Centre For High Energy Physics Faculty of Science University of the Punjab, Lahore Course Outline



Program	BSCP	Course Code	NHPY-120	Credit Hours	3
Course Title The Science of Global Challenges					
Course Introduction					

Through this course, students will learn about and discuss some of the core challenges mankind is facing because of advancement in Scientific knowledge that has enabled us to harness nature's resources in various ways. The course also addresses scientific reasoning behind all these challenges and actions that must be taken to create a future free of these problems. Three main areas to focus on are suggested to be Climate Change, the Energy Crisis and the survival of humanity in the wake of deadly viruses and infectious diseases. Through this course, the students will get to see the complex relationship between Science, Technology and our Society and some future directions that promise a safer future for the humanity.

Learning Outcomes

On the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the scientific principles that help understand the key challenges we are facing today.
- 2. Describe natural systems modulating the Earth's climate, articulate causes and consequences of anthropogenic climate change, and discuss measures to curb global greenhouse gas emissions.
- 3. Differentiate between renewable and nonrenewable systems.
- 4. Explain the working principles of various renewable systems and devices including solar photovoltaics, wind will, hydro power, geo thermal and bio energy.
- 5. Explain the working principle of key biological ideas including viruses and diseases, evolution by natural and artificial selection.
- 6. Demonstrate an understanding of the deep connection between science, society and technology.

	Course Content	Assignments/Readings
Week 1	Major advancements in the last 200 years	
	Associated challenges: Climate crisis, over reliance of fossil fuels and mass extinction of various species.	
Week 2	Greenhouse effect	
	Challenges and risks of climate change	
Week 3	Geological history, role of ocean currents in	
	regulating global climate	
	Large scale wind patterns and global climate	
Week 4	Constraints by climate on ecosystems and impact of	
	ecosystems on global climate	

	Projections of future climate			
Week 5	Measuring anthropogenic climate change			
	GCMs. Carbon emission and sustainability.			
Week 6	Science of energy	Halliday Resnick, Ch. 7		
	Forms of energy, Energy conversion	Halliday Resnick, Ch. 8		
	Sustainability of Energy Systems,			
Week 7	Working of renewable devices, renewable vs			
	nonrenewable energy			
Week 8	Solar cells, Photoelectric effect	Halliday Resnick, Ch. 27, Sec 38-2		
	Introduction to semiconductors	Halliday Resnick, Sec. 26-5		
Week 9	Band gaps	Halliday Resnick, Sec. 41-1		
	Wind energy, Wind mills			
W/I- 10	Physics of a generator	Halliday Resnick, Sec. 31-3		
Week 10	Infectious diseases and their types			
XX7 1 11	History of germs and vaccines			
Week 11	Evolution by natural and artificial selection			
Week 12	Species crossing by viruses			
	Antibiotic resistance			
Week 13	Human physiological limits			
	Changing interactions and new diseases			
	Complex web of science, politics and social systems,			
Week 14	role of wars			
	Scientific funding			
Week 15	Technological progress and ethical constraints			
	Human experiences as Data			
Week 16	Nanotechnology and its applications in medicine,			
	food, computational systems and energy			
	Biotechnology, future of agricultural production of			
	food, genetic modification, gene therapy			
Textbooks and Reading Material				

Textbook.

"Fundamentals of Physics" by Halliday, Resnick and Walker. Publisher: Wiley. Extended $10^{\rm th}$ ed. 2018.

Teaching Learning Strategies

- 1. Asking students for what they have learnt and what do they think
- 2. Group activities3. Using video resources
- 4. Reading suggested readings5. Essay writing

Assignments: Types and Number with Calendar

Assessment

Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details
4.	Midterm Assessment	35%	Written Assessment at the mid-point of the semester.
5.	Formative Assessment	25%	Continuous assessment includes: Classroom participation, assignments, presentations, viva voce, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, projects, practical, reflections, readings, quizzes etc.
6.	Final Assessment	Written Examination at the end of the semester. It mostly in the form of a test, but owing to the nature of t course the teacher may assess their students based on ter paper, research proposal development, field work a report writing etc.	