

**Institute of Zoology,  
Faculty of Life Sciences  
University of the Punjab, Lahore  
Course Outline**



Programme	BS Zoology	Course Code	ZOOL-318	Credit Hours	2
Course Title	Ecology				
Course Introduction					
Ecology is the study of the interactions between organisms and their environment. This course provides a background in the fundamental principles of ecological science, including concepts of population and community ecology, biodiversity, and sustainability. Students will acquire a thorough understanding of the scientific field of ecology, how ecologists conduct research, and the importance of general ecological knowledge. Moreover, this course will help to develop an understanding of how scientific methods are used to construct ecological knowledge. The course will also explore some of today’s major ecological challenges, and the important research that is being done to address these concerns.					
Learning Outcomes					
<div><div>1.</div><div>To gain an understanding and deep insight to basic ecological principles.</div></div> <div><div>2.</div><div>To make understanding of solid foundation of the fundamental ecology topics.</div></div> <div><div>3.</div><div>To gain an understanding of the questions that an ecologist study, the methods they use, and the questions that remain unanswered.</div></div>					
Course Content				Assignments/Readings	
Week 1	<b>Unit-1: Introduction to Ecology</b> <div>1.1 What is Ecology</div> <div>1.2 The Scope of Ecology</div> <div>1.3 The Subdivisions of Ecology</div>				
	<b>Unit-2 Trophic levels of Ecosystems</b> <div>2.1 Importance of studying trophic level</div> <div>2.2 Autotrophs</div> <div>2.3 Herbivores and carnivores</div>				
Week 2	<div>2.4 Omnivores</div> <div>2.5 Decomposers</div>				
	<div>2.6 Food chains</div> <div>2.7 Food webs</div> <div>2.8 Pyramids of number and pyramids of biomass</div>				
Week 3	<b>Unit-3 Energy Transfer</b> <div>3.1 Energy and disorder</div> <div>3.2 Primary production in aquatic and terrestrial communities</div>				
	<div>3.3 Pyramids of energy</div>				
Week 4	<b>Unit- 4 Nutrient Cycling</b> <div>4.1 Carbon cycle</div> <div>4.2 Nitrogen cycle</div>				
	<div>4.3 Sulphur cycle</div> <div>4.4 Phosphorus cycle</div>				
Week 5	<b>Unit-5 Population Ecology</b>				

	5.1 Populations and Population Change 5.2 Dispersal of Organisms 5.3 Patterns in population dynamics 5.4 Presentation of demographic data	
	5.5 Evolutionary strategies 5.6 Population growth 5.7 Factors regulating population size	
<b>Week 6</b>	<b>Unit-6 Community Ecology</b> 6.1 Concept of community 6.2 Structure of communities	
	<b>Unit-7 Succession</b> 7.1 Vegetation changes and their causes 7.2 Primary seres 7.3 Pattern and types of succession	
<b>Week 7</b>	<b>Unit-8 Habitats and Niches</b> 8.1 Introduction to habitats and niches 8.2 Gause's competitive exclusion principle 8.3 Species coexistence 8.4 Fundamental and realized niches	
	8.5 Resource partitioning 8.6 Character displacement 8.7 Importance of interspecific competition	
<b>Week 8</b>	<b>Unit-9 Freshwater Ecology</b> 9.1 Characteristics of freshwater habitat 9.2 Ecological classification of freshwater organisms and freshwater habitat 9.3 Life in freshwater	
	9.4 Lakes and Ponds 9.5 Lentic versus Lotic habitat	
<b>Week 9</b>	<b>Unit-10 Marine Ecology</b> 10.1 Characteristics of marine habitat 10.2 Life in marine habitat	
	10.3 Zonation in sea	
<b>Week 10</b>	<b>Unit-11 Terrestrial Ecosystem</b> 11.1 Tropical rain forest 11.2 Tropical seasonal forest	
	11.3 Temperate rain forest 11.4 Temperate deciduous forest	
<b>Week 11</b>	11.5 Boreal forest 11.6 Grassland	
	11.7 Tundra 11.8 Deserts	
<b>Week 12</b>	11.9 Wetland and freshwater biomes 11.10 Coastal and marine biomes	
	<b>Unit-12 Ecological Genetics</b> 12.1 Importance of genetics to ecology 12.2 Patterns of genetic variations	
<b>Week 13</b>	12.3 Genetic variations within an organism	

	<b>Unit-13 Behavioral Ecology</b> 13.1 Optimization Theory 13.2 Optimal Foraging		
<b>Week 14</b>	13.3 Parental care 13.4 Alternative strategies		
	13.5 Games theory 13.6 Constrains on adaptation		
<b>Week 15</b>	<b>Unit-14 Co-evolution</b> 14.1 Different grades of co-evolution 14.2 Pairwise co evolution		
	14.3 Diffuse co evolution 14.4 Introduced species		
<b>Week 16</b>	<b>Unit-15 Sociobiology</b> 15.1 Living in groups 15.2 Optimal group size		
	15.3 Unit of selection and social behaviour 15.4 Advantages and disadvantages of group living		
<b>Textbooks and Reading Material</b>			
<b>1. Textbooks.</b>  1. E. P. Odum. 1976. Fundamentals of Ecology National Book Foundation, Islamabad. 2. E.P. Odum. 1996. Ecology: A Bridge between science and society. 3. J.L. Chapman and M.J. Reiss, 1997. Ecology. Cambridge University Press, UK. 4. Krebs. 2000 Ecology: The experimental analysis of distribution and application. 5. M.C. Molles. 1999. Ecology: <i>Concepts and applications</i> WCB/McGraw Hill, New York			
<b>2. Suggested Readings Books</b> 1. G. Tyler Miller, Jr. 2002. Living in the Environment. Principles, Connections and Solutions. Book/Cole Thomson Learning, USA 2. M.L. McKinney. 2007. Environmental Science: <i>System and Solution</i> . 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publication, Boston, USA 3. R. Lloyd.1992. Pollution and Freshwater. Fishing News Books 4. R.K. Singh. 1998. Human Ecology. 5. Smith, 1988. Ecology and Field Biology. National Book Foundation, Islamabad.			
<b>Teaching Learning Strategies</b>			
Teaching will be a combination of class lectures, class discussions, and group work. Short videos/films will be shown on occasion.			
<b>Assignments: Types and Number with Calendar</b>			
The sessional work will be a combination of written assignments, class quizzes, projects, presentation,]and class participation/attendance.			
<b>Assessment</b>			
<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Elements</b>	<b>Weightage</b>	<b>Details</b>
1.	Midterm Assessment	35%	Written Assessment at the mid-point of the semester.
2.	Formative Assessment	25%	Continuous assessment includes: Classroom participation, assignments, presentations, viva voce, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, projects, practical, reflections, readings, quizzes etc.

3.	Final Assessment	40%	Written Examination at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of a test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.
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