



NOTE: Attempt SIX questions in all, selecting FIVE questions from Part-I and ONE question from Part-II. All questions carry equal marks.

PART-I (CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE)

- Q. 1. Bail can be granted even in non-bailable cases. Enlist the exceptions. (16)
- Q.2. Discuss the powers of Magistrate to control the dispute over possession of an Immovable property. (16)
- Q.3 What is confession? How it is recorded? Discuss in the light of CrPC. (16)
- Q.4. what are the grounds for transfer of criminal cases by High Court from one subordinate court to another provided in Criminal Procedure Code? (16)
- Q.5. what do you understand by illegalities and irregularities? Which of these vitiate and which of these do not vitiate proceedings. (16)
- Q.6. what is meant by FIRST INFORMATION REPORT? Discuss the importance of FIR in criminal cases. (16)
- Q.7. State the provision of law relating to Tender of pardon to accomplice. (16)
- Q.8. Discuss the principle of proclamation of person absconding, can the property of such person be attached, if sounder, what procedure?

PART II (MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE)

- Q.11. In criminal cases, medico legal report is a substantive proof to punish an accused. Throw light on it thoroughly. (20)
- Q.12. what points are usually noted for the purpose of identification of dead body or of fragmentary remains of dead body at the time of post mortem examination? (20)



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (05 Years) Part – V Annual Examination – 2022

Roll No.

Subject: Criminal Procedure Code and Medical Jurisprudence
Paper: II (Common)

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting FOUR questions from Part-I and ONE question from Part-II. All questions carry equal marks.

PART – I (CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE)

1. Describe the various CLASSES OF CRIMINAL COURTS along with SENTENCES which these courts may pass.
2. What does JUSTICE OF PEACE means? Explain the powers and duties of Justice of peace under Criminal Procedure Code.
3. What does ARREST means? Who is competent to arrest? When a police officer can arrest without warrant?
4. What do understand of the term UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY? Write and explain different measures which may be adopted by the law enforcement agencies against unlawful assembly.
5. What is meant by FIRST INFORMATION REPORT? Write down all steps of investigation.
6. What is meant by BAIL BEFORE ARREST? Discuss the Law and ground provided in Cr.PC for grant of such bail.
7. What does TRIAL means? Discuss the PROCEDURE of trial of a criminal case by a court of sessions.
8. What is meant by CHARGE and what are its essentials? Whether a separate charge should be framed for every distinct offence. Discuss in detail.

PART – II (MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE)

9. Distinguish between the Homicidal, suicidal and accidental wounds.
10. What is POST MORTEM REPORT? Why it is important in criminal cases? Discuss in detail essentials of Post Mortem.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

L.L.B. (05 Years) Part – V Annual Examination – 2021

Roll No.

Subject: Criminal Procedure Code and Medical Jurisprudence
Paper: II (Common)

Time: 3 Hrs. Marks: 100

NOTE: Attempt FIVE questions in all, selecting FOUR questions from Part-I and ONE question from Part-II. All questions carry equal marks.

PART – I (CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE)

Q No. 1	Define the following terms: (a) Bailable and non-bailable offence (c) Investigation (b) Cognizable and non-cognizable cases (d) Inquiry
Q No. 2	Double Jeopardy means not to Punish and prosecute twice for the same offence. Explain the Law relating to the Double Jeopardy given in Cr.PC.
Q No. 3	What is meant by Bail? Discuss different grounds of granting bail in non-bailable offences?
Q No. 4	What does Justice of Peace means? Explain powers and duties of Justice of Peace under the Code of Criminal Procedure?
Q No. 5	Discuss the powers of High Court to issue directions of the nature of HABEAS CORPUS?
Q No. 6	What is meant by illegalities and irregularities provided in Cr.PC? Which of these vitiate and which of these do not vitiate proceedings.
Q No. 7	What is appeal? Explain the law about appeal against order of acquittal.
Q No. 8	What are different classes of criminal courts as provided in Code of Criminal Procedure? Also describe their powers to sentence in criminal cases.

PART – II (MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE)

Q No. 9	What are different methods of taking finger prints? What is their use and importance in criminal proceedings?
Q No. 10	What does Medico Legal Report means? Explain its essentials and importance in criminal cases.