33. **POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**APPENDIX ‘A’**

*(Outlines of Tests)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Marks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Principles of Political Science</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Grand Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>200</strong></td>
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**APPENDIX ‘B’**

*(Syllabi and Courses of Reading)*

‘A’ : Principles of Political Science:

1. Political Science : Definition, Scope and utility of Political Science and approaches to the study of Political Science.

2. The State : Definition and elements; state and government; State and Society; State and Associations.


   (b) Definition, meanings and kinds of rights, Fundamental Human Rights in Islam Rights of Non-Muslims in an Islamic State.

5. Law : Definition Meanings, kinds, sources of Law-Law and Morality-Islamic concept of Law; Sources of law in Islam. Importance of Ijehad.

6. Organization of Modern State :
   (a) (1) Democracy; nature, attributes and reconditions (2) Islamic concept of Democracy. (3) Dictatorship; kinds and features.
   (b) Unitary and federal systems.
   (c) Parliamentary and presidential systems.

7. Structure of Government :
   Executive, legislature and judiciary.

8. Political Participation :
   Elections and Electorate; (a) Adult and restricted suffrage.
   Methods of voting-Direct Legislation (Referendum, initiative
plebiscite and Recall. Qualifications of Voters and candidates in an Islamic policy. Role of an elected representative.

(i) in a modern secular state.
(ii) in an Islamic state.

(b) Free Elections and its pre-requisites. Direct and indirect elections—electoral districts—representation of minorities—proportional Representation-Functional representation.

9. Political Dynamics: (a) Political parties; Types, functions and role.

(b) Interest groups; types role in a modern policy; Methods of political action.

(c) Public opinion Definition—Development of the concept—public opinion polls. Methods of measurement.

10. Theories regarding the nature and purpose of state;

Idealist View—utilitarian view—Socialism, Communism, Fascism Welfare concept of state; Western and Islamics.

Books Recommended:


Muhammad Asad: .. Principles of State and Government in Islam.

Muhammad Sarwar: .. معارف سياسيات

Farooq Akhtar Najib: .. سياسات ووباسؤت


Note: The paper will be divided into the following two parts consisting of 60 and 49 marks respectively.

PART I

1. United Kingdom

(a) Nature and evolution of English Constitution; its sources and Salient features

(b) Structure of the government.

(i) Kingship; its role and reasons for its survival.

(ii) Cabinet; features and role; Cabinet Ministry and Privy Council.

(iii) Parliament; Composition and powers; procedure of law making. Supremacy of the parliament.

(iv) Judiciary: organization and jurisdiction; rule of law.

(c) Civil Service; Local Self government—Political Parties.
2. United States:
   (a) Constitution: growth, nature and salient features.
   (b) Federal system: Division of powers in theory and practice.
   (c) Presidency: theory and practice.
   (d) Congress: Composition, powers, procedure of law making; Role of Committees in the Congress
   (e) Federal Judiciary: organisation and jurisdiction; judicial review.
   (f) Separation of power.
   (g) Political Parties.

3. U.S.S.R:
   (a) Ideological basis of the Soviet system.
   (b) Constitutional development: Main features of the present Constitution.
   (c) Governmental structure: Supreme Soviet: Council of Ministers: Presidium
       Law and the Courts.
   (d) The Communist Party.

PART II

Islamic Republic of Pakistan:
   (a) Ideological basis of Pakistan.
   (b) Constitutional development since 1947.
   (c) A detailed study of the Government system under 1973 constitution.

Books Recommended:
I.H. Qureshi: Struggle for Pakistan.
McCready and Ward: Modern Political Systems.
S.M. Ikram: Muslim India and the Birth of Pakistan.
Ogg and Sink: Modern Foreign Governments.
Syed Hasan Riaz: يا کہا کہا نا کاریم تھا
Muhammad Sarwar: جبریل میں کردار

It is hereby notified that USSR Constitution in B.A. Political Science (Paper 'B')
Syllabi and Courses of Reading has been replaced by Switzerland Constitution with effect
from Annual Examination of 1994 onwards.

The syllabus of Switzerland is reproduced below:

Switzerland
   (a) History of the development of the Constitution.
   (b) Major features of the Constitution.
   (c) The Federal Executive.
   (d) The Federal Legislature.
   (e) The Cantons in the Swiss Political System.
   (f) Direct Democracy.

Books Recommended:
1. A. C. Kapur, Select Modern Constitution.
2. A. Appadurai, The substance of Politics (Section on Switzerland), Oxford
   University Press.
It is hereby notified that USSR Constitution in B.A. Political Science (Paper ‘B’) Syllabi and Courses of Reading has been replaced by Switzerland Constitution with effect from Annual Examination of 2001-2002 onwards.

The syllabus of Switzerland is reproduced below —:

Switzerland.

(a) History of the development of the Constitution.
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