



THE ANSWERS MUST BE ATTEMPTED ON THE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED

Q.1. Write short answers to the following questions. (15x2=30)

- i.** What are three basic mechanisms of mass transport in voltammetry?
- ii.** Differentiate between cathodic current and anodic current in polarography.
- iii.** Describe the role of inert supporting electrolyte in polarography.
- iv.** How sputtering takes place in glow discharge?
- v.** Automation possesses some disadvantages. Describe them.
- vi.** Write down the principle of amperometry.
- vii.** How glow discharge atomization takes place?
- viii.** Distinguish between fixed automation and flexible automation.
- ix.** How conductance is measured?
- x.** Write down the basic principle of conductometric titrations.
- xi.** Give disadvantages of anodic stripping voltammetry.
- xii.** Distinguish between migration current and residual current.
- xiii.** Describe amperometric titrations involving electro-reducible vs electro-oxidisable species.
- xiv.** What is difference between arc and spark?
- xv.** What is the effect of charge and size of ions on conductivity?

Q.2. Write detailed answers to the following questions. (6x5=30)

- i.** Discuss arc and spark sources.
- ii.** Explain how conductometric titrations are applied in complexometric and participations reactions.
- iii.** Discuss instrumentation in amperometric titrations.
- iv.** Discuss the construction and working of voltametric cell.
- v.** Discuss in detail the factors affecting the limiting current.
- vi.** Polarography is applied to organic and inorganic substances. Explain it details.