



NOTE: *Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.*

- Q. 1:** Ijtihad is one of the most efficacious source/technique of Islamic law. Discuss the scope of Ijtihad and the debate on the qualification of scholars who could conduct it?
- Q. 2:** Discuss the concept of irregular marriages along with its various illustrations and consequences? What are the modes in which these marriages are converted into a valid marriage?
- Q. 3:** Explain different kinds of dower under Islamic law in addition to pointing out various options for enforcing this valuable right of wives?
- Q. 4:** Discuss different kinds of talaq and their effects on the respective rights of spouses for reconciliation and remarriage?
- Q. 5:** Khula is an important right granted to wives under Islamic law. What are the legal and judicial rules for its enforcement?
- Q. 6:** Explain the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance 1961 and what sort of distinctive impact it has introduced in the fields of inheritance, registration of marriages, polygamy and talaq?
- Q. 7:** Will is an important instrument to transfer one's property. Discuss the limitations placed upon it under Sunni and Shia laws?
- Q. 8:** Discuss the concept of hiba under Islamic law along with its various kinds?
- Q. 9:** What do you understand by paternity and maternity in context of Islamic law? What are the rules to determine them?
- Q. 10:** Please explain two out of the following topics:
- a. Past maintenance
 - b. Quranic heirs or Sharers
 - c. Zihar



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (05 Years) Part – IV Annual Examination – 2022

Subject: Muslim Personal Law

Paper: V (Common)

Roll No.

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Quran and Sunnah are the fundamental source of Islamic law. Please explain and illustrate briefly.
2. Define Marriage and explain its different kinds.
3. What are the remedies available to a wife in case of non-payment of Dower?
4. Islam discourages separation between husband and wife but still allows Talaq for obvious reasons. What is Divorce and discuss its different kinds and illustrate.
5. Define Will and explain whether a Will can be executed beyond 1/3 of the estate?
6. What is Waqf and what are the lawful objects of a valid Waqf?
7. What specific steps are taken before the division of the Estate of deceased muslim?
8. Kindly explain the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance of 1961.
9. What is the procedure of appointing a Guardian of a Ward under the provisions of Guardian and Wards Act 1890?
10. Write short notes on the following:
 - A) Ijtehad
 - B) Khula



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (05 Years) Part – IV Annual Examination – 2021

Roll No.

Subject: Muslim Personal Law

Paper: V (Common)

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1. Sunnah of the Holy Prophet ﷺ plays a vital role in Islamic Legislation. Explain and illustrate.
- Q.2. What is Ijtehad? What are the basic qualifications of a competent Mujtahid to conduct it?
- Q.3. Define marriage and its different kinds provided under the Islamic law and their effects thereof.
- Q.4. What are different modes of dissolution of marriage as per Islamic Law? Explain
- Q.5. Kindly define and explain the Will and its kinds and ingredients.
- Q.6. Define Dower. Kindly discuss its different kinds?
- Q.7. Briefly explain the rights and duties of a Guardian under the relevant provisions of the Guardian & Wards Act.
- Q.8. What are the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance 1961 and its impact on the law and society at large?
- Q.9. What particular steps are taken before the division of the estate of a deceased, prior to its distribution amongst the legal heirs?
- Q.10. Write short notes on the following:
- A) Imam Abu Hanifa
- B) Waqf



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (05 Years) Part – IV Annual Examination – 2020

Subject: Muslim Personal Law

Paper: V (Common)

Roll No.

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

NOTE: *Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.*

- Q.1. Quran and Sunnah of the Holy Prophet (خاتم النبيين ﷺ) plays a vital role in Islamic Legislation and both can't be understood and interpreted in isolation, explain and illustrate.
- Q.2. Ijtihad can only be carried out by the experts in the field known as Mujtahids. Briefly explain the necessary conditions for a Mujtahid to conduct the delicate responsibility of ijtihad.
- Q.3. What constitutes a marriage? Briefly explain its different kinds.
- Q.4. There are different modes and ways to dissolve the bondage of marriage. Please explain and illustrate.
- Q.5. What is a Will and its kinds and essentials?
- Q.6. Dower is one of the fundamental ingredients of Marriage. Define and discuss its kinds, and effects if dower is not fixed at the time of contracting marriage.
- Q.7. What are the rights and duties of Guardian and Ward under the relevant provisions of Guardian and Wards Act 1890? Briefly explain the different kinds of Guardians.
- Q.8. There are certain salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance 1961 and their impact on the law and society at large, kindly explain with your own views.
- Q.9. What particular steps are normally taken before the division of the estate of a deceased, prior to its distribution amongst the legal heirs.
- Q.10. Write short notes on the following:
- Waqf
 - Imam Ahmad Bin Hambal