DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

1.	Program	BS Political Science				
2.	Title	Politics of Caucasus (Central Asia)				
3.	Semester					
4.	Code	BS -PS453				
5.	Rating	03 Credit Hours				
6.	Туре	Optional Course				
7.	Pre-					
0	requisities					
8.	Introduction	This course aims to present students with an advanced introduction to the politics and				
		international relations of post-Soviet Central Asia – a region that is here defined as				
		the ensemble of the former Soviet republics of Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan,				
		Turkmenistan, and Uzbekistan. It offers an excursus into the principal dynamics that				
		influenced Central Asia's socio-political evolution throughout the post-Soviet era.				
		The course aims in this sense at describing how the achievement of independence				
		altered the socio, economic and political status of all five Central Asian States.				
9.	Objectives	To facilitate the students' understanding of the divergent socio, economic and				
		political paths upon, which the five republics have embarked since 1991. How the				
		importance of this region has emerged, what are the challenges these states are facing				
		need to explore. Globalization of this region has given linkages of Central Asia with				
		outside world which its relations with super powers as well as other regional states,				
		such as USA, China, Russia, Afghanistan, Iran, India, Pakistan.				
10.	Contents					
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		Week Week 1-2	Contents Introduction of the Central Asian Region			
		Week 3	Historical Review of Central Asia			
		Week 4-5	Geo-Strategic Importance of Central Asia and the challenges			
		Week 6-7	Profiles of five Central Asian States			
		week o-/	Kazakistan			
			Uzbekistan			
			Tajikistan Turkmenistan			
			Kyrgyzstan			
		Week8	Globalization and Connecting Entrepreneurs in Central Asia			
		Week 9	Mid Term Exams			
		Week 10-	Old and New Great Game in Central Asia			
		11-12	Role of Super Powers(USA, China) and Regional Powers(Rusia,			
			Iran)			

		Week 13-14	Role of South Asian States (India, Afghanistan and Pakistan) in Central Asia	
		Week 15	Shanghai Co operation Organization	
		Week 16-17	Central Asia's Relations with Pakistan: Hurdles and Challenges	
		Week 18	Final Term Exams	
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11.	Outcome	By the end of the course, students will be able to:		
		 demonstrate coherent knowledge of the political evolution of post-Soviet Central Asia; compare and contrast the principal connections between post-Soviet political developments and the region's historical evolution in the pre-independence era; critically evaluate the different state approaches to outside world with socio- political transformation; establish congruent relations between the domestic and the external facets of regional post-Soviet politics; identify and assess the new security challenges facing Central Asia and explain how they inform international relations across the region; and elaborate the knowledge acquired during the course in coherent, well- structured and sophisticated written essays and oral presentations. 		
12.	Recommended Books / Reference	 will provide a Oliver, Publica Rogern Press. Singh' Publica Asaf, K Dynam Kazakh Advice profiles Kazakh http://k Laruell Challer Fatima Interess Vol. 29 Adnan, Asia", J Adnan, India in 	 A. T. Grain. (1994). <i>Gulf to Central Asia</i>, New Jersye: Exter University Mahir. (2004). Central Asia since Independence. Indian Shama ations. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Internal and External ations</i>. K.M. &Barakat, Abul. Ed. (1997). <i>Central Asia Kazinform</i>. Networks, 2013, http://www.business-anti-corruption Portal. Global P. Networks, 2013, http://www.business-anti-corruption.com/country-s/europe-central-asia/kazakhstan/snapshot.aspx. Natan Boosts Development of Its Regions," <i>Kazinform</i>, May 25, 2012, tazinform.kz/eng/article/2466982. Re, Marlene. Ed. (2017). "Kyrgyzstan: Political Pluralism and Economic nges. www.centralasiaprogram.org , Qamar. & Zafar, Sumera. (2014). "New Great Game: Players, ts, Strategies and Central Asia", <i>Journal of South Asian Studies</i> 20, No.2, July - December 2014, pp. 627-655. , Mubeen. & Fatima, Bushra. (2015). "Globalization of Central <i>Journal of Political Studies</i>, Vol. 22, Issue - 2, 2015, 437:452 , Mubeen. (2015). "Strategic and Economic Interests of Pakistan and A Asia" <i>South Asian Studies</i>, Vol. 30, No.2, July – December 2015, pp 	

Assessment Criteria:

Requirements	
Assignments/Quizzes/Project/Case Study/Team Presentations	
Mid-Term Exam	
Final Term Exam	