

30. Turkish**B.A. Turkish-Opt****Total Mark: 100****Appendix 'A'****(Outlines of Tests)**

Paper-A:	Written	:	85 Marks
Paper-B:	Practical (Viva-Voce)	:	15 Marks

Appendix 'B'**(Syllabi and Courses of Reading)**

Paper-A:	Written		85 Marks
1.	Grammar:		20
2.	Translation from Turkish into English (Unseen)		10
3.	Translation Urdu into Turkish (unseen)		15
4.	Poetry		20
5.	Composition		20

Grammar:**Turkish Alphabet:**

Vowels: Vowels harmony according to the rules of hard and soft vowels, consonants. Mutation of consonants, according to the ruler of sharp and flat consonants.

Syllabus: Rules to avoid hiatus and muteness of consonant.

Nouns:**Articles—Gender**

Proper nouns—Common nouns, simple, derived and compound nouns. The infinitive verbs used as nouns, plural puffix and puffixes for the formation of derived nouns from verbal roots, adjectives and simple nouns. The Diminutive of nouns, declension of noun.

Pronouns:

Personal pronouns and Declension of personal Pronouns. The Possession Pronouns and the £Thrc methods of Possessive Connections. Elliptical Pronouns Demonstrative pronovns. Reflective Pronouns. Indefinite Pronouns and Interrogative Pronouns. Declension of Nouns with Prossessive Suffixes.

Adjective:

Primitive Adjectives, Derived AdiectivcsIrom Nouns, Verb and primitive Adjectives, Compound Adjectives, Emphasizing Adjectives, Repetitive Adjectives Indefinite Adjectives, Demonstrative Adjectives. Adjectives of Comparison Numerical Adjectives.

Verb:

The Primitive Verbs. Olmak, and Bulmak. their Conjugation and uses as Auxiliary Verbs. The Verbs Vardir and thokdur, their Conjugations and uses as Substitute Verbs for English Verbs “to Have and not to Have” Regular Verbs : The Main Tenses of Regular i, Verbs ; present, Aorist, past Dubitative Future, Necessitative, Optative and Suppositive (Aspiral) tenses. The use of the Infinitives of Verbs as the Continuative Tense.

Kinds of Verbs: primitive Verbs Derived Verbs and Compound Verbs. Transitive Verbs Intransitive Verbs passive Verbs, Reflexive Verbs, Recipro- cativc Verbs, participative Verbs, and Causative Verbs and Conjugation of all the tenses of the Compound Moods.

Formation of Derived Verbs by the use of Sesvile letters *nd Syllables dir, r. in, I, and S.

Gerunds: Used as a mean of connecting a verb of one sentence with that of the second sentence.

Conjunctive Gerunds. Primal and Final Gerunds, Fore, and After Period Gerunds. Formation and Accelerative Verbs by means of Bill and Ver.

Participles:

The Indefinite and Definite Present and Past Participles. The future Indefinite and Definite Participles. The Subjective active and Passive Participles. The Objective Participles.

The Verbal Adjective. The formation of verbal adjectives.

The Particles:

The Adverbs:

The Conjunction and interjections: The Computative Conjunctions and the Disjunctive Conjunctions.

The Interjection.

Syntax:

The construction of sentences in writing and speech. Selection of Relative gerund—Selection of the Verbal Nouns, Types of Clause : Conditional Clause, Clauses of obligation (compulsion) Concessive Clauses, Purpose Clauses, Clauses, and effect Clauses, Informal and Formal Conjunctive and Adverbial Clauses.

Recommended Book:

A Grammar of Modern Turkish, Part II.

by

Dr. Abdul Hafiz Akmut.

Prose and Poetry:

Simple Prose and Simple Poetry (Modern) incorporated in the text-book.

Recommended Book:

Okuma Kitobi, Part II.

by

Nevide Gokoydin

Paper-B: Practical (Viva-Voce)

15 Marks