



Q.1. Answer the following short questions:

(15x2=30)

- i. If De Broglie wavelength of electron is 0.113pm. what is speed of electron?
- ii. What is difference between stimulated and spontaneous emission.
- iii. Why classical theory failed to explain photoelectric effect?
- iv. How superconductivity is useful in daily life?
- v. Why two-level laser is not possible?
- vi. Explain the difference between donor and acceptor impurity.
- vii. Briefly comment on energy time uncertainty relationship.
- viii. Write down the general nuclear reaction showing how atomic and mass number of an atom is affected with the emission of gamma radiation.
- ix. Write down Compton shift equation.
- x. Briefly mention four characteristics of laser.
- xi. What is nuclear reaction? Give the difference between fission and fusion reaction.
- xii. Which are the experiments that support the wave theory of light and the particle theory of light?
- xiii. What is blackbody radiation?
- xiv. Define correspondence principle.
- xv. Explain the difference between Rayleigh's law and Planck's Law.

Answer the following questions.

(3x10=30)

- Q2. (a) What is fission chain reaction? Discuss the three problems together with their solutions in working of nuclear reactor based on fission chain reaction. (7)
- (b) Consider a ^{236}U nucleus is in its ground. How much energy is required to remove a neutron from it, leaving a ^{235}U nucleus behind? The needed atomic masses are $m=1.008665\text{ u}$; $^{235}\text{U}=235.043924\text{ u}$; $^{236}\text{U}=236.045563\text{ u}$; (3)
- Q3. (a) Describe the arrangement of atoms in solids in terms of free electron gas theory. (8)
- (b) Draw forward and reverse characteristics of PN junction (2)
- Q4. (a) Consider a particle is trapped in an infinitely deep potential well. Determine the expression for the energy of particle. (7)
- (b) An electron is confined to an infinite well ($L=100\text{ pm}$), which is roughly one atomic diameter. What is the energy of the second least allowed state? (3)