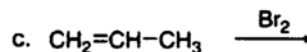
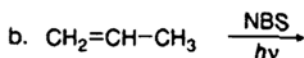




### THE ANSWERS MUST BE ATTEMPTED ON THE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED

**Q.1. Answer the following short questions. (6x5=30)**

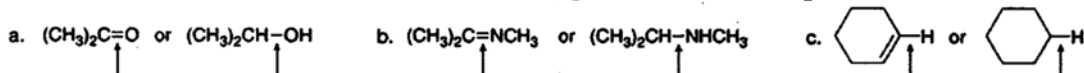
i. Draw the products of each reaction.



ii. How can the two isomers having molecular formula  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}$  be distinguished by IR spectroscopy.

iii. What is auto-oxidation? Give mechanism of auto-oxidation of benzaldehyde?

iv. Which of the indicated bonds absorbs at higher  $\nu$  in an IR spectrum?



v. Define Lambert Beer law and Differentiate hypochromic and bathochromic shift?

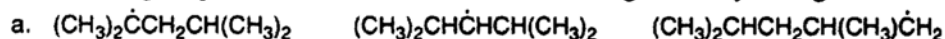
vi. What product is formed when  $\text{CH}_3\text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CCCH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$  is treated with each reagent: (a)  $\text{H}_2$  (excess), Pd-C; (b)  $\text{H}_2$  (1 equiv), Lindlar catalyst; (c)  $\text{H}_2$  (excess), Lindlar catalyst; (d) Na,  $\text{NH}_3$ ?

Answer the following questions.

**Q. No. 2 i.** Give mechanism of Corey-Kim oxidation of primary alcohols to aldehyde. (5)

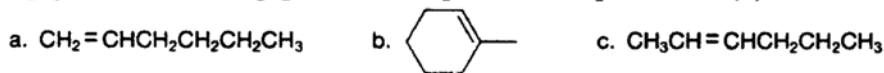
ii. What is reductive amination? Give different variations and modifications of reaction. (5)

**Q. No. 3 i.** Rank each group of radicals in order of increasing stability and give reason. (5)



ii. Draw the product(s) formed when each alkene is treated with either

[1] HBr alone; or [2] HBr in the presence of peroxides. (5)



**Q. No. 4.** How would you complete these reactions with mechanism? (4x2.5=10)

