

**UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB**

**NOTIFICATION**

It is hereby notified that the Syndicate at its meeting held on 30-07-2011 has approved the recommendations of the Academic Council, dated 17-06-2010 regarding conversion of Semester System into Annual System and also approved the Syllabi & Courses of Reading for M.A International Relations under Annual System w.e.f. the Academic Session 2009, at the Department of Political Science, University of the Punjab, Lahore.

The Syllabi & Courses of Reading for M.A International Relations is attached herewith vide Annexure- 'A'.

**ADMIN. BLOCK,  
QUAID-I-AZAM CAMPUS,  
LAHORE.**

**Sd/-  
PROF. DR. MUHAMMAD AKHTAR  
REGISTRAR**

No. SS03 /Acad.

Dated: 25-10- /2011.

Copy of the above is forwarded to the following for information and further necessary action: -

1. Dean,  
Faculty of Behavioral & Social Sciences,  
University of the Punjab,  
Lahore.
2. Chairperson,  
Department of Political Science,  
University of the Punjab,  
Lahore.
3. Members of the Board of Studies.
4. Controller of Examinations.
5. Deputy Controller (Examinations).
6. Deputy Controller (Conduct).
7. Deputy Controller (Secrecy)
8. Secretary to the Vice-Chancellor.
9. Secretary to the Registrar.
10. Assistant (Syllabus).

*Javed Ahmad*  
**Assistant Registrar (Academic)  
for Registrar**

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Annexure - 'A'

**M.A. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS  
(ANNUAL SYSTEM)**

**OUTLINES OF TESTS  
&  
COURSES OF READING**

**DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE  
UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB, LAHORE**

## M.A. PROGRAM IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

The following syllabi and courses of reading for M.A. Part I and Part II (New Scheme) Examination in International Relations 2010-Onward is hereby notified

### APPENDIX 'A' (Outlines of Tests)

#### M.A. (INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS) PART-I EXAMINATION OF 2010

For M.A. Degree in International Relations a candidate will be required to pass ten papers.

Students study five papers in their first year and five in the second year. Of the ten papers, seven are compulsory. They are:

#### TEST OUTLINES

<u>Part-I</u>	<u>Marks</u>
Paper – I Introduction and Issues of International Relations	100
Paper – II International Relations since 1945	100
Paper – III Theories of International Relations	100
Paper – IV Foreign Policy Analysis	100
Paper – V International Law	100
Total	500

Note: The other rules and regulations will be as per university calendar.

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APPENDIX 'B'

(Syllabi and Courses of Reading)

**DETAILED SYLLABI COURSES OF READING FOR M.A. (INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS)  
PART- I & II EXAMINATIONS**

**M.A. Annual Examination in International Relations Part - I**

**Paper – I: Introduction and Issues of International Relations**

The purpose of this course is to analyze the basic factors, concepts in the field of international relations. The contents of the course are:

**Section – A: Introduction to Basic factors and concepts**

- 1. Introduction to International Relations**
  - Meaning, definition and significance
  - Scope
  - Development of International Relations
- 2. Modern Sovereign state-system**
  - Meaning
  - Evolution, Origin and development
  - Characteristics and features
  - Crisis or decay?
- 3. The phenomenon of power**
  - Nature and Kinds of Power
  - National Power
    - Definition and nature
    - Elements of national power
  - Balance of Power
    - Meaning
    - Characteristics
    - Types of balance
    - Devices and methods
    - Critical Evaluation
  - Power Politics
    - Nature and assumptions
    - Patterns of Power Politics
- 4. National interest**
  - Meaning
  - Types of National Interest
  - Instruments and methods for promotion of national interest
- 5. Nationalism**
  - Meaning and origin
  - Positive & negative effects of nationalism
  - Prospects for nationalism

**Section – B: Global Issues in International Relations**

**6. Population**

- o Issues and concerns
- o Features
- o Reasons for increase in Population

**7. Human Rights**

- o Historical perspective
- o Kinds of rights
- o Reasons, why Human Rights have become a matter of international interest and concern
- o Enforcing Human Rights

**8. Environment**

- o Nature and issue
- o Various international concerns/issues of environment i.e., Global warming, Ozone depletion, Acid rain, Desertification & Deforestation
- o Efforts towards protection of environment

**9. Proliferation of Weapons**

- o Nature of problem
- o Arms control & disarmament
- o Reason for arms control
- o Obstacles to arms control
- o Major steps/efforts towards arms control & disarmament

**Recommended Books:**

1. Andreas, Wenger. (2004) *International Relations*, New Delhi : Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.
2. Bull, H.N. (1984), *The Expansion of International Relations*. London: Oxford University Press.
3. Columbus, Theodore. (1878). *Introductions to International Relations*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
4. Cox, Richard H. (Ed.) . (1978). *The State in International Relations*. New York: Prentice Hall.
5. Cynthia, Weber. (2001). *International Relations Theory*. London: Rout ledge.
6. Deutsch, K.W. (1978). *The Analysis of International Relations*. Eaglewood Cliff: N. J. Prentice Hall.
7. Hartman, Frederick H. (1983). *The Relations of Nations. 6<sup>th</sup> edition*. New York: Macmillan Press.
8. Hoffman, Stanley H. (1960). *Contemporary Theory in International Reliations*. Eaglewood Cliff: N. T. Prentice Hall.
9. Host, K.J. (1983). *International Politics: A Framework for Analysis*. Eaglewood Cliff: N.J. Prentice Hall.
10. Hurst, James A. (1990). *Theories of International Relations*. Washington D.C.: National Defense University.
- 11, Keyhole, Robert O. (1989). *International Institution & State Power: Essays in International Relations Theory*. London: West view Press.
12. Miller, Lynn H. (1990). *Global Order: Values & Power in International Relations*. London: West view Press.
13. Morgenthau, Hans J. (1978). *Politics Among Nations*. New York: Knept.
14. Palmer, Norman D. (1969). *International Relations*, New York: Hugoton Muffins.
15. Perkins, Howards C. & Papp, Denil S. (1988). *Contemporary International Relation*. New York: Macmillan.
16. Pearson, Frederics. & Rochester, J. Marter. *International Relations: The Global Conditions in the Late 20<sup>th</sup> Century*. New York. Random House.
17. Perkins, Howards C., Papp, Denil S. (1988). *Contemporary International Relations 2<sup>nd</sup> ed*. New York: MacMillan,.
18. Pearson, Frederic S., & Rochester, J. Martu. (1988), *International Relations: The Global Conditions in the Late 20<sup>th</sup> Century*. New York: Random House;

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**Journals and Periodicals:**

- Current History (USA)
- International Affairs (UK)
- Foreign Affairs (USA)
- World Politics (USA)
- Millennium (UK)

**Paper - II: International Relations since 1945**

- 1. East – West Relations**
  - a. World War – II and its causes and impacts on world politics
  - b. Emergence of Super Powers, Bipolarity, East-West Confrontation, Cold War.
  - c. Détente – Policy of Peaceful Co-existence
- 2. The Third World**
  - a. Decolonization
  - b. Non-aligned Movement in the New World Order
  - c. Muslim World and the OIC
  - d. North – South Dialogue
- 3. Post-Cold War Era/New World Order**
  - a. The Disintegration of the Soviet Union
  - b. East Europe after the Cold War
  - c. Russia in the Post-Soviet Setting
  - d. United Nation in the Uni-polar World
  - e. Emerging Regionalism, Regional Organizations: EU, ECO, ASAIN, NAFTA & SAARC.
- 4. New World Order and the Selected Regional & International Issues**
  - a. The Gulf War
  - b. The Bosnian Tragedy
  - c. The Kashmir Dispute
  - d. The Palestine Issue
  - e. The Afghan Crisis
  - f. The New Role and Expansion of NATO
- 5. New Poles of International Power and Influence**
  - a. Emergence of China, Japan and Germany as Economic Powers
  - b. Emergence of United Europe
  - c. Rise of the Asia-Pacific region
  - d. New developments in South Asia after 9/11

**Core Books:**

1. Kegley, C.W. Jr. (1993). *World Politics: Trends and Transformation*. (4<sup>th</sup> ed.) & Wittkopf, Eugene R. New York: St. Martin's Press.
2. Leaver, R. James L. (Eds.). (1993). *Charting the Post Cold Order*. Boulder: Westview,
3. Spiegel, Steven, L. (1999). *World Politics in New Era*. Harcourt: Brace College & Wehling, Fred L., Publishers.

**Further suggested Readings:**

1. Ahmad, Ishtiaq. (1998). *New Nuclear Order From Chagai & Pokhran*. Islamabad: Institute of Regional Studies.

2. Ahmer, Moonis. (Ed.) (2001). *The Arab – Israeli Peace Process: Lesson for India and Pakistan*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
3. Anderson, John. (1997). *The International Politics of Central Asia*. Manchester, Manchester University Press.
4. Bacher, Peter.R. (1994). *The United Nations in the 1990s*. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). London: Gordon and Breach.
5. Bagby, Wesley M. (1983). *Contemporary International Problems*. Chicago: Nelson – Hall.
6. Bidwal, (1999). *India & South Asia on a Short Fuse: Nuclear Politics and the Future*. Vani, Achin of Global Disarmament, Oxford: Oxford University Press,

**Paper - III: Theories of International Relations**

The first and foremost purpose of this course is to introduce the students the basic issue of major theoretical debates occurred among the scholars & experts of the international relations.

The objective of this introductory course is to enable the students to critically understand the arguments developed by different theorists to explain the nature and causes of important events oblique developments in the International Politics.

This course is also developed to enable the students to develop the capacity to critically examine the efficacy of theories of International Relations in explaining the factual developments of International Politics.

The course also aims at the developing students capacities to suggest the solutions of the problems of the present day international system, by improving upon the prevalent theories of International Relations.

The first section of this course would deal with the comparative study of prominent methodological approaches/paradigms to develop by philosophers of Science and Social Scientists to better understand the social reality related to the functioning of international political systems. The rest of the sections of this course would deal with the prominent theories and their arguments regarding of the basic issues, development and the problems of international politics.

- Basic concepts and terminologies used in the course: Theory and theory building International relations as a discipline theory approach and paradigm facts and concepts.
- Comparison between different methodological approached oblique paradigms of international relations.
- Major methodological approaches used in international relations.
- Positivism and Interpretism.
- Traditionalism and Behaviouralism.
- Post Modernism.
- The nature and evolution of international political system.

**Major Theories of International Relations.**

- The levels and the images of international relations.
- Liberalism and its evolution.
- Utopian Liberalism/Idealism
- Neo Liberalism and its different versions: Interdependence: Transnationalism: Regimes
- Liberalism and its evolution.
- Classical/Historical Realism
- Neo Realism/Structural Realism,

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### Varieties of contemporary Realism

1. Neo Classical
  2. Rise and fall Realism
  3. Defensive Structural Realism
  4. Offensive Structural Realism
- Realism and its critics: an overview The English School/International Society approach
  - Order and Justice--- State craft and responsibility.

### Radical Theories

- The nature and evolution of radical theory
- The world capitalist system theory
- Dependency theory.
- Constructivism

### Critical theory and feminism and introduction

#### Recommended Books:

1. Beitz, C. (1979). *Political Theory and International Relations*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
2. Charles W. Kegley Jr. and Eugene R. Wittkopf.(2004) *World Politics: Trends and Transformation*. (Ninth Ed.) Thomson Eadsworth. USA.
3. Chilcole, Ronal H. (1981). *Theories of Comparative Politics.: The Research Paradigm*, Boulder; West View.
4. Dougherty, Jones. (1981). *Contending Theories of International Relations*. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). New York: Harper & Row.
5. John Baylis & Smith, Steven. (2001). *The Globalization of World Politics*. Oxford: Oxford University Press
6. Karen Mingst. (2001). *Essentials of International Relations*. London: Northland U.K.
7. Knorr, K. & Rosenau, J.N. (1969). (Eds.). *Contending approaches to International Politics*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
8. Leiber, Robert, J. (1972). *Theory and World Politics*. Cambridge Winthrop.
9. Martin Griffiths. (2007). *International Relations Theory for the Twenty First Century (An Introduction)*. California: Routledge, USA.
10. Paul R. Vioti & Mark V. Kouppi. (1997). *International Relations Theory*. New York: Prentice Hall, USA.
11. Raymond, Aaron, (1981). *Peace and War: A Theory of International Relations*. Melbourne Florida: Krieger, Publishing Co
12. Robert Jackson, George.(1999). *Introduction to International Relations*. New York: Oxford University Press. USA.

### Paper – IV: Foreign Policy Analysis

This course is designed to equip the students with skills helpful to analyze the making of foreign policy

following are the contents of course:

- 1) Definition, concept of Foreign Policy
- 2) Importance of Foreign Policy in International Relations



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- 3) Principles, aims and objectives of Foreign Policy
  - 4) Determinants of Foreign Policy
  - 5) Foreign Policy making (Transitional Factors)
    - Foreign Policy making in USA
    - Foreign Policy making in India
    - Foreign Policy making in Pakistan
  - 6) New Trends in Foreign Policy making
  - 7) The impact of Idealism and Realism on foreign policy
  - 8) The Role of Leadership in Foreign Policy Decision Making
  - 9) Rational Choice Theory, Policy Making and impediments in Rational Choice
  - 10) Bureaucratic, Rational and Psychological Models
  - 11) Role of Media and Public Opinion

**Core Books:**

- Frankel, Joseph.(1977). *The Making of Foreign Policy*. London: Oxford Univ. Press,
- Rosenau, James.(Ed.).(1980). *International Politics and Foreign Policy*. London: Francis Printer,
- Rosenau, James. N.(1970). *The Scientific Study of Foreign Policy*, London: Francis Printer,

**Recommended Books**

1. Alagappa, Muthiah.(1998). *Asian Security Practice: Material and Ideational influence*. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
2. Baldwin, David A. (Ed.). (1993). *Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate*. New York: Columbia University Press.
3. Barnett, D.A. (1985). *The Making of Foreign Policy in China: Structure and Process*. West View.
4. Beckman, Peter.(1984). *World Politics in the Twentieth Century*. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall.
5. Bidwi, Praful.(1999). *New Nukes: India, Pakistan & Global Nuclear Disarmament*. London : Sage Publisher.
6. Bohlen, Charles E.(1973). *Witness to History*. New York: Norton.
7. Brilmayer, Lea.(1994). *American Hegemony: Political Morality in a One Super Power*. New Haven, CT: Yale University Press.
8. Burke, S. M.(1986). *Pakistan's Foreign Policy: An Historical Analysis*. London: Oxford University Press.
9. Chari, P.R.(2000). *Indo-Pakistan Nuclear Standoff: The Role of the United States*. New Delhi: Monahar Publishers.
10. Charles W. Kegley, Jr. (2007) *World Politics: Trend and Transformation*. (11<sup>th</sup> Ed.). America: Printed in United States.
11. Cingranelli, David Louis.(1993). *Ethics, American Foreign Policy and the Third World*. New York: St. Martin's.
12. Clausewitz, Carl von. (1780-1831). *On WAR. (Vom Kriege)*.
13. Clinton, W. David.(1994). *The Two Faces of National Interest*. Baton Rouge: Louisiana State University Press.
14. Cohen, Stephen Philip.(1998). *India: Emerging Power*. New York: Oxford University Press.
15. Faus, John R.(1995). *China in the World Politics*. Boulder, CO: Lynne Rienner.
16. Griffiths, Martin.(1995). *Realism, Idealism and International Politics*. New York: Routledge.
17. Holsti, K. J.(1986). *International Politics: A Framework for Analysis*. New Jersey: Prentice-Hall.
18. Kamath, P.M. & Mathur, Krishan D. *Conduct to India's Foreign Policy*. New Delhi: Longfellow.
19. Kegley, C.W. Jr. Macridis, Roy, C. (1983). *Foreign Policy and the Modern World System*. Beverly Hills : Sage Publications.

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20. Keith, Callard.(1957). *Pakistan's Foreign Policy: An Interpretation*. New York: Institute of Pacific Relations.
  21. Kennedy, Paul.(1988). *The Rise and Fall of the Great Powers*. New York: Random House.
  22. Kim, Sannel S. (1984). *China and the World*. London: West View Press.
  23. Kissinger, H.A. (1982). *American Foreign Policy: A Global View*, Brook Field, V.T. Gower, Pub. Co. for Institute of South East Asian Studies.
  24. Kissinger, Henry. (1994). *Diplomacy*. New York: Simon & Schuster.
  25. Kreisberg, Paul H. & Harison, Selig S. (1998). *India & Pakistan: The First Fifty years*, New York : Oxford University Press.
  26. Liska, George.(1990). *The Ways of Power: Patterns and Meaning in World Politics*. Cambridge: MA: Basil Blackwell.
  27. Machiavelli, Nicolo. (1505). *The Prince*.
  28. McGowan, Patick J. (1973). *The comparative study of Foreign Policy*. Vol IV. London: Sage Publications.
  29. Morgenthau, Hans. J.(1980). *Politics Among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace*. New York: Alfred A. Knof.
  30. Nicolson, Harold.(1989). *Diplomacy* (3<sup>rd</sup> .), New York: Oxford University Press.
  31. Nixon, Richard.(1962). *Six Crises*. New York: Simon & Schuster.
  32. Northedge, F. S.(1974). *The Foreign Policies of the Powers*. London: Faber and Faber.
  33. Reagan, Ronald W.(1990). *An American Life*. New York: Simon & Schuster.
  34. Rosenau, James.(1986). *Foreign Policy Analysis*. London: Macmillan.
  35. Rourke, John T.(1990). *Making Foreign Policy: United States, Soviet Union and China*. Pacific grove, CA: Brooks/Cole.
  36. Rourke, John T.(1997). *International Politics on the World Stage*. (6<sup>th</sup> ed.). Dushkin: McGraw-Hill.
  37. Tzu, Sun. *The Art of War* (2400 Years Ago).
  38. Waltz, Kenneth N.(1959). *Man, the State and War*. New York: Columbia University Press.

#### Journals and Periodical

- Foreign Affairs (USA)
- Foreign Policy (USA)
- National Interest (USA)
- World Politics
- Millennium (UK)

#### Paper – V: International Law

The purpose of this course is to initiate the students into understanding of International Law. Students should be equipped with the ability to apply principles and rules of International Law to various instances of International Politics. The course Contents are:

- **Introduction to International Law:**
  - Nature
  - Scope and Functions of International Law
  - Sources of International Law,
- **Relationship between**
  - International Law
  - Municipal Law
- **International Personality:**
  - Recognition of States and Governments,
- **State as a subject of International Law**
  - Nature of state at International Law
  - Different kinds of states and non state entities

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- **The Law and the Individual:**
  - Nationality
  - Protection of Aliens
  - Extradition
- **Responsibilities and Immunities of States:**
  - Sovereign Immunities
  - Privileges and Immunities of Diplomatic and Consular Staff
- **Law of Treaties.**
- **Law of Sea:**
  - Territorial Sea,
  - Contiguous zone,
  - Exclusive Economic Zone,
  - Continental shelf,
  - High Seas,
  - Deep sea bed area.
- **Law of Armed Conflict:**
  - Legal Constraints of the use of force
  - International humanitarian law and neutrality.
- **Pacific Settlement of Disputes.**

**Core Books:**

- 1) Oppenheim, L.(1955).*International Law: A Treaties*. Vol-I &II, (8<sup>th</sup> ed.) London: Longman.
- 2) Shaw, Malcom. N.(1997).*International Law*. (4<sup>th</sup> ed.) London: Cambridge University Press.
- 3) Starke, J.G.(1958). *An Introduction to International Law*. (4<sup>th</sup> ed.) London: Butterworth & Company Publisher Ltd.

**Readings:**

1. Akehurest, Michael.(1978). *A Modern Introduction to International Law*. London: Allen & Unwin.
2. Antonio Cases.(2002). *International Law*. New York: Oxford University Press.
3. *Basic Documents in International Law* (1972).Oxford, Oxford University Press.
4. Briefly, J.L. (1963). *The Law of National: An Introduction to the International Law of Peace*. New York: Oxford University Press.
5. Brownlie, Lan.(1990). *Principles of Public International Law*. Oxford: Clarendon Press.
6. Charlotte, K.U. and Paul, F. Diehl. (2004). *International Law, Classic and contemporary readings edit*. Delhi: Lynne Rienner Publishers.
7. Collins, Edwards. (1970). *International Law in a Changing World: Cases Documents Readings*. New York: Random House.
8. Ian, Brownlie. CBE. QC. FBA.(2004). *Principles of Public International Law*. New York: Oxford University Press.
9. Shirlay, V. Scott. (2005). *International Law in World Politics: An Introduction*. Delhi: Lynne Reinner Publisher.

## University of the Punjab

The following syllabi and courses of reading for M.A. (Final) Examination in International Relations of 2004-Todate is hereby notified.

### M.A. (FINAL) EXAMINATION IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

#### Compulsory Papers

Paper – VI	International Political Economy	100
Paper – VII	Research Methodology	100

#### Any three (3) of the following optional papers:

Paper – VIII	Defense and Strategic Studies
Paper – IX	Conflict Management and Resolution
Paper – X	International and Regional Organizations
Paper – XI	Theory & Practice of Diplomacy
Paper – XII	Foreign Policy of Pakistan
Paper – XIII	Foreign Policy of Neighboring Countries, (China, India, Afghanistan & Iran)
Paper – XIV	Strategic Dynamics of Central Asia
Paper – XV	Terrorism and Counter Terrorism
Paper – XVI	Nuclear Proliferation
Paper – XVII	Public Policy
Paper – XVIII	Globalization, governance and Development
Paper – XIX	Contemporary Issues of Middle East
Paper – XX	Concept & Theories of Security Issues
Paper – XXI	Foreign Policy of Major Powers
Paper – XXII	Muslim World

**Note:** Each paper is of 100 marks.

With the prior permission of the Chairperson of the Department and in lieu of two (2) optional papers a candidate may be allowed to write a thesis provided the candidate has obtained not less than 50% marks in the M.A. (Part-I) examination. The thesis will be evaluated jointly by an internal and external examiner.

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**Paper - VI: International Political Economy**

This course intends to acquaint the students with an analysis of the importance of Economics in International Relations. The course includes:

1. Political Economy – Introduction
2. Relationship between Political Economy and International Politics
3. Ideologies in Political Economy
  - a. Realism / Liberal Perspective
  - b. Marxist/Structuralism perspective
  - c. Nationalist perspective
4. Theories of political economy
  - a. Theory of Dual Political Economy
  - b. Theory of Structural change
  - c. Theory of Hegemonic sustainability
5. International Political Economy and Globalization
  - a. IPE, Globalization and the west
  - b. IPE, Globalization and the rest (Developing world)
6. Globalization and regionalism
  - a. European Union
  - b. Asean
  - c. SAARC
  - d. OIC
7. Multinational Corporations (MNCs) and International Trade
  - a. International Financial Institutions (IFIs) and World Trade Organizations and GATT
  - b. MNCs and Environmental concerns
  - c. International trade and the developing world
8. Globalizations and its impact on Pakistan
  - a. Impact on politics
  - b. Impact on Economy
  - c. Impact of Social system
  - d. Impact on Environment
  - e. Understanding the phenomenon of Globalization, Its emergence & evolution

**Suggested Readings**

1. Ahmad, Rana Eijaz. (2004). *Globalization and its impact on Pakistan*, Lahore: Areas Publications.
2. Alison M.S. Watson. (2007). *An introduction to International Political Economy*. London: Continuum Press.
3. Ellsworth, P.T. (1958). *The International Economy*. London: McMillan UK.
4. Glenn, John. (2007). *Globalization, North South Perspectives*. California; Routledge, USA.
5. Hamid, Naveed. (1972). *Foreign Aid: A trap*. Lahore; Progressive Books. Pakistan.
6. Jeffery A. Frieden. (2000). *International Political Economy, Perspective on Global Power and Wealth*. United Kingdom & New York; Routledge,.
7. John, Ravenhill (Ed.). (2005). *Global Political Economy*. New York: Oxford University, USA.
8. Manson, Edward. S. (1964). *Foreign Aid and Foreign Policy*. New York; Harper Row, USA.
9. Montgomery, John, D. (1967). *Foreign Aid in International Politics*. New York; Prentice Hall, USA.
10. Oatley Thomos. (2004). *International Political Economy*. Pearson Education Inc. (Singapore). Pte. Ltd. Indian Branch.
11. Salvatore, Dominick. (1995). *International Economics*. New York: Prentice Hall USA.

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## Paper – VII: Research Methodology

### Theory

- Elements of Scientific Thinking
- Concepts
- Hypothesis
- Variables and Indicators
- Transformation of Theoretical Question into Research Design
- Source of Knowledge: Typologies of Sources and their reliability.

### Methodology, Theoretical perspective of Research, definition, objectives

- Preparation of Research Proposal
- Preparation, Processing and Presentation of Data
- Use of Library and Bibliographic Search
- Methods of Research: Sampling Techniques, Contents Analysis and Survey, Questionnaire, Interview and Participant Observation
- Research Paper writing: Incorporation of Facts, Statements and Quotations in a Research Paper
- Citation Techniques and Bibliographic Entries
- Positivism
- Post-Positivism
- Marxism

### Core Books:

1. Adams, John.(2007).*Research Methods for Graduate Business and Social Sciences Studies*. London: Sage publications.
2. David, E. McNabb.(2007).*Research Methods for Political Science*. India: Prentice Hall.
3. Goode. & Hatt. (1970).*Methods in Social Research*. London: McGraw Hill.
4. Lester, James.D.(1986).*Writing Research Papers*. London: Scott, Foreman & Co.
5. Turabian,Kate.L.(1973).*A Manual for Writers of Term papers, Thesis and Dissertations* (4<sup>th</sup> Ed.) Chicago: University of Chicago.

### ✓ Optional papers:

#### Paper – VIII: Defense and Strategic Studies

This course focuses on different dimensions of strategy in International Relations. The contents of the course are:

- Introduction, Definition, nature and scope of Strategy and Strategic Studies.
- The evolution of strategic studies as an academic discipline
- Development of modern technology & its impact on strategy
- Role of defense in international system
- The phenomenon of war: The changing nature of warfare.
- Study of Strategists
  - Mahan
  - Douhet
  - Sun Tzu
  - Machiavelli
  - Kautiliya
  - Clausewitz
- Nature & dynamics of Nuclear Strategy
- Deterrence
- Nuclear Non Proliferation
- Disarmament, & Arms Control

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#### Recommended Books:

1. Baylis, John. (1976). *Strategy in the Contemporary World*. California: Oxford University Press.
2. Baylis, John. & Booth, Ken. (1976). *Contemporary Strategy*. London: Groom Helm, Ltd.
3. Beafre, Andre. (1972). *An Introduction to Strategy*. Rawalpindi: Ferozesons, Ltd.
4. Buzan, Berry. *An Introduction to strategic Studies*.
5. Clausewitz. Carl Von. *On War*
6. Freedman, Lawrence. *The Evolution of Nuclear Strategy*.
7. Gray, Colin S. (1990). *War Peace & Victory: Strategy & Statecraft for the Next Country*. New York: Soloman Schuster.
8. Hart, Liddell. (1967). *Strategy: The Indirect Approach*. London: Faber Ltd.
9. Jc, S. (1967). *Military Strategy: A General Theory of Power Control*. New Buenwich: N.J. Rutgers University Press.
10. Kenneth, Adelman. (1990). *The Defence Revolution: Strategy for the Brave New World*. San Francisco: Institute for Contemporary Studies.
11. Kissinger, Henry. (1983). *A Nuclear Weapons & Foreign Policy*. New York: Doubleday Anchor Books.
12. Rubble, Greville. (1985). *The Politics of Nuclear Defence: A Comprehensive Introduction*. London: Policy Press Cambridge.
13. Snow, Donald M. (1981). *Nuclear Strategy in a Dynamic World: American Policy in the 1980's*. New York: The University of Alhama Press.

#### Journals and Periodicals

- Asian Defence Journal
- Bangladesh Institute of International Strategic Studies Journal
- Conflict
- International Defence Studies
- International Security
- International Strategic Studies
- Strategic Review
- Strategic Studies
- Survival

#### Paper – IX: CONFLICT AND CONFLICT MANAGEMENT

1. **Conflict Resolution as a Field of Study**
  - a. Concept,
  - b. Tension, Crisis
  - c. Low intensity, high intensity,
  - d. International, non-international
2. **Conflict Environment**
  - a. The Psychological Dimension – subjective and objective aspect of conflict
  - b. Symmetric and Asymmetric conflict
  - c. Public opinion
  - d. Communication and perception building.
  - e. Power phenomenon
3. **Techniques of Conflict Resolution: Amicable means of resolution and forcible or coercive means**
  - a) Amicable means
    - i. Negotiation: New Trends in Negotiation Theory
    - ii. Good Offices
    - iii. Role of Communications
    - iv. Mediation in International Relations
    - v. Commission of Enquiry
    - vi. Conciliation
    - vii. Arbitration

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- b) Coercive means of conflict resolution
    - i. Retorsion
    - ii. Reprisal
    - iii. Pacific Blockade
    - iv. Intervention
  4. **Conflict Prevention and Resolution:**
    - a. From Prevention to Resolution
    - b. Highlight conflict a major step toward conflict resolution
  5. **Future prospect of Conflict Resolution**
    - a. Conflict Resolution as a Means of Change
    - b. Case Studies
      - i. Gulf War
      - ii. East Timor
      - iii. East Pakistan crisis
      - iv. Kashmir Issue

**Core Books:**

1. Brown, Schraub. (Ed.). (1992). *Resolving Third World Conflicts*. Washington D.C.: U.S. Institute of Peace Press.
2. Burtan, John. (1990). *Conflict Resolution and Provention*. New York: St. Martins Press.
3. Cohen, Raymond. (1991). *Negotiating Across Cultures*. Washington D.C.: U.S. Institute of Peace Press.
4. Iram Khalid. (2006). *Conflict Within State. A Case Study of South Asia and South East Asian Insurgencies*. (Ed.). Lahore: Maktaba Tamir-i-Insaniat.
5. Joshua S. Golstein. (2003). *International Relations*. (5<sup>th</sup> ed.). Singapore: Pearson Education, Inc.
6. Michal Christopher. (1998). *Hand Book of Conflict Resolution*. London: Carsenn, Imprint.
7. Monis Ahmar, (2008). *Conflict Management Mechanism and Challenge of Peace*. . Karachi: Bureau of Composition, Compilation and Translation, Press.
8. Moonis Ahmar, (2005). *Different Perceptions of Conflict Resolution: Need for An Alternate Approach* (Ed). Karachi: Bureau of Composition, Compilation and Translation, Press.
9. Thomson Wadsworth. (2007). *World Politics Trends and Transformation* (11<sup>th</sup> ed.).

**Paper – X: International and Regional Organizations**

The course is designed to focus on the working of international and regional organizations. The purpose is to find out the extent to which these organizations assist in setting up a peaceful international order. The contents are:

- International Organizations and concept of world government.
- Definition, nature, evolution, and objectives of international organizations
- Genesis of the League of Nations, structure and functions of the League of Nations and its role. Successes and Failures.
- The Genesis of the United Nations: Preliminary Planning and emergence of the UNO, Objectives of the UNO, Basic principles of the charter, Major organs of the UN.
- Peaceful settlement of disputes.
- General appraisal and assessment of UN.
- Peace keeping role of the UN.
- The concept of regionalism and functionalism, Regionalism under the UN charter, OAU, NATO, Arab League, OIC, EU, NAM, SAARC, NAFTA, ECO and APEC. General Assessment of regionalism and Internationalism.
- The future of International and Regional Organizations.
- Collective Security, theory and practice
- Major issues in UNO (veto, membership, financial issues)



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Recommended Books:

1. Archer, Clive. (1983). *International Organizations*. London: Unwin Hyman.
2. Bannett, Ale Roy. (1977). *International Organizations, Principles & Issues*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall Inc.
3. Chase, Eugene. P. (1950). *The United Nations in Action*. New York: McGraw Hill Book Company.
4. Clark, A Asa. & Kaufman, Daniel J. (1989). *NATO at Forty: Change, Continuity & Prospects*. London: Westview Press.
5. Fawcett, Louise & Hurrell, Andrew. (1955). *Regionalism in World Politics: Regional Organizations & International Order*. New York: Oxford University Press.
6. Good Speed. (1967). *The Nature and Function of International Organizations*. New York: Oxford University Press.
7. Gunewardena, Victor. (Ed.). (1996). *The UN at 50*. Frederic-Naumann-Stiftung.
8. Ryan, Stephen. (2000). *The United Nations & International Politics*. New York: St. Martin Press.
9. Weiss, G. Thomas. & Frsythe P David. (1994). *The United Nations and Changing World Politics*. Oxford: Westview Press.

**Paper - XI: THEORY AND PRACTICE OF DIPLOMACY**

Topic 1

- I. Definitions / Evolution
- II. Kinds
- III. Methodology of diplomacy
- IV. Role of Diplomats
  
2. The art of negotiation
  - I. Purpose of negotiation
  - II. Stages of negotiation
  
3. Pre-negotiations
  - I. Agreeing the need to negotiate
  - II. Agreeing the agenda
  - III. Agreeing procedure
  
4. Around-the-Table, Negotiations
  - I. The formula stage
  - II. The details stage
  
5. Diplomatic Momentum
  - I. Deadlines
  - II. Metaphors of movement
  - III. Publicity
  - IV. Rising the level of the talks
  
6. Packaging Agreements
  - I. International legal obligations at premium
  - II. Signaling importance at a premium
  - III. Convenience at a premium
  - IV. Saving face at a premium

Introduction to part-II

7. Telecommunications
  - I. Crisis diplomacy
  - II. Routine diplomacy
  - III. The limitations of telecommunications
8. Summitry
  - I. The origins of summitry
  - II. Professional anathemas
  - III. Case for the defence
9. Mediation
  - I. The nature of mediation
  - II. Different mediators and different motives
  - III. The ideal mediator
  - IV. The ripe moment and whether there is such a thing as a premature mediation
  - V. The drawbacks of mediation and the lure of direct talks
10. Public Diplomacy
11. Coercive Diplomacy

Part-III ISLAMIC DIPLOMACY

Establishment of the Islamic State

- I. Establishment of the Islamic State
- II. Diplomatic and Military Encounters
- III. Peaceful Settlements of Disputes

The Orthodox Caliphate

- I. The Four Orthodox Caliphs
- II. Muslims Envoys
- III. Peaceful Settlements of Disputes

Characteristics of Islamic Diplomacy

- I. Concept of Islamic Diplomacy
- II. Application of Diplomacy and Diplomatic Institutions
- III. Auxiliary Means of Diplomacy
- IV. Manifestation of Diplomatic Conduct

Recommended Books

1. Berridge, G.R. (1994). *Talking to the Enemy: How States without Diplomatic Relations*. (Macmillan)
2. Berridge, G.R. (2002). *Palgrave*. Publishers.
3. Istanbuli, Yasin. (2001). *Diplomacy and Diplomatic Practice in the Early Islamic Era*. Oxford. University Press
4. Zartnan, I.W. and Berman, M. (1982). *The Practical Negotiator*. London:(Yale University Press).

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## Readings

1. Abba, Eban. (1998). *Diplomacy for the Next Century*. London: Yale University Press.
2. Hissman, Roger. (1971). *The Politics of policy making in Defense and Foreign Affairs*. New York: Harper & Row.
3. Kaplan, Stephen. (1981). *Diplomacy and Power*. Washington D.C. Brookings.
4. Kennan, George, F. (1966). *Realities of American Foreign Policy*. New York: W.W. Norton.
5. Kissinger, Henry. (1994). *The Study of Diplomacy*. New York: Simon and Schuster.
6. Lauren, Paul. (Ed.). (1979). *Diplomacy: New Approaches in History*. Theory and Practice. New York: Free Press.
7. Moreton, E. (1984). *Soviet Strategy Towards Western Europe*. London: Allen & Unwin, Segal G.
8. Nicolson, Harold. (1988). *Diplomacy*. Washington D.C.: Institute for the Study of Diplomacy.

## Paper – XII: Foreign Policy of Pakistan

This course deals with the dynamics of Pakistan's foreign Policy and its role in world affairs. The course includes:

- Determinants of Pakistan's Foreign Policy.
- Aims and objectives of Pakistan's Foreign Policy
- Principles of Pakistan's Foreign Policy
- The internal dynamics of Pakistan's Foreign Policy
- Pakistan's threat perceptions.
- The different phases of Pakistan's Foreign Policy
- Pakistan's relations with Regional Countries: South Asian countries, Afghanistan, China and Iran.
- Pakistan's relations with Major Powers: USA, Russia (Russian Federation) Europe.
- Pakistan's role in Afro-Asian world
- Pakistan and the Islamic world/Middle East.
- Pakistan's relations with Central Asian Republics
- Pakistan in United Nations
- Pakistan and Contemporary World Issues

## Recommended Books

1. Ahmed, Mushtaq.(1968). *Pakistan's Foreign Policy*. Space Publishers, Karachi.
2. Ali, Chaudhri M. (1993). *The Emergence of Pakistan*, London & New York: Columbia University Press.
3. Arif, K. (1984). *Pakistan Foreign Policy: Indian Perspective*. Lahore: Vanguard.
4. Barnds, W.J.(1977). *India, Pakistan and Great Powers*. London: Pall Mall Press.
5. Bhutto, Z.A.(1969). *The Myth of Independence*. Karachi: Oxford University Press.
6. Burke, S.M.(1980). *Pakistan's Foreign Policy, an Historical Analysis*. Karachi: Oxford University Press.
7. Callard, Keith.(1959). *Pakistan's Foreign Policy: An Interpretation*, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. New York.
8. Ch., Muhammad A. (1970). *Pakistan and Great Powers*. Karachi: Council for Studies.
9. Chaudhri, G.W.(1993). *The Last days of United Pakistan*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
10. Gohar, Altaf. Khan Ayub. (1993). *Pakistan's first Military Rules*. Lahore: Sang-e-Meel Publications.
11. Husain, Arif. (1966). *Pakistan: its Ideology and Foreign Policy* London: Frank Case.
12. Mushahid, Hussain. (1988). *Pakistan and changing regional scenario*, Lahore: Progressive Publishers.
13. Norman, Brown W.(1972). *The United States and India and Bangladesh* Cambridge. Massachusetts: Harvard University Press.
14. Rajender, Sareen. (1988). *Pakistan: The India Factor*, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
15. Rizvi, Mujtaba. (1971). *The Frontiers of Pakistan*. Karachi: National Publishing House.

16. Shahi, Agha. (1988). *Pakistan Security and Foreign Policy*. Lahore: Progressive Publishers.
17. Siddique, Aslam. (1980). *Pakistan China and America*. Karachi: PIIA.
18. Wilcox, W. (1973). *The Emergence of Bangladesh*. Washington: American Enterprise Institute for Public Policy Research.
19. Ziring, L. (1974). *Bhutto's Foreign Policy in Contemporary Problems of Pakistan*. Edited by J. Henry Rorson, Leiden: E. J. Brill.

#### Journals and Periodicals

- Foreign Affairs (USA)
- Pakistan Army Journal (Pakistan)
- Foreign Policy (USA)
- Pakistan Horizon (Pakistan)
- International Affairs (UK)
- Pakistan Defense Review (Pakistan)
- Strategic Analysis ((India)
- Pakistan Journal of European Studies (Pakistan)
- Strategic Studies (Pakistan)
- Regional Studies (Pakistan)
- Pakistan Outlook (Pakistan)

#### **Paper – XIII: Foreign Policies of the Neighboring Countries (China, India, Afghanistan & Iran)**

This course is designed to evolve a deeper sense of critical appreciation of the foreign policies of neighboring countries. The contents of the course are:

##### **Afghanistan:**

- An overview: Geopolitical importance of Afghanistan; Afghanistan since King Amanullah Khan.
- History of Soviet-Afghanistan Relations: Emergence of Leftist Movement in Afghanistan. Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and its Implications for Pakistan and Afghanistan.
- Afghanistan today

##### **China:**

- Short history of China
- Maoist era in China
- Mao's philosophy of Chinese Communism, Mao's political and economic reforms; cultural revolution and its impact.
- China's Strategic Environment.
- Aims and objectives of Chinese foreign policy; Geo-political importance of China: Sino-Soviet Relations; Chinese-Indian hostility in the 1960s.
- US-Chinese Détente in the 1970s
- Russian –Chinese relations; The end of Cold War and its impact on China. China and the world order, China's Nuclear Policy.

##### **India:**

- Historical dimensions of Indian foreign policy; Nehru's foreign policy Indian federalism, secularism, nationalism and regionalism.
- Issues in India's Foreign Policy
- India in the Changing World

##### **Iran:**

- Iran's background: Geopolitical importance of Iran; The establishment of Pehvi Dynasty.
- Iran between the two World Wars
- The Era of Mohammad Raza Shah Pehvi
- The dynamics of Islamic revolution: Its implications and impact
- Iran in the post Cold War era.

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**Paper-XIV: Strategic Dynamics of Central Asia**

- Defining the region
- Core Countries
  - Profile of Kazakhstan
  - Profile of Kirghistan
  - Profile of Tajikistan
  - Profile of Turkmenistan
  - Profile of Uzbekistan
  - Profile of Azerbaijan
- Geo-strategic importance of Central Asia
- Strategic Policies of States
  - Economic Policies
  - Military capabilities
  - Political factor
  - Ethnic issues
  - Foreign policy orientations
- Common wealth of Independent States (CIS)
- Linkages outside the regional
- Prospects, problems of cooperation, between Pakistan & Central Asia
- US involvement in Central Asia.

**Readings:**

1. Jalal Zai, Musa Khan.(1994). *Central Asia*. Lahore: Frontier Post Publications.
2. Malik, Hafeez.(1994). *Central Asia, Strategic Importance and Future Prospects*. London: Macmillan Press.
3. Olcott, Martha Brill. (2005)). *Central Asia & Second Chance*. U.S.A. The Brookings Institution Press.
4. Oliver, Roy. (2000). *The New Central Asia Politics*, London: Taurus Publications. :
5. Rogern, T. Grain.(1994). *Gulf to Central Asia*. New Jersye: Exter Univeristy Press.
6. Roy, Olivier. (2006). *The New Central Asia : Geo Politics & The Birth of Nations*. London: Taurus Publications.
7. Singh, Mahir. (2004). *Central Asia since Independence*. Indian Shama Publications.
8. Swietochomisky, Tadeuez. *The Politics of Oil, & Quest for Stability. The Caspian Sea*.

**Paper- XV: Terrorism and Counter Terrorism**

The basic objective of this course is an in depth study of the phenomenon of terrorism, its root causes, forces behind, types of terrorism and efforts for containing terrorism. The course is divided into two parts: First Part deals with basic concepts of terrorism, dynamics of terrorism, barriers to understanding the Phenomenon of terrorism, distinguishing terrorism from other forms of violence, historical development and its various kinds. While second part focuses on counter terrorism, its definition, meanings, war against terrorism. It will also be examining the response of international community in containing it, as well as the root courses of terrorism.

1. **Terrorism:**
  - a. Definition
  - b. Meaning
  - c. Basic Concepts
  - d. Causes and Motivations
  - e. Historical Overview of Terrorism
  - f. Dynamics of Terrorism
  - g. Barriers to understanding the Phenomenon of terrorism.

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- h. Distinguishing terrorism from other forms of violence.
  - i. Face of Terrorism – Political, Ethnic, and Religious etc.
  - j. State Terrorism
  - k. Bio-terrorism – threat of nuclear terrorism.
- 2. Counter Terrorism**
- a. Meanings
  - b. Definition
  - c. Methods and Techniques
  - d. War Against Terrorism
  - e. International Community's response
  - f. History and 9/11
  - g. Globalization
  - h. Global Order and Terrorism
  - i. Emerging New Trends
  - j. Terrorism of the future
  - k. Efforts for Containing it
  - l. Role of International Law.
  - m. Root courses of Terrorism.

**Core Books:**

1. B Ceonard, Weinberg,. and Davis, Paul B.(1989). *Introduction to Political Terrorism*, New York: McGraw Hill Inc.
2. Booth, Ken. *World in Collision: Terror and the Future of Global Order*.
3. Bushan, K. *Nuclear, Biological and Chemical Warfare*.
4. Cameron, Gavin. (1999). *Nuclear Terrorism: A Threat Assessment for 21<sup>st</sup> Century*, New York: St. Martin Press.
5. Cindy C., Combs. (1998). *Terrorism in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century*. ,New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
6. Shaheen,Akhtar.(1993). *Terror in Indian Held Kashmir: Massive Violation of Human Rights*. Islamabad: Institute of Regional Studies.
7. Tahir, Amin. (1995). *Mass Resistance in Kashmir: Origins, Evolution and Options*. Islamabad: Book Promoters.

**Paper – XVI: Nuclear Proliferation**

- **Theoretical Concepts**
  - Origin and Development of Nuclear Weapon Technology
  - Nature of Nuclear Proliferation
  - Technical and Political Aspect
  - Vertical and Horizontal Proliferation
  - Deterrence, Theoretical aspect and its kinds, issues and responses
  - Nuclear weapon states
  - Threshold states (Iran, Israel)
- **Practical Debate**
  - Nuclear non-proliferation regimes
  - Role of UN to stop Nuclear proliferation
  - Major treaties, and efforts regulating NPT, CTBT
- **Case Studies**
  - Regional Nuclear Proliferation
  - Case study of South-Asia
  - India and Pakistani Nuclear Doctrine
  - India's Nuclear program
  - Pakistan's Nuclear program
  - Application of deterrence theory

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**Readings:**

1. B. Robut. (1993). *From Non-Proliferation to Anti-Proliferation; In: International Security Summer.*
2. Bidwai, Praful and Vanaik, Achin. (2003). *South Asia on a Short Fuse*, Oxford.
3. Chellancy. (1994). *Non-Proliferation: An Indian Critiques of US Export Controls in Orbis, Summer.*
4. Donnelly, WH. (1990). *Managing Proliferation in 1990's something Borrowed Something New.* March.
5. Khripunov. *Non-Proliferation Export Control in the Former Soviet Union in K.C Bailey, The Director's Series on Proliferation* (Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory 7, June 1996.
6. Kothari, Smith and Mian, Zia. (2003). *Out of the Nuclear Shadow.* Oxford.
7. Medalia, Jonathan Zinsmeister Paul and Civiak, Robert. (1991). *Nuclear Weapons & Security.* Oxford.

**Paper – XVII MUSLIM WORLD**

1. **Introduction: Geographical Location of the Muslim States and Societies:**  
Geo Strategic importance. Geo Political Importance.
2. **Brief History and Dynamics of the Muslim World – An Historical Perspective:**
3. **Pan-Islamic Movements: Efforts of Muslim Unity**
4. **Contemporary Issues and Problems:**
  - a. The Palestine Issue – With Special Reference to the Peace Process
  - b. The Gulf Wars – 1980-1988 (Iran-Iraq War); 1989-1990 (Iraqi-Kuwait Conflict)
  - c. Afghanistan
  - d. Bosnia
  - e. Chechnya
  - f. Azerbaijan-Armenia
  - g. Water Crises in Middle East
  - h. Kurdish Problem
  - i. Kashmir Issue
5. **Pakistan's Foreign Policy towards the Muslim Societies – Issues of Re-Adjustment in the 'New World Order'**
6. **Ethnic Minorities**
  - (a) Indian Muslims
  - (b) Philippines (Moros)
  - (c) China
7. **Concept of the "Clash of Civilization" A Critique:**

**Readings**

1. Geoffrey Kemp. (Summer, 1991). *"The Middle East Arms Race: Can It Be Controlled?"* The Middle East Journal, Vol. 45, No.3
2. George, Lenzowski.(1980). *The Middle East in World Affairs.* (Ithaca & London: Cornell university Press.
3. Glenn E. Robinson. (August, 1998). *Defensive Democratization in Jordan.* Int'l J. M.E. Studies; Vol30, No.3.
4. James A. Bill and Robert Springborg.(1990). *Politics in the Middles East.* (Glenview, Illinois: Scott, Foresman: Little Brown.

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5. John L. Esposito and James P. Piscatori. (Summer, 1991). "Democratization and Islam". *The Middle East Journal*, Vol. 45 No.3.
6. Peter Mansfield.(1991). *A History of the Middle East*. (New York: Viking Press.
7. Shaukat Ali. (1976). *Pan Movements in the Third World*. Publishers United:
8. Shaukat Ali.(1999.) *Islam and Politics*. Lahore: Aziz publishers.
9. Suha Bolukbasi. (August, 1998). *The Cyprus Dispute and the United Nations; Peaceful Non-Settlement Between 1954 and 1996*. *International Journal of Middle East Studies*, Vol. 30, No.3.

Paper – XVIII Public Policy

Paper – XIX Globalization, Governance and Development

Paper – XX Contemporary Issues of Middle East

Paper – XXI Concept & Theories of Security Issues

Paper – XXII Foreign Policy of Major Powers