



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

B.S. 4 Years Program / Second Semester – 2019

Paper: International Relations

Course Code: IR-111 / GEN-12111 Part-I (Compulsory) Time: 15 Min. Marks: 10

Roll No. in Fig.

Roll No. in Words.

Signature of Supdt.:

ATTEMPT THIS PAPER ON THIS QUESTION SHEET ONLY.

Division of marks is given in front of each question.

This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q.1. Encircle the right answer cutting and overwriting is not allowed. (10x1=10)

- i. Liberals:
 - a) Stress the importance of international conflicts in bringing peace
 - b) Are pessimistic about international peace.
 - c) Agree with realists that are unitary actors.
 - d) None of these
- ii. Thomas Hobbes provides the philosophical basis for:
 - a) Realism
 - b) Liberalism
 - c) Post Modernism
 - d) None of these
- iii. The author of the book "Twenty Years Crisis" is:
 - a. Hans Morgenthau
 - b) Harold J. Laski
 - c) E. H. Carr
 - d) None of these
- iv. Balance of power is based on:
 - a) Realist theory
 - b) Idealist theory
 - d) Constructivism theory
 - d) None of these
- v. Modern State System is believed to have started with:
 - a) End of Second World War
 - b) End of Cold War
 - c) Peace of Westphalia
 - d) None of these
- vi. Important subject of international relations is:
 - a) International cooperation
 - b) Human rights
 - c) Elections
 - d) None of These
- vii. Clash of Civilizations is the ideology given by:
 - a) Francis Fukuyama
 - b) Kenneth Waltz
 - c) Samuel P. Huntington
 - d) None of These
- viii. Nationalism is about:
 - a) International Organization
 - b) A state
 - c) Economy
 - d) None of These
- ix. Diplomacy is about:
 - a) Relations between common people only
 - b) Relations between government officials
 - c) Relations between companies
 - d) None of these
- x. IR as discipline was developed in:
 - a) Europe
 - b) Asia
 - c) United States
 - d) None of these



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B.S. 4 Years Program / Second Semester – 2019

Roll No.

Paper: International Relations

Course Code: IR-111 / GEN-12111 Part – II

Time: 2 Hrs. 45 Min. Marks: 50

ATTEMPT THIS (SUBJECTIVE) ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED

Q.2. Questions with Short Answers:

(5x4=20)

- i. Explain the origin of Liberalism.
- ii. Define and explain Power and its relevance in modern world.
- iii. Discuss the national interest of a state.
- iv. Explain the importance of International Relations as discipline.
- v. Evaluate different types of diplomats.

Q.3. Answer the following questions:

(3x10=30)

- i. Define International Relations. Discuss its nature and scope.
- ii. What is Realism. Discuss its major assumptions.
- iii. Analyze the origin and evolution of modern state system.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

B.S. 4 Years Program / Second Semester – 2019

Paper: Introduction to International Relations

Course Code: IR-111-A Part-I (Compulsory)

Time: 15 Min. Marks: 10

Roll No. in Fig.

Roll No. in Words.

Signature of Supdt.:

ATTEMPT THIS PAPER ON THIS QUESTION SHEET ONLY.

Division of marks is given in front of each question.

This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q.1. Encircle the right answer cutting and overwriting is not allowed. (5x2=10)

- i. Realists believe that
 - a) States are the most important actors in IR
 - b) States act like rational individuals in pursuing national interests
 - c) States act in an international system characterized by anarchy
 - d) Human nature is selfish
 - e) All of the above
- ii. Non-state actors are
 - a) Groups and interests within states that influence a state's foreign policy
 - b) Actors that operate below the state level as well as across state borders
 - c) Groups like Amnesty International and the United Fruit Company
 - d) Actors like sub-state actors and multinational corporations
 - e) All of the above
- iii. "The national interest is defined as the acquisition of power." The speaker is a(n)
 - a) Pluralist
 - b) Idealist
 - c) Structuralist
 - d) Globalist
 - e) Realist
- iv. A collective goods problem is
 - a) More serious in less-developed countries, which do not have the industrial capacity to produce surplus goods
 - b) More serious in developed countries, which have the industrial capacity to produce surplus goods
 - c) The problem of how to provide something that benefits all members of a group regardless of what each member contributes to it
 - d) The problem of two countries producing the same good and competing on world markets for exports
 - e) Solved by arbitration or mediation by the International Court of Justice
- v. Neoliberals
 - a) Stress the importance of international institutions in reducing conflict in the international system
 - b) Are pessimistic about international cooperation
 - c) Agree with realists that states are unitary actors
 - d) View reciprocity as an ineffective strategy for achieving cooperation
 - e) A and C



ATTEMPT THIS (SUBJECTIVE) ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED

Q.2. Questions with Short Answers:

(5x4=20)

- i. Why Study International Relations? Give at least three reasons mentioned in Joshua's book.
- ii. Write a short note on the salient features of Realism.
- iii. What do you understand by the term 'Anarchy?'
- iv. Write the names of only three books on IR with their author's names.
- v. What are different levels of analysis to understand International Relations?

Q.3. Answer the following questions:

(3x10=30)

- i. Compare and contrast realist and liberal theories of International Relations. What are the strengths and weaknesses of each theory?
- ii. Write a brief note on the concept of 'Power' explaining the difference between tangible and intangible elements of it.
- iii. Define International Relations including the major actors in this discipline.