



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – II Annual Examination – 2022

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law

Paper: V (Common)

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

**NOTE:** *Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.*

1. Quran and Sunnah are the fundamental source of Islamic law. Please explain and illustrate briefly.
2. Define Marriage and explain its different kinds.
3. What are the remedies available to a wife in case of non-payment of Dower?
4. Islam discourages separation between husband and wife but still allows Talaq for obvious reasons. What is Divorce and discuss its different kinds and illustrate.
5. Define Will and explain whether a Will can be executed beyond 1/3 of the estate?
6. What is Waqf and what are the lawful objects of a valid Waqf?
7. What specific steps are taken before the division of the Estate of deceased muslim?
8. Kindly explain the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance of 1961.
9. What is the procedure of appointing a Guardian of a Ward under the provisions of Guardian and Wards Act 1890?
10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A) Ijtihad
  - B) Khula



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

PART – II A/2015  
Examination:- LL.B.

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law (Old & New Course)  
PAPER: V (Common)

TIME ALLOWED: 3 hrs.  
MAX. MARKS: 100

**NOTE:** Attempt any FIVE questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Quran and Sunnah are the fundamental source of Islamic Law. Explain
2. Ijtehad is carried out within the foundations of Islamic Principles. Discuss and illustrate.
3. Marriage keeps Muslim Society purified from many social evils, explain it by defining Marriage (Nikah) and Valid, Irregular and Void marriages.
4. What is Dower? What are the classifications and kinds of Dower. Would it be appropriate to name it as 'consideration' of the marriage contract?
5. What are different modes of dissolution of Marriage under Muslim Personal Law?
6. What are the general principles governing the Islamic Law of Inheritance?
7. Define Waqf and explain its lawful objects under the Islamic provisions.
8. Muslim Family Laws Ordinance, 1961 has been subjected to criticism by Scholars of Pakistan. What are their main objections?
9. What is the procedure of appointment of a Guardian of a Minor under the provisions of Guardian & Wards Act? What are their rights and obligations?
10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A. Will
  - B. Imam Abu Hanifa



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

PART – II S/2015  
Examination:- LL.B.

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law (Old & New Course)  
PAPER: V (Common)

TIME ALLOWED: 3 hrs.  
MAX. MARKS: 100

**NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.**

1. Quran Majeed plays a pivotal and fundamental role in Islamic Legislation. Discuss.
2. Ijtehad holds a significant place in Islamic Legislation to respond to the changing needs of the day. Explain and illustrate.
3. Different Muslim Schools of thought played a commendable role in codification of Islamic Law. Highlight.
4. The Holy Prophet (PBUH) encouraged to get married. Discuss significance of marriage under the Islamic Law. Define marriage and explain its ingredients.
5. Kindly explain the importance of Dower in Islamic Personal Law by tracing out its different kinds.
6. Define and discuss the Divorce and its different kinds.
7. What is Gift (Hiba)? Discuss its ingredients. Can it be revoked subsequently?
8. Highlight the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance, 1961.
9. What are the rights and liabilities of Guardian of a Ward under the Guardian & Wards Act?
10. Write short notes on following:
  - a. Inheritance
  - b. Maintenance



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

PART – II A/2016  
Examination:- LL.B.

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law (Old & New Course)  
PAPER: V (Common)

TIME ALLOWED: 3 hrs.  
MAX. MARKS: 100

**NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.**

1. Briefly discuss the legislative role and function of Holy Quran.
2. 'Ijtihad will continue till the day of judgement' analyse the statement by highlighting the qualifications of a Mujtahid.
3. Define and discuss the ingredients of Nikah (Marriage) explaining the kinds of marriage.
4. What is the significance of Dower in a marriage contract? Discuss its different kinds.
5. Define Talaq (Divorce) and discuss its different modes and effects thereof.
6. Briefly introduce the general principles of Inheritance under Islamic Law.
7. Define will and discuss its ingredients in detail.
8. What are the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance, 1961 and how it changed the prevalent laws?
9. Briefly explain the procedure of appointment of Guardian of a Minor as per Guardian & Wards Act and their rights and duties.
10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A) Waqf
  - B) Imam Malik



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

PART – II S/2016  
Examination:- LL.B.

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law (Old & New Course)  
PAPER: V (Common)

TIME ALLOWED: 3 hrs.  
MAX. MARKS: 100

**NOTE:** Attempt any FIVE questions from the following. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Sunnah plays a two-fold role of interpreting Quran and laying down numerous new principles and legislation. Explain
2. When and how Ijtehad is conducted and what are the qualifications of a Mujtahid?
3. Define dower and explain its different kinds.
4. What are different impediments to marriage (محرمات نکاح)?
5. Explain briefly the modes of dissolution of marriage.
6. Islam has laid down general principles governing the Inheritance and then the whole law is based on those principles. Discuss
7. What is a Waqf? What are the lawful objects of Waqf?
8. Muslim scholars have certain objections over the Muslim Family Laws Ordinance, 1961. Kindly have a critical analysis on the issues.
9. What are the rights and duties of Guardian and the Ward, under the Guardian & Wards Act?
10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A) Imam Shafie
  - B) Gift



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

PART-II: Annual- 2017  
Examination:- L.L.B. (03 Years)

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law  
PAPER: V (Common)

TIME ALLOWED: 3 hrs.  
MAX. MARKS: 100

Note: Attempt any five of the following. All questions carry equal marks

- Q.1. Discuss the significance of role of Sunnah in Islamic Legislation.
- Q.2. Please explain Ijtehad highlighting the qualifications of a competent Mujtahid.
- Q.3. Define marriage and its different kinds provided under the Islamic law and their effects thereof.
- Q.4. What are different modes of dissolution of marriage as per Islamic provisions? Explain
- Q.5. Define Dower and its different kinds as provided under the Islamic Law.
- Q.6. Define Will and its kinds and essentials.
- Q.7. What are the rights and duties of a Guardian under the provisions of the Guardian & Wards Act.
- Q.8. Pen down the criticism levelled by Pakistani Scholars on certain provisions of the Muslim Family Laws Ordinance, 1961.
- Q.9. Please explain necessary steps before the division of estate of a deceased.
- Q.10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A) Imam Malik
  - B) Waqf



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

**PART-II: Supplementary - 2017**  
**Examination:- L.L.B. (03 Years)**

Roll No. ....

**Subject: Muslim Personal Law**  
**PAPER: V (Common)**

**TIME ALLOWED: 3 hrs.**  
**MAX. MARKS: 100**

Note: Attempt any five of the following. All questions carry equal marks

- Q.1. Quran Majeed plays a primary role in Islamic Legislation. Explain
- Q.2. Ijtehad will continue till the day of Judgment to cater the changing needs of the people in Islamic Law. Explain
- Q.3. Marriage is primarily a product of a contract, kindly define it and explain its ingredients.
- Q.4. What remedies are available to a wife if Dower is not paid?
- Q.5. Gift is a token of love and affection. Define Gift and its essential in the light of the Islamic principles.
- Q.6. What are the valid objects of a Waqf?
- Q.7. How and when the guardian of a ward can be appointed?
- Q.8. Discuss the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance,1961.
- Q.9. Explain the general principles regulating the Islamic Law of Inheritance.
- Q.10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A) Imam Abu Hanifa
  - B) Will



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

PART-II: Annual- 2018  
Examination:- L.L.B. (03 Years)

Roll No. ....

**Subject: Muslim Personal Law**  
**PAPER: V (Common)**

**TIME ALLOWED: 3 hrs.**  
**MAX. MARKS: 100**

Note: Attempt any FIVE of the following. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q.1. Quran shall play a fundamental and primary source of Islamic Law for all times to come. Kindly explain and illustrate.
- Q.2. Ijtehad in it's remedial capacity plays a significant role in Islamic Legislation, highlight the qualification of a Mujtahid.
- Q.3. Marriage (Nikah) is one of the most important institution to eradicate social evils in a Muslim society. Explain its ingredients and essentials.
- Q.4. Khula (خلع) and Mubaraat (مبارات) are some of the many ways to dissolve the bondage of Marriage. Explain and discuss all, briefly.
- Q.5. Define Iddat(عدت). What is the importance of Iddat and does its period vary in case of Divorce or death of husband?
- Q.6. Define Waqf and its valid objects.
- Q.7. What are the rights and duties of a guardian of a ward?
- Q.8. Kindly explain the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance, 1961 and changes it introduced.
- Q.9. Explain the general principles governing the Muslim law of Inheritance.
- Q.10. Write short notes on the following:
  - A) Imam Abu Hanifa
  - B) Will





# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

PART – II : Supplementary – 2018

Examination:- L.L.B. (03 Years)

Roll No. ....

**Subject: Muslim Personal Law**

**PAPER: V (Common)**

**TIME ALLOWED: 3 Hrs.**

**MAX. MARKS: 100**

**NOTE: Attempt any *FIVE* questions. All questions carry equal marks.**

1. Sunnah plays multifold role in Islamic Legislation. Explain and illustrate.
2. Muslim Jurists played a commendable role in codification and compilation of Islamic Fiqh, explain.
3. What are the different modes of dissolution of Marriage under the Islamic Law?
4. What are different kinds of marriage (Nikah) under the Islamic Provisions?
5. Define and discuss will, its ingredients and essentials. Please explain whether a will made beyond 1/3 of the estate is enforceable?
6. What is the procedure of appointment of a guardian of a ward and what matters are taken into consideration while appointing?
7. Muslim family Laws Ordinance, 1961 has been subjected to criticism by Ulema, kindly analyze academically.
8. Who is liable for the maintenance of near kins and blood relations?
9. Muslim Law of Inheritance is based on certain principles. Please explain and illustrate.
10. Write short notes on the following :
  - A) Waqf
  - B) Gift



**UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB**  
**L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – II Annual Exam – 2019**

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law

Paper: V (Common)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Marks: 100

**NOTE:** *Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.*

Q.1. Sunnah of the Holy Prophet ﷺ plays a vital role in Islamic Legislation. Explain and illustrate.

Q.2. What is Ijtehad? What are the basic qualifications of a competent Mujtahid.

Q.3. Define marriage and its different kinds provided under the Islamic law and their effects thereof.

Q.4. What are different modes of dissolution of marriage as per Islamic provisions? Explain

Q.5. Kindly define and explain the Will and its kinds and essentials.

Q.6. Define Dower. What are its different kinds?

P.T.O.

Q.7. Briefly explain the rights and duties of a Guardian under the provisions of the Guardian & Wards Act.

Q.8. What are the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance 1961 and its impact on the law and society at large?

Q.9. What particular steps are taken before the division of the estate of a deceased, prior to its distribution amongst the legal heirs?

Q.10. Write short notes on the following:

- A) Imam Abu Hanifa
- B) Waqf



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – II Supplementary Exam – 2019

Subject: Muslim Personal Law

Paper: V (Common)

Roll No. ....

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

**NOTE:** *Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.*

- Q.1. Quran Majeed as primary source of Islamic law, plays a vital role in Islamic Legislation. Explain and illustrate.
- Q.2. Ijtihad will continue to correspond to the needs of Ummah in changing world and times. Explain
- Q.3. Kindly explain and illustrate the ingredients of Marriage in accordance with the Injunctions of Shariah.
- Q.4. What is the importance of Dower in the contract of a marriage? Whether a Marriage conducted without fixing the Dower is valid under Islamic Law?
- Q.5. Gift takes place between the parties out of love and affection normally. Define Gift and its essentials in the light of the Islamic principles.
- Q.6. Enumerate and explain briefly the valid objects of a Waqf?
- Q.7. What is the procedure of appointing the Guardian of a Ward with specific reference to the Guardian & Wards Act 1890?
- Q.8. Explain the general principles regulating the Islamic Law of Inheritance.
- Q.9. The Muslim Family Laws Ordinance 1961, has brought about certain changes. Kindly highlight by expressing your own views.
- Q.10. Write short notes on the following:
  - a) Imam Malik
  - b) Will



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

**L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – II Annual Examination – 2020**

**Subject: Muslim Personal Law**

**Paper: V (Common)**

Roll No. ....

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

**NOTE: Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.**

- Q.1. Quran and Sunnah of the Holy Prophet (خاتم النبيين ﷺ) plays a vital role in Islamic Legislation and both can't be understood and interpreted in isolation, explain and illustrate.
- Q.2. Ijtihad can only be carried out by the experts in the field known as Mujtahids. Briefly explain the necessary conditions for a Mujtahid to conduct the delicate responsibility of ijti had.
- Q.3. What constitutes a marriage? Briefly explain its different kinds.
- Q.4. There are different modes and ways to dissolve the bondage of marriage. Please explain and illustrate.
- Q.5. What is a Will and its kinds and essentials?
- Q.6. Dower is one of the fundamental ingredients of Marriage. Define and discuss its kinds, and effects if dower is not fixed at the time of contracting marriage.
- Q. 7. What are the rights and duties of Guardian and Ward under the relevant provisions of Guardian and Wards Act 1890? Briefly explain the different kinds of Guardians.
- Q.8. There are certain salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance 1961 and their impact on the law and society at large, kindly explain with your own views.
- Q.9. What particular steps are normally taken before the division of the estate of a deceased, prior to its distribution amongst the legal heirs.
- Q.10. Write short notes on the following:
- Waqf
  - Imam Ahmad Bin Hambal



# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (03 Years) Part – II Annual Examination – 2021

Roll No. ....

Subject: Muslim Personal Law

Paper: V (Common)

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

**NOTE:** Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

Q.1. Sunnah of the Holy Prophet ﷺ plays a vital role in Islamic Legislation. Explain and illustrate.

Q.2. What is Ijtehad? What are the basic qualifications of a competent Mujtahid to conduct it?

Q.3. Define marriage and its different kinds provided under the Islamic law and their effects thereof.

Q.4. What are different modes of dissolution of marriage as per Islamic Law? Explain

Q.5. Kindly define and explain the Will and its kinds and ingredients.

Q.6. Define Dower. Kindly discuss its different kinds?

Q.7. Briefly explain the rights and duties of a Guardian under the relevant provisions of the Guardian & Wards Act.

Q.8. What are the salient features of Muslim Family Laws Ordinance 1961 and its impact on the law and society at large?

Q.9. What particular steps are taken before the division of the estate of a deceased, prior to its distribution amongst the legal heirs?

Q.10. Write short notes on the following:

A) Imam Abu Hanifa

B) Waqf