# UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB



#### B.A. / B.Sc. Part – I Annual Examination - 2017

	No			

Subject: Microbiology-I

PAPER: A (Fundamentals of Microbiology)

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 15 min.

MAX. MARKS: 42

#### **USE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED**

INTRUCTIONS: Part II is Subjective. Attempt three questions from Part II. All questions carry equal marks. Maximum time for Part II is 2 hours and 15 munites.

Sr. No.		PART II			
		Attempt any Three Questions	Marks		
Q3	<b>a</b> ).	Give a brief account of Shape and Arrangement of bacterial cells.	5		
	b).	Compare various types of Light Microscopy.	5		
	c).	Write a note on Restriction Endonucleases.	4		
Q4	<b>a</b> ).	Is spore formation in bacteria a method of reproduction or a means of multiplication? Explain.	4		
	b).	Draw a typical bacterial Growth Curve and label the various phases. Discuss	6		
		those factors which determine the beginning and end of each phase.	[		
	c).	Differentiate between Selective and Differential culture media with examples.	4		
Q5	a).	Describe structure and chemical composition of bacterial Cell Wall and its relevance to Gram's staining.	6		
	b).	Define Genetic Engineering? What are its applications?	4		
	c).	What are the industrial applications of Pasteurization?	4		
<b>Q6</b>	a).	Indicate the various toxic derivative of oxygen and explain how aerobic	5		
		organisms might protect themselves against these derivatives.			
	b).	Give a brief account of Glycolysis.	5		
	c).	What are major methods of Food Preservation?	4		
<b>Q7</b>		Write short notes on the following:	5		
_	a).	Biological Nitrogen Fixation	,		
	b).	Bacterial Capsules	5		
	c).	Food Intoxication	4		

## UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

### B.A. / B.Sc. Part - I **Annual Examination - 2017**

Subject: Microbiology-I

TIME ALLOWED: 45 min.

Roll No. .....

PAPER: A (Fundamentals of Microbiology)

MAX. MARKS: 28

Instructions: Part I is Objective and should be on a separate sheet with space for Roll No. and Name. Q # 1 and Q # 2 in part I are compulsory and Time for Part I is 45 minutes. Cutting, overwriting and use of ink remover is not allowed.

Sr. No.	remover is not allowed.  PART I	Marks
<b>51.</b> 110.	Q1 and Q2 are Compulsory	
Q1 a)	State whether the statement is True or False.	7
	i). Joseph Lister used the term animalcules to refer the microorganisms he observed.	
	ii). Gram staining is use frequently to identify Mycobacterium that contain high amounts of lipids.	
	iii). Edward Jenner proved the concept of Germ Theory of disease.	
	iv). Members of the genera <i>Pseudomonas</i> and <i>Streptococcus</i> are able to produce endospores	
	v). The function of RNA polymerase is to unzip the DNA double helix.	
	vi). A bacterial medium that contains 3 g of beef extract and 5 g of sodium chloride dissolved in 1L of water is a Complex medium.	
b)	vii). Photoorganotrophs can survive on minerals and CO <sub>2</sub> alone.  Fill in the blanks by using suitable words.	7
	i). Flagella are composed of long, rigid strands of a protein called	
	ii). Teichoic acid is present in the cell walls of	
	iii) staining is particularly applicable for staining rickettsias and protozoa.	
	iv). The loss of water and shrinkage of a bacterial cell in a hyperosmotic environment is known as	
	v)equation is used to calculate the generation time "g" of bacterial population.	
	vi). Anabolic reactions usually involve the of energy, while	
	catabolic reactions involve the of energy.	
	vii). Psychrophiles grow well at °C and have an optimum growth temperature of °C or lower; the maximum is around °C.	Page

i). The biggest obstacle in t	he acceptance and development of the	
science of microbiology w	, i	
(a). Lack of effective vaccine	s (b). Lack of sterile containers	
(c). Theory of spontaneous ge	eneration (d). Use of aseptic technique	
ii). What surgical practice w	as established by Lister?	
(a). Antisepsis	(b). Chemotherapy	
(c). Sterilization	(d). Tyndallization	
•	xin in Gram-negative bacteria is a result o	of the
presence of:		
(a). Peptidoglycan	(b). Steroids	
(c). Lipopolysaccharides	(d). Polypeptides	
iv). Which one of the followi bacteria?	ng is not a genus within the gram-positi	ive
(a). Staphylococcus	(b). Methanogens	
(c). <i>Mycoplasma</i>	(d). Bacillus and Clostridium	
v). Spherical bacterial cells i	n chains would be referred to as a	
arrangem	ent.	-
(a). Tetrad (c). Staphylococcus	(b). Streptococcus (d). Vibrio	
	duces 5 generations in 2 hours. What is	400
	erium under those conditions?	the
(a). 15 minutes	(b). 24 minutes	
(c). 30 minutes	(d). 1 hour	
vii). If the carbon source in a	medium is beef extract, the medium m	ust
be an example of:		
(a). Complex	(b). chemically defined	
c). Selective	(d). Synthetic	Page 2 of 3
	•	

viii). Microorganisms that use or sources are:	ganic compounds as energy and carbon	
(a). Chemoheterotrophs	(b). Chemoautotrophs	
(c). Photoautotrophs	(d). Photoheterotrophs	
ix). The electron transport chain	is directly involved with:	
(a). ATP synthesis	(b). CO <sub>2</sub> production	
(c). H <sup>+</sup> pumping	(d). Generating O <sub>2</sub> gas	
x). A frameshift mutation is:		
(a). Insertion of one base	(b). Insertion of more than one base	
(c). Deletion of one or more bases	(d) All of the above	
ki). The enzymeadds	complementary bases to the DNA	
template strand during replication	on.	
(a). Ligase	(b). Helicase	
(c). DNA polymerase	(d). RNA polymerase	
tii). For bactericidal activity	have the ability to cause	
thymine dimer formation.		
a). Ultraviolet light	(b). X rays	
c). Gamma rays	(d). Microwaves	
iii). How many chromosomes are	e found in typical bacterial cell?	
a). 2	(b). 1	
c). 4		
•	(d). 23	
	rial groups would you expect to be	
iv). Which of the following bacte	rial groups would you expect to be	