in your own words. (25)

The capacity to endure a more or less monotonous life is one which should be acquired in childhood. Modern parents are greatly to blame in this respect; they provide their children with far too many passive amusements, such as shows and good things to eat, and they do not realise the importance to a child of having one day like another, except, of course, for somewhat rare occasions. The pleasures of childhood should in the main be such as the child extracts from his environment by means of some effort and inventiveness. Pleasures which are exciting and at the same time involve no physical exertion, such, for example, as the theatre, should occur very rarely. The excitement is in the nature of a drug, of which more and more will come to be required, and the physical passivity during the excitement is contrary to instinct. A child develops best when, like a young plant, he is left undisturbed in the same soil. Too much travel, too much variety of impressions, are not good for the young, and cause them as they grow up to become incapable of enduring fruitful monotony.

Questions:

1. At which developmental stage the capacity to endure monotonous life should be acquired?
2. Why are modern parents to be blamed for children's incapacity to endure monotonous life?
3. What should be the nature of childhood pleasures?
4. Which factors cause a hindrance in enduring fruitful monotony?
5. How will you explain the term 'fruitful monotony'?
6. Make a précis of the passage.

Q: 3. Write a letter to the Editor of a newspaper about smoking among students. (15)

OR

Write an application to the Secretary Education for opening a primary school for girls in your village. (15)

Q: 4. Correct any five of the following. (No extra attempt will be marked) (10)

1. Poetries have their appeal to the heart.
2. The rotten mangoes smell badly.
3. It is much hot today.
4. No less than twenty people died in the accident.
5. My tooth is paining very badly.
6. He is the adoptive son of his parents.
7. He is M.A while his friend is B.A.
8. He denied to accept the invitation.
9. He behaved cowardly.
10. Our examination begins from Monday.

P.T.O.

Q: 5. Use any five of the following phrases in sentences. (No extra attempt will be marked)
(10)

(a) An uphill task (b) Thumb nail sketch (c) For good (d) Kith and kin (e) In fits and starts (f)
Part and parcel (g) Flesh and blood (h) Die out (i) At large (j) Get through

Q: 6. Write a dialogue between a student and a teacher on the importance of discipline. (15)

OR

Translate the following paragraph into English.

انٹرنیٹ کی آمد کے ساتھ ہی دنیا سٹ کر ایک گاؤں کا شکل اختیار کر گئی ہے۔ آج انٹرنیٹ ہر شخص کو اس کی ضرورت کے مطابق معلومات فراہم کرتا ہے۔ ماہرین کے مطابق اب کوئی شعبہ ایسا نہیں جس کے متعلق انٹرنیٹ پر معلومات دستیاب نہ ہوں۔ پہلے تو انٹرنیٹ کو صرف اور صرف تعلیم اور حکومتی ادارے ہی استعمال کرتے رہے مگر اب ہر شعبے کے لوگوں نے اسے استعمال کرنا شروع کر دیا ہے۔ انٹرنیٹ کوئی خاص پروگرام نہیں ہے یہ تو لاتعداد کمپیوٹروں کے درمیان ایک مضبوط الحاق ہے جس کے ذریعے لاتعداد افراد معلومات کا تبادلہ کرتے تھے۔