



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Roll No.

First Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Gender Studies-I (MAS)
Course Code: GEND-111

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

OBJECTIVE (PART-I)

Q. No. 1

1. The Second World Conference on Women took place in which of the following city?

- a) Mexico City b) Copenhagen c) Nairobi d) Beijing

2. The concept of Gender Mainstreaming was first proposed in 1985 at _____ World Conference on Women?

- a) First b) Second c) Third d) Fourth

3. The identity one is born with is called.

- a) Biology b) Gender c) Sex d) Transgender

4. The violence someone faces within the house by a family member is called.

- a) Physical Violence b) Emotional Violence c) Domestic Violence d) Family Violence

5. The society where superiority and control is given to the persons on basis of being male is called.

- a) Matriarchal b) Balanced c) Patriarchal d) None of these

PTO

6. Depriving a person from particular rights and opportunities just on the basis of his biological identity is called.

- a) Gender Discrimination b) Sex Discrimination c) Violation of Rights d) Inequality

7. Collecting data separately of males and females to identify their different needs is called.

- a) Raw Data b) Sex Disaggregated Data c) Qualitative Data d) Numerical Data

8. A marital relation where a man has two or more wives at the same time is called.

- a) Polygamy b) Monogamy c) Polyandry d) Polygyny

9. A society where no one is discriminated on the basis of biological or social identity is called having.

- a) Justice b) Gender Equality c) Harmony d) Democracy

10. An unseen barrier in an organizational hierarchy which women can't cross due to patriarchal influence while promotion is called.

- a) Glass Ceiling b) Organizational barrier c) Promotional Barrier d) None of these



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TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

(Part-II)

Give Short Answers

Q. No 2

(20 marks)

- i. Define Hunting and Gathering Age with gender perspective.
- ii. Differentiate between Gender Equality and Equity through an example.
- iii. What is Gender sensitization?
- iv. What is the process of socialization?
- v. Differentiate gender from sex

(Part-II)

Subjective

Attempt two questions. All questions carry equal marks.

(15x2)

Q. No. 3 Why Gender Studies is important to understand various aspects of human life in a society?

Q. No. 4 Why it is important to include gender mainstreaming in policies and programs?

Q. No. 5 Define how Pakistani society discriminates on the basis of gender?

Q. No. 6 Why gender equality is required? Suggest the measures to bring gender equality in Pakistani society.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Roll No.

First Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Introduction to Gender Studies-I
Course Code: GS-101

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Encircle right option

1. Discrimination that a person face because of his or her gender is _____.

- e) Sex Discrimination
- f) Gender Discrimination
- g) Both A and B
- h) None of Above

2. Patriarchy literally means _____.

- e) Rule of father
- f) Rule of mother
- g) Dictatorship
- h) None of above

3. According to feminists even today language is _____.

- e) Gender biased
- f) Sexist
- g) Gender neutral
- h) All of above

4. Under sexual division men and women are calle _____.

- e) Male, female
- f) Masculine ,feminine
- g) Androgynous
- h) All of above

5. Gender means -----

- e) Men and women
- f) Biological differences between men and women

(P.T.O.)

- g) Socio-cultural classification of men and women into masculine and feminine**
- h) None of above**

6. Gender mainstreaming is the policy concept of assessing the different action policies for--

- e) Men**
- f) Women**
- g) Old citizens**
- h) Men and women**

7. Gender Studies came into being after ----- wave of feminism.

- e) Third**
- f) Second**
- g) First**
- h) Forth**

8. GPI stands for

- e) Gender Power Identity**
- f) Gender Power Income**
- g) Gender Poverty Index**
- h) None of above**

9. Empowerment for women begins in the _____

- e) School**
- f) Households**
- g) Colleges**
- h) Universities**

10. APWA was started by _____.

- e) Begum Ra'analiaqat Ali Khan**
- f) Begum ShaistaIkram**
- g) Fatima Jinnah**
- h) Asma Jahangir**



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First Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Introduction to Gender Studies-I
Course Code: GS-101

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Section II

Q. Define following terms

- i. Gender Lens
- ii. Gender Equality
- iii. Sex and Gender (10)
- iv. Gender Sensitization

Q.2 What is the difference between Women's Studies and gender Studies? (5)

Q.3 Briefly explain Women empowerment. (5)

Section III

Q.1 Discuss gender issues arising from patriarchy. (10)

Q.2 Discuss how gender is constructed through language. (10)

Q.3 How individuals can be gender sensitive? Give suggestions (10)



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Roll No.

First Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Global Feminist Movements
Course Code: GS-102

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Max marks: 10

Circle the correct answer. Each statement carries one mark.

1. Seneca Fall convention was held in
 - New York
 - Seattle
 - Louisville

2. The struggle for equality of wages was done during
 - First wave feminism
 - Second wave feminism
 - Post-modern feminism

3. The division of suffragists and suffragettes happened due to difference in
 - Financial matters
 - Political matters
 - Domestic matters

4. The period of third wave feminism is framed as
 - 1920 onwards
 - 1950 onwards
 - 1985 onwards

5. The Equal Pay Act in Britain was levied in
 - 1967
 - 1951
 - 1970

(P.T.O.)

6. Britannia was the name acquired by ----- during World War I
 - Suffragettes
 - Abolitionists
 - Civil servants
7. The slogan 'personal is political' was famously used during
 - World War I
 - Second wave feminism
 - New feminism
8. A **Vindication of the Rights of Woman** by Mary Wollstonecraft was published in
 - 1805
 - 1920
 - 1792
9. The 19th amendment was ratified in U.S in
 - 1920
 - 1950
 - 1906
10. The Declaration of Sentiments was presented during
 - Assembly session
 - Seneca convention
 - Political meeting



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

First Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Global Feminist Movements
Course Code: GS-102

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Short answer questions

Each question carries 05 marks. Give precise answers.

- Q1. 'One is not born but rather becomes a woman' Explain this renowned slogan and who used this in her book?
- Q2. What is the main stance of post-modern feminism? Explain briefly.
- Q3. Why a day was named Black Friday during feminist movement?
- Q4. How did World War II serve as a catalyst for second wave of feminism?

Detailed answer questions

Each question carries 10 marks. Give a concise note on each.

- Q1. What is the Charter of Women rights? What is its significance in women emancipation movement?
- Q2. What are the similarities and differences in the struggle for women rights in Egypt and Turkey? Write a note on each.
- Q3. What are the salient features of the third wave feminism? Discuss elaborately.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Second Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Introduction to Gender Studies II
Course Code: GS-103 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q.1. Fill in the Blanks. (1x10=10)

- i. Emancipatory knowledge changes in _____ of a normative ideal such as gender quality.
- ii. Myth of protection has been _____ by gender roles in modern times.
- iii. Grameen bank empowers _____ with microcredit loans to run small business.
- iv. Globalization has _____ woman poverty and hunger.
- v. Double burden means _____.
- vi. Gender and development study of Gender refers to _____ study of Gender.
- vii. Under sexual division men and women are called _____ and _____.
- viii. Term status quo means _____.
- ix. Developmental Empowerment of women begins at _____.
- x. Concept of gender mainstreaming was given at _____ world conference on women.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Second Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Socio-Cultural Aspects of Gender
Course Code: GS-104 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Section II: Answer any FOUR questions precisely. Each question carries 5 marks.

- Q1. Define glass-ceiling? Explain briefly how this phenomenon discriminate against women?
- Q2. Explain through an example, how and when does language becomes gendered?
- Q3. What plays a larger role in constructing gender roles; religion or culture? Explain the answer from your personal experience?
- Q4. Discuss how girls perform in a coed classroom.
- Q5. Define patriarchy and what is its role in social construction of gender?
- Q6. What are the major socio-cultural issues in Pakistan?
- Q7. How gender roles are changing in the present times. Give example to explain your argument.

Section III: Answer any THREE questions elaborately. Each question carries 10 marks.

- Q1. How do institutions like family, class rooms and work places become gendered? What are the reasons due to which they are termed as gendered?
- Q2. Do you think both culture and religion play a role in developing gender roles and beliefs? Elaborate your answer.
- Q3. Use Nature/Culture argument to show that gender is a social construct.
- Q4. In your opinion, why there is low female participation in the country?
- Q5. Discuss why gender is important for the development of a country. Give arguments to support your point of view.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Second Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Socio-Cultural Aspects of Gender
Course Code: GS-104 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Section I: Each statement carries 1 mark. Circle the correct answer. 10

1. Culture refers to the ----- beliefs, values, traditions, and behavior patterns of a particular group

- individual
- shared
- odd

2. ----- endorse man as breadwinner, woman as housewife.

- Marxist ideology
- Traditional gender ideology
- Contemporary gender ideology

3. One of the ways to measure gender segregation is finding:

- gender role analysis
- density of male/females in occupations
- gender equality index

4. The word man is used to denote mankind. This is an example of:

- stereotyping
- gendered language
- gender bias

5. Gender is a ----- concept.

- social
- biological
- psychological

(P.T.O.)

6. One of Kimmel's major arguments is that gender is a property of -----.

- institutions
- relations
- interactions

7. Marxist feminists explain patriarchy in terms of:

- lack of equal rights and opportunities for men and women
- sex classes, through which men oppress women economically, politically and sexually
- women's domestic labor being exploited by the capitalist economy

8. The 'nuclear family' means:

- A group of people sharing living accommodation and meals
- A network of relatives extended within or between generations
- A two generation unit of parents and their children

9. Restricting women to get promotion form a certain level of hierarchy within an organization is called:

- Gender discrimination
- Violence against women
- Glass ceiling

10. Taking one's own culture as standards of judging others' culture is:

- Ethnocentrism
- Xenocentrism
- Cultural shock



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Second Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Women's History in Pakistan
Course Code: GS-105 / 111 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Question # 1: MCQ's

(1x10=10)

سوال نمبر 1: درج ذیل میں سے درست جواب کا انتخاب کریں۔

i. Few of women emerged during the Khilafat Movement in.

- (a) 1919-1922 (b) 1934-38 (c) 1920-24 (d) Non of the above

i. تحریک خلافت کے دوران چند خواتین سیاسی منظر عام پر آئیں۔

(الف) 1919-1922 (ب) 1934-38

(ج) 1920-24 (د) ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

ii. Bi-Amma was the mother of.

- (a) Quaid-e-Azam (b) Allama Iqbal
(c) Maulana Shaukat ali (d) Liaquat Ali Khan

ii. بی اماں کس کی والدہ تھیں؟

(الف) قائد اعظم (ب) علامہ اقبال

(ج) مولانا شوکت علی (د) لیاقت علی خان

iii. Women's Sub-committee of the Muslim League was created by.

- (a) Fatima Jinnah (b) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
(c) Quaid-e-Azam (d) Non of above

iii. مسلم لیگ میں خواتین کی ذیلی کمیٹی کس نے تشکیل دی؟

(الف) فاطمہ جناح (ب) سر سید احمد خان

(ج) قائد اعظم (د) ان میں سے کوئی نہیں

iv. The founder principal of the Jinnah Islamia College for Girls in Lahore was.

- (a) Begum Fatima (b) Fatima Jinnah
(c) Ali Brothers (d) Begum Ra'ana

iv. جناح اسلامیہ کالج برائے خواتین لاہور کی بانی پرنسپل تھیں۔

(الف) بیگم فاطمہ (ب) فاطمہ جناح (ج) علی برادران (د) بیگم رعنا

v. In order to attend the International Herald Tribune Forum in September 1946, Quaid-e-Azam nommited.

- (a) Jahanara Shahnawaz (b) Begum Fatima
(c) Fatima Jinnah (d) Shaista Ikramullah

v. ستمبر 1946 میں International Herald Tribune Forum میں شرکت کرنے کے لیے قائد اعظم نے

کس خاتون کا انتخاب کیا؟

(الف) جہاں آراء شاہنواز (ب) بیگم فاطمہ (ج) فاطمہ جناح (د) شائستہ اکرام اللہ

P.T.O.

- vi. The Pakistan Women's National Guard was formed in.
 (a) 1948 (b) 1946 (c) 1950 (d) 1947
 پاکستان ویمن نیشنل گارڈ کا قیام کس سال عمل میں آیا؟ vi.
 1947(د) 1950(ج) 1946(ب) 1948(الف)
- vii. Fatima Jinnah contested presidential elections against Ayub Khan in.
 (a) 1960 (b) 1965 (c) 1970 (d) Non of above
 محترمہ فاطمہ جناح نے ایوب خان کے خلاف صدارتی الیکشن کس سال میں لڑا؟ vii.
 1960(الف) 1965(ب) 1970(ج) (د) ان میں سے کوئی نہیں
- viii. Pakistani women were granted the light to vote in.
 (a) 1950 (b) 1947 (c) 1951 (d) 1948
 پاکستانی خواتین کو حق رائے دہی کس سال میں ملا؟ viii.
 1948(د) 1951(ج) 1947(ب) 1950(الف)
- ix. The first round Table Conference was convened in.
 (a) 1930 (b) 1935 (c) 1938 (d) 1920
 پہلی گول میز کانفرنس کا انعقاد کس سال میں ہوا؟ ix.
 1920(د) 1938(ج) 1935(ب) 1930(الف)
- x. Begum Ra'ana Liaquat Ali Khan was died in.
 (a) 1995 (b) 1990 (c) 1985 (d) 1980
 بیگم رعنا لیاقت علی خان نے کس سال میں وفات پائی؟ x.
 1980(د) 1985(ج) 1990(ب) 1995(الف)



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Second Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Women's History in Pakistan
Course Code: GS-105 / 111 Part - II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Question # 2: Write down short notes on following.

(4x5=20)

سوال نمبر 2: درج ذیل پر مختصر نوٹ لکھیں۔

- i. What is the importance of Women's organizations in uplifting the status of women in Pakistan?
پاکستان میں خواتین کی ترقی میں خواتین سے متعلق تنظیموں کے کردار کی اہمیت پر روشنی ڈالیں۔ i.
- ii. Explain the perspective of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan on women's education.
خواتین کی تعلیم سے متعلق سر سید احمد خان کا نقطہ نظر واضح کریں۔ ii.
- iii. Highlight the impact of colonization on the status of women in sub-continent.
برصغیر میں خواتین پر نوآبادیاتی نظام کے اثرات کی وضاحت کریں۔ iii.
- iv. Write down the status of women in the Mughal Period.
مغل دور میں خواتین کے مقام پر روشنی ڈالیں۔ iv.

Question # 3: Questions with Brief Answers.

(10x3=30)

سوال نمبر 3: درج ذیل پر نوٹ لکھیں۔

- i. Write a comprehensive note on the status and role of women in Pakistan with special reference to Quaid-e-Azam's sayings.
قائد اعظم کے ارشادات کی روشنی میں خواتین کے مقام و کردار پر جامع نوٹ تحریر کریں۔ i.
- ii. Explain the role of women in Independence Movement of Pakistan.
تحریک آزادی پاکستان میں خواتین کے کردار کی وضاحت کریں۔ ii.
- iii. Write a comprehensive note on the role of Bi-Ama and its importance in Pakistan Freedom Movement.
تحریک آزادی میں بی اماں کے کردار اور ان کی اہمیت کا تفصیلی جائزہ پیش کریں۔ iii.



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Second Semester - 2018
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Roll No.

PAPER: Gender Studies-II (MAS)
Course Code: GEND-112 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q.1. MCQs (10x1=10)

i. GDA stands for

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Gender and Development | b) Gender and Disaster |
| c) Gender and Dementia | d) Gender and Diseases |

.i جی۔ ای۔ ڈی کا ----- مخفف ہے؟

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (الف) جینڈر اینڈ ڈیولپمنٹ | (ب) جینڈر اینڈ ڈیزیز اسٹڈیز |
| (ج) جینڈر اینڈ ڈیمینٹیا | (د) جینڈر اینڈ ڈیزیز |

ii. International women suffrage alliance was established in

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a) 1904 | b) 1905 |
| c) 1902 | d) 1920 |

.ii انٹرنیشنل ویمن سٹریجیٹک الائنس ----- میں قائم ہوا۔

- | | |
|------------|----------|
| (الف) 1904 | (ب) 1905 |
| (ج) 1902 | (د) 1920 |

iii. Number of allocated special seats for women in Pakistani parliament is

- | | |
|-------|-------|
| a) 40 | b) 60 |
| c) 70 | d) 50 |

.iii پاکستانی پارلیمنٹ میں خواتین کی مخصوص نشستوں کی تعداد ----- ہے۔

- | | |
|----------|--------|
| (الف) 40 | (ب) 60 |
| (ج) 70 | (د) 50 |

iv. National Commission on status of women was established in

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) July 2010 | b) July 2002 |
| c) July 2003 | d) July 2000 |

.iv نیشنل کمیشن آن اسٹیٹس آف ویمن ----- میں قائم ہوا۔

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| (الف) July 2010 | (ب) July 2002 |
| (ج) July 2003 | (د) July 2000 |

v. Started in USA in 1960.

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| a) First wave of feminism | b) Forth wave of feminism |
| c) Third wave of feminism | d) Second wave of feminism |

.v ----- کا امریکہ میں 1960 میں آغاز ہوا۔

- | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| (الف) نسوانیت کی پہلی تحریک | (ب) نسوانیت کی چوتھی تحریک |
| (ج) نسوانیت کی تیسری تحریک | (د) نسوانیت کی دوسری تحریک |

(P.T.O.)

- vi. MDG stands for
- a) Millennium Development Goals b) Millennium Digital Goals
c) Minimum Development Goals d) Minimum Digital Goals
- ایم۔ ڈی۔ جی مخفف ہے؟ .vi
- (الف) میلینیم ڈویلپمنٹ گولز (صدل کے ترقیاتی اہداف) (ب) میلینیم ڈیجیٹل گولز
(ج) مینیم ڈویلپمنٹ گولز (کم از کم ترقیاتی اہداف) (د) مینیم ڈیجیٹل گولز
- vii. WAD stands for
- a) Women and Development b) Working and Development
c) Women and deficiencies d) None of these
- ڈبلیو اے ڈی مخفف ہے؟ .vii
- (الف) ویمن اینڈ ڈویلپمنٹ (ب) ورکنگ اینڈ ڈویلپمنٹ
(ج) ویمن اینڈ ڈیفیشینسز (د) کوئی بھی نہیں
- viii. WID stands for
- a) Women in Development b) Working in Development
c) Both a and b d) None of these
- ڈبلیو آئی ڈی مخفف ہے؟ .viii
- (الف) ویمن ان ڈویلپمنٹ (ب) ورکنگ ان ڈویلپمنٹ
(ج) الف اور ب دونوں (د) کوئی بھی نہیں
- ix. WHO stands for
- a) World Health Organization b) Women Health Organization
c) Women Higher Organization d) None of these
- ڈبلیو ایچ او مخفف ہے؟ .ix
- (الف) ورلڈ ہیلتھ آرگنائزیشن (ب) ویمن ہیلتھ آرگنائزیشن
(ج) ویمن ہائر آرگنائزیشن (د) کوئی بھی نہیں
- x. GAD stands for
- a) Gender and Development b) Gender and Devices
c) Both a and b d) None of these
- جی۔ اے۔ ڈی مخفف ہے؟ .x
- (الف) جینڈر اینڈ ڈویلپمنٹ (ب) جینڈر اینڈ ڈیوائسز
(ج) الف اور ب دونوں (د) کوئی بھی نہیں



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Second Semester - 2018
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PAPER: Gender Studies-II (MAS)
Course Code: GEND-112 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Q.2. Short Questions:

(4x5=20)

i. Enlist five indicators of women empowerment?

(الف) ویمن ایسپاورمنٹ کے پانچ اشارے لکھیں؟

ii. What is WID approach?

(ب) ڈبلیو-آئی-ڈی کا طریقہ کار کیا ہے؟

iii. Write three ways by which NGOs can contribute in process of gender equality?

(ج) این-جی-اے کے جینڈر کی برابری میں حصہ ڈالنے کے تین طریقہ کار بیان کریں؟

iv. Define GED approach?

(د) جی-ای-ڈی کا طریقہ کار بیان کریں؟

Q.3. Long Questions:

(3x10=30)

i. How social media has empowered women in Pakistan? Write your answer with the help of three examples?

(الف) پاکستان میں سوشل میڈیا خواتین کی ترقی میں کیا کردار ادا کر رہا ہے؟ اپنے جواب کی کم از کم تین مثالوں سے وضاحت کریں؟

ii. Describe the progress of Pakistan with reference to Sustainable Development goals set in the area of gender?

(ب) جینڈر کے حوالے سے سسٹین ایبل ڈیولپمنٹ اہداف کی پاکستان میں کیا پیش رفت ہوئی ہے؟

iii. Explain in detail gender gap in the field of media in Pakistan?

(ج) پاکستان میں میڈیا کے میدان میں جینڈر گیپ کو تفصیل سے بیان کریں؟



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Third Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Marriage and Family Laws in Pakistan
Course Code: GS-201

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

SECTION-II (20 Marks)

Attempt the following questions with short answers. All questions carry equal marks.

درج ذیل سوالوں کے مختصر جوابات دیں۔ تمام سوالوں کے نمبر یکساں ہیں۔

- Q. 1 Define "Delegated Right to Divorce to Women / Talaq-e-Tafweez" and its legal status in Pakistan (05)
سوال نمبر ۱ طلاق تفویض سے کیا مراد ہے؟ پاکستان کے قوانین میں طلاق تفویض کو کیا حیثیت ہے؟
- Q. 2 State any five grounds of divorce as mentioned in Dissolution of Muslim marriage Act (05)
سوال نمبر ۲ Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act میں درج طلاق لینے کی کوئی سی پانچ وجوہات لکھیں۔
- Q. 3 Reflect upon the law of maintenance in Pakistan. (05)
سوال نمبر ۳ پاکستان میں قوامیت سے متعلق قوانین پر روشنی ڈالیں۔
- Q. 4 Write down the process of divorce according to MFLO. (05)
سوال نمبر ۴ مسلم فیملی لاء آرڈیننس کے حوالے سے طلاق کے مراحل پر روشنی ڈالیں۔

SECTION-III (30 MARKS)

Attempt any TWO of the following questions. All questions carry equal marks.

درج ذیل سوالات میں سے کوئی سے دو کے جواب دیں۔ تمام سوالات کے نمبر یکساں ہیں۔

- Q. 1 Write a comprehensive note on inheritance laws in Pakistan with special reference to women. (15)
سوال نمبر ۱ عورت کے حوالے سے پاکستان میں موجود وراثت کے قوانین پر جامع نوٹ لکھیں
- Q. 2 Write a detailed note on the following topics: (15)
a). Custody and Guardianship
b). Polygamy
سوال نمبر ۲ درج ذیل عنوانات پر نوٹ لکھیں۔
الف۔ حضانت ب۔ کثرت الازوج
- Q. 3 Discuss the issue of dowry in Pakistan and also describe the critical analysis of its legal prohibition in Pakistan. (15)
سوال نمبر ۳ پاکستان میں جہیز کے نظام سے متعلق مسائل پر روشنی ڈالیں۔ نیز اس کے حوالے سے موجود قوانین کا تنقیدی جائزہ پیش کریں۔



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Roll No.

Third Semester 2018

Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Marriage and Family Laws in Pakistan
Course Code: GS-201

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

SECTION-I (OBJECTIVE PORTION)

- Q. 1 Circle the correct answer: سوال نمبر 1: صحیح جواب کے گرد دائرہ لگائیں۔
- Muslim family Law Ordinance was issued in:
 - 1925
 - 1971
 - 1961
 - 1980

مسلم فیملی لاء آرڈیننس کا اجراء ہوا: i.

الف۔ 1925 ب۔ 1971 ج۔ 1961 د۔ 1980
 - Qisas refers to:
 - Child custody
 - Forced Marriage
 - Divorce
 - None of these

قصاص سے مراد ہے۔ ii.

الف۔ حفاظت ب۔ جبری شادی ج۔ طلاق د۔ ان میں سے کوئی نہیں
 - Every marriage solemnized under Muslim Law shall be registered under:
 - Family Courts Act, 1964
 - Muslim Family Laws Ordinance
 - Guardians and Wards Act.
 - The Divorce Act 1869

مسلم لاء کے تحت ہونے والی شادی کار جسٹریٹ ہونا کس آرڈیننس کے تحت ضروری ہے؟ iii.

الف۔ فیملی کورٹ ایکٹ 1964 ب۔ مسلم فیملی لاء آرڈیننس ج۔ گارڈین اینڈ وارڈز ایکٹ د۔ طلاق ایکٹ 1869
 - Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act was issued in:
 - 1939
 - 1980
 - 2010
 - 1978

مسلمانوں میں شادی کے بعد طہرگی کا قانون کب جاری ہوا؟ iv.

الف۔ 1939 ب۔ 1980 ج۔ 2010 د۔ 1978
 - Nikkah Registrar is a licensed person to register marriage by:
 - Federal Govt.
 - Union Council
 - Provincial Govt.
 - Police Station

نکاح رجسٹرار کو شادی رجسٹر کرنے کا لائسنس کس کی طرف سے جاری ہوتا ہے؟ v.

الف۔ وفاقی حکومت ب۔ یونین کونسل ج۔ صوبائی حکومت د۔ پولیس سٹیشن
 - Dower refers to:
 - Gifts given to bridal by parents
 - Payment from the husband to the wife
 - Women filing Divorce
 - None of these

مہر سے مراد ہے۔ vi.

الف۔ دلہن کے گھر والوں کی طرف سے تحائف ب۔ شوہر کی بیوی کو پہننے کی ادائیگی ج۔ عورت کا شوہر سے طلاق لینا د۔ ان میں سے کوئی نہیں
 - Polygamy refers to:
 - Husband divorcing wife
 - Men keeping more than one wife
 - husband giving right to divorce to wife
 - 1 and 3

کثرت الازواج سے مراد ہے۔ vii.

الف۔ شوہر کا بیوی کو طلاق دینا ب۔ مرد کا ایک سے زائد شادی کرنا ج۔ شوہر کا بیوی کو طلاق کا حق دینا د۔ الف اور ج
 - Iddah period for a divorced woman in Islam is:
 - 4 months 10 days
 - 2 months 20 days
 - 3 months
 - 4 months 5 days

اسلام کے مطابق ایک طلاق یافتہ عورت کی عہد کا عرصہ ہے۔ viii.

الف۔ چار ماہ دس دن ب۔ دو ماہ بیس دن ج۔ تین ماہ د۔ چار ماہ پانچ دن
 - Daughter's share in Inheritance is:
 - 1/2 of a son
 - equal to a son
 - 2/3 of a son
 - None of these

بچی کا وراثت میں حق بیٹے کے مقابلہ میں ہے؟ ix.

الف۔ 1/2 ب۔ برابر ج۔ 2/3 د۔ ان میں سے کوئی نہیں
 - Dowry and bridal gifts restriction act was issued in:
 - 1976
 - 1990
 - 2000
 - 2010

Dowry and Bridal Gifts Restriction Act پاکستان میں کب جاری ہوا۔ x.

الف۔ 1976 ب۔ 1990 ج۔ 2000 د۔ 2010



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Third Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Feminist Theories
Course Code: GS-202

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

SUBJECTIVE PORTION

- 1. Write short answers to the following:** **20**
1. What is postmodern feminism? 5
2. "Marriage promotes patriarchy". Justify with relevant feminist theory. 5
3. Define Ecofeminism. 5
4. What is queer theory? 5
- 2. Write brief answers to the following:** **30**
1. What is the ideological difference between Liberal and Marxist feminist theory? 15
2. Write down the role of APWA and (Women Action Forum) WAF regarding feminist work in Pakistan. 15



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Roll No.

Third Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Feminist Theories
Course Code: GS-202

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

OBJECTIVE PORTION

Choose any one of the correct answer.

10

1. "Gender division of labor and private sphere of women should be valued", this is the philosophy of _____.
 - a) Socialist feminism
 - b) Liberal Feminism
 - c) Radical Feminism
 - d) Marxist Feminism

2. "To promote liberation for women, Liberation is both an individual transformation and a social transformation", this is said by _____.
 - a) Simone De Beauvoir
 - b) Betty Frieden
 - c) Bell hooks
 - d) Firestone

3. "Roots of women's oppression because of sex based child bearing", which philosophy is underlined:
 - a) Socialist feminism
 - b) Liberal Feminism
 - c) Radical Feminism
 - d) Marxist Feminism

4. 'Patriarchy as a political institution' the idea was given by Kate Millet in her book _____.
 - a) Feminine mystique
 - b) Sexual Politics
 - c) A Vindication of the rights of women
 - d) None of the above

5. "A Vindication of The Rights of Women" (1792) written by: _____.
 - a) Virginia Woolf
 - b) Betty Frieden
 - c) Marry Wollstonecraft
 - d) Simone De Beauvoir

P.T.O.

6. Which country first gave the right to vote to women in 1893?
 - a) New Zealand
 - b) Australia
 - c) Canada
 - d) None of them

7. Marxist feminism claim that_____.
 - a) Ignore race and class in Feminism
 - b) Don't ignore race and class in Feminism
 - c) Ignore Patriarchy
 - d) All of the above

8. APWA was formed in_____.
 - a) 1949
 - b) 1959
 - c) 1948
 - d) 1947

9. Who is the author of "The feminist theory: from Margin to Centre" (1984):
 - a) Virginia Woolf
 - b) Bell hooks
 - c) Firestone
 - d) Susan B

10. The Dialectic of Sex (1970)" written by:
 - a) Betty Frieden
 - b) Bell hooks
 - c) Alice Paul
 - d) Shulamith Firestone's



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Third Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Women and Economic Empowerment
Course Code: GS-203

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

SUBJECTIVE PORTION

Part B. Short Questions 20 Marks

Attempt the following short questions. Each Question carries 05 marks

1. What are the Features /Components of empowerment?
2. Write a short note on Gender related Development Index(GDI)
3. Poverty and Female headed households
4. Role of microcredit in economic empowerment of women

Part C: Brief Answers 30 Marks

Attempt any two of the following. Each question carries 15 marks.

1. Write a brief note on Approaches to Women's Development
2. What Initiatives have been taken for poverty reduction among women in Pakistan?
3. Pen down the Problems faced by women entrepreneurs in Pakistan.



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Roll No.

Third Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Women and Economic Empowerment
Course Code: GS-203

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

OBJECTIVE PORTION

A. Multiple Choice Questions 10 Marks

ENCIRCLE the right option

1. GDI stands for
 - a. Gender related Development Indicators
 - b. Gender related Development Initiatives
 - c. Gender Related Development Index
 - d. All of the above
2. Following was declared as UN decade for women:
 - a. 1965-1975
 - b. 1975-1985
 - c. 1985-1995
 - d. None of the above
3. Grameen Bank provides micro-credit to the poor. It was founded by _____
 - a. Dr. Muhammad Yunas
 - b. Dr. Yunas Butt
 - c. None of the above
 - d. Both a & b
4. SEWA is an abbreviation for
 - a. Self Employed Women's Association
 - b. Socio-Economic Women's Association
 - c. Both a& B
 - d. Neither a nor b
5. The goals of SEWA include
 - a. Employment and self reliance
 - b. Income and housing
 - c. Assets and employment
 - d. All of the above
6. Which of the following is TRUE about NRSP
 - a. It was established in 1991
 - b. It is the largest rural support programme in Pakistan
 - c. It provides micro Finance
 - d. All of the above

P.T.O.

7. Which of the following is TRUE about GEM
 - a. It compares the ability of women and men to participate in economic and political decision making
 - b. It measures gender gaps in the level of development of women with that of both sexes
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. Neither a nor b
8. GDI takes into account the following dimensions of human development
 - a. Health & Knowledge
 - b. Knowledge & Living standards
 - c. Living standards and health
 - d. All of the above
9. Basic purpose of SMEDA is
 - a. To develop small & medium enterprises
 - b. To provide loans
 - c. To protect small & medium enterprises
 - d. All of the above
10. Which of the following is TRUE about BISP
 - a. It stands for Benazir Income support Programme
 - b. It was launched in 2008
 - c. Both a & b
 - d. Neither a nor b



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Third Semester 2018

Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Gender and Religion
Course Code: GS-204

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

SUBJECTIVE PORTION

2. Give short answers from any FOUR of the followings. (5 x 4 = 20)

- (i) Give a precise definition explaining feminism.
- (ii) What is the status of women in Hinduism?
- (iii) Write a brief note on categorization/ types of religions.
- (iv) Write two Qur'anic verses about family system.
- (v) Give a short note on what you think is the current status of women in our society.
- (vi) Write short note on various kinds of feminism.

3. Answer any TWO questions of the followings. (15 x 2 = 30)

- (i) Role of religion in creating preserving and interpreting gender ideology.
- (ii) Write a comprehensive note on Gender Equality in Islam.
- (iii) Briefly explain the status given to women in Christianity.
- (iv) Perspective gender roles and responsibilities in scriptures and authoritative texts in ilhamic and non-ilhamic religions.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Roll No.

Third Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Gender and Religion
Course Code: GS-204

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

OBJECTIVE PORTION

1. Define/ answer any FIVE of the following terms. (2 x 5 = 10)

- (i) Divorce (طلاق)
- (ii) Khulla (خلع)
- (iii) Iddah (عدت)
- (iv) Dowry (Mahr) (مهر)
- (v) Polygamy (تعدد ازواج)
- (vi) Torah (تورات)
- (vii) Gospel (انجيل)



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Third Semester 2018

Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Gender and Psychology
Course Code: GS-205

TIME ALLOWED: 2 hrs. & 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

SUBJECTIVE PORTION

Short Answers

Q.1 Define prenatal phase.

Q. 2 How infertility is defined?

Q.3 What is the role of men in reproductive process?

Q. 4 Define aging.

20 Marks

Give brief answers. Attempt any two questions

Q. 1 Discuss psychological effects of aging on men and women.

Q.2 How psycho-social environment of mother effect on fetus? Give arguments.

Q.3 Discuss changing gender roles in society.

30 Marks



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Roll No.

Third Semester 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

PAPER: Gender and Psychology
Course Code: GS-205

TIME ALLOWED: 30 mins.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

OBJECTIVE PORTION

Encircle right option

1. Psychology is study of

- a) Mind and behavior
- b) Brain
- c) Society
- d) Aptitude

2. Gender refers to psychological aspect whereas sex refers to _____ aspect.

- a) Physiological.
- b) Social
- c) Cultural
- d) Mental

3. Women benefit from the protective effect of estrogen till before

- a) Menopause
- b) Adolescence
- c) Middle Age
- d) Death

4. Men use more _____ aggression.

- a) Social
- b) Relational
- c) Physical
- d) Emotional

5. _____ refers to biological changes that take place with passage of time.

- a) Fatigue
- b) Aging

P.T.O.

- c) Menopause
- d) Tiredness

6. Old people may experience ----- when children have left home for careers and marriage.

- a) Disease
- b) Empty Nest Syndrome
- c) Difficulties
- d) Loneliness

7. Difference in ^waggression are not----- .

- a) Result of socialization
- b) Learning
- c) Biological
- d) Behavioral

8. Women are stereotypically thought to ^{be}----- .

- a) Brave
- b) Bold
- c) Talkative
- d) Strong

9. Period from conception to birth is called ----- .

- a) Postnatal Period
- b) Pre natal Period
- c) Fetus
- d) Fetal development period

10. Maleness is biological whereas masculinity is

- a) Natural
- b) Physical
- c) Socio-Cultural
- d) God gifted



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Men and Masculinities
Course Code: GS-206 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Section I: Encircle the best option. Attempt all questions. (10)

1. Masculinity is understood more as a _____ construct:
 - a. Biological
 - b. Traditional
 - c. Cultural
 - d. None

2. CSMM stands for:
 - a. Connell's Study on Men and Masculinity
 - b. Critical Studies on Men and Masculinities
 - c. Central Support on Men's Movement
 - d. None

3. This is a prejudice or hate against male gender:
 - a. Misogyny
 - b. Misandry
 - c. Patriarchy
 - d. Matriarchy

4. MRA stands for:
 - a. Men's Revolutionary Abilities
 - b. Men's Rights Activist
 - c. Masculinity Rationality Action
 - d. Men's Rights Agency

5. Feminine Societies are:
 - a. Disdain of the weak
 - b. Sympathy for the weak
 - c. Religion focuses on powerful God or gods
 - d. Work prevails over family

P.T.O.

6. Connell's theory of Masculinities was presented in:
- 1892
 - 1994
 - 1995
 - 1896
7. The term _____ is sometimes used broadly to describe men who are important in the life of a child:
- Brother
 - Grand Father
 - Father
 - God Father
8. Representation of man across all media tend to focus on the following:
- Power
 - Physique
 - Dependence of thoughts
 - Sexual attraction
9. When the concept Masculinity was introduced globally?
- 1960
 - 1970
 - 1980
 - 1990
10. Boy, man, uncle, fireman, grandfather are:
- Masculine titles
 - Feminine titles
 - Both
 - None



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Men and Masculinities
Course Code: GS-206 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Q.#2: Write short answers on any FOUR of the following? (4x5=20)

- i. What is the hegemonic Masculinity?
- ii. Explain Masculinity in context of sports and media?
- iii. What are the benefits of trade unions?
- iv. Explain Masculinity and Femininity as a relational concept?
- v. Why do men commit crime?
- vi. Write note on “Men at Work”?

Q.#3: Attempt any THREE questions of the following? (3x10=30)

- i. Explain with examples social construction of masculinity?
- ii. Write about the emergence of Masculinity Studies?
- iii. Briefly explain Connel’s Theory of Masculinity?
- iv. What are the emerging challenges for fatherhood at the present?



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Introduction to Sociology & Sociological Theories
Course Code: GS-207 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q 1: Encircle the most appropriate option given below the statement. (10x1=10)

1. Sociology is known as the _____ of society.
 - a. Living
 - b. Art
 - c. Science
 - d. Education
2. Sociology came to be established as a separate discipline due to the efforts of _____.
 - a. Thomas Hobbs
 - b. Rosseau
 - c. Sir Francis Bacon
 - d. Auguste Comte
3. Individual is the basic unit of the society is the concept presented by _____.
 - a. Emile Durkheim
 - b. Max Weber
 - c. Rosseau
 - d. Sir Francis Bacon
4. Social research motivates inter-disciplinary study.
 - a. True
 - b. False
5. Society is a collection of individuals united by certain _____.
 - a. Emotions
 - b. Institutions
 - c. Associations
 - d. relations
6. Social system consists of two or more individuals among whom we find an established pattern of _____.
 - a. Interaction
 - b. Communication
 - c. Association
 - d. Relation
7. The status about which a person has some choice is called _____ one.
 - a. Ascribed
 - b. Kinship
 - c. Achieved
 - d. powerful
8. In primitive societies, the stress is laid on _____ status.
 - a. Ascribed
 - b. Kinship
 - c. Achieved
 - d. powerful
9. People who belong to the same class can also be classified as _____.
 - a. In-group
 - b. Out-group
 - c. They group
 - d. Same group
10. Sociologists have given the classification of classes, _____.
 - a. Upper class
 - b. Middle class
 - c. Lower class
 - d. All of the above



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Introduction to Sociology & Sociological Theories
Course Code: GS-207 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Q 2: Write the short note on any FOUR of the following.

20 marks (5 each)

1. Contribution of Spencer to the development of Sociology
2. Goals of Sociology
3. Sociology and social relationships
4. Sociology as an abstract science
5. Sociology of Gender
6. Difference between Rural and Urban Sociology

Q.3. Questions with Brief Answers.

(3x10=30)

Q 1: Explain the basic features of society and the societal needs in detail.

Q 2: Describe with examples the formal and informal means of social control in detail.

Q 3: What is functional perspective and why it is considered the most practical perspective in sociology, Debate.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Gender Based Violence
Course Code: GS-208 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Multiple Choice Questions (10)

1. Social learning theory is a theory of learning and social behavior which proposes that new behaviors can be acquired by
 - observing and imitating others
 - reading and writing books
 - self-discovery
2. Women Protection Bill was passed to amend the heavily criticized
 - Hudood Ordinance Laws
 - Women Work place Harassment Laws
 - Women Domestic Laws
3. When was Prevention for Anti Women practices passed
 - 2008
 - 2015
 - 2011
4. A ----- is defined as anything that can be transmitted from one person to another.
 - Entity
 - Resource
 - Valuable
5. Protection against harassment of Women at Workplace Act was passed in
 - 2010
 - 2017
 - 2009
6. A monumental Act was passed on 28 September 1929 in the British India i.e.:
 - Child Marriage Restraint Act
 - Human Rights Act
 - Child Labor Act

(P.T.O.)

7. There is only one precise feminist theory.

- Yes
- No
- Partially

8. The Declaration on the Elimination of Violence Against Women was adopted without vote by the

- United Nations General Assembly
- Pakistan National Assembly
- OIC

9. A renowned Pakistani organization founded in 1986 works actively on gender based violence

- SPO
- Aurat Foundation
- APWA

10. Acid Control and Acid Crime Prevention Act was passed in

- 2009
- 2011
- 2003



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Gender Based Violence
Course Code: GS-208 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Question No. 2 Each question carries 5 marks

(5x4=20)

- Q1. What are different types of gender based violence.
- Q2. What are the effects of gender based violence on children and family?
- Q3. What is the exchange and resource theory?
- Q4. How do you define gender based violence and what are its contributing factors?

Question No. 3 Each Question Carries 10 marks

(3x10=30)

- Q1. What is the Women Protection Bill 2006 and what is its significance?
- Q2. What are various strategies to reduce and prevent Gender Based Violence?
- Q3. What are the main features of Protection Against Harassment of Women at Workplace Act 2010?



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Gender and Population
Course Code: GS-209 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Question No 01: Circle the Correct answer. Each item carries equal marks. Marks: 10

1. The movement of people from one country to another is called
 - Migration
 - Rural to urban migration
 - International migration
2. Maternal Mortality Rate of Pakistan is
 - 40/100,000
 - 276/100,000
 - 657/100,000
3. CPR of Pakistan is
 - 55%
 - 35.5%
 - 40%
4. Unmet need of Family Planning in Pakistan
 - 35%
 - 42%
 - 18%
5. Infant Mortality Rate of Pakistan is
 - 77/1000
 - 50/1000
 - 45/1000

P.T.O.

6. Life expectancy at Birth
 - 64
 - 55
 - 59
7. Urbanization is best defined as:
 - **People moving from rural areas to urban areas**
 - The growth in the population of urban areas as a result of several factors
 - The increase in the proportion of people living in urban areas
8. All of the following are reasons for urbanization EXCEPT:
 - Rent is more affordable in urban areas
 - **Urban areas have better healthcare and educational facilities**
 - There are more jobs available in urban areas
9. The total fertility rate is
 - The births to women of a given age divided by the total number of women at that age.
 - The number of births divided by the total population.
 - The number of children a woman will likely bear in her lifetime.
10. the study of human population dynamics is called
 - Sociology
 - Gender Studies
 - **Demography**



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Gender and Population
Course Code: GS-209 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Q.#2: Write short answers of the following?

(4x5=20)

- i. Briefly explain importance of family planning programs in Pakistan?
- ii. Briefly explain Antenatal care and why it is important?
- iii. Recommendations on access to Reproductive Health Facilities?
- iv. How do you think population and urbanization related to each other?

Q.#3: Attempt any THREE questions in detail?

(3x10=30)

- i. Write down Malthus theory of Population Growth and criticism?
- ii. Write down all methods of Family Planning and Challenges in implementation of Family Planning Programs in Pakistan?
- iii. Briefly explain Post Natal Care?
- iv. Define Fertility and its determinants?



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Gender and Health
Course Code: GS-210 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q.#1: MCQ's

(1x10=10)

- i. Girl child is:
 - a. Birth to 2 years
 - b. Fetal Stage
 - c. Birth to Puberty
 - d. Birth to death
- ii. Heath is:
 - a. Not a gender issue
 - b. Gender issue
 - c. Is disease issue
 - d. None of these
- iii. Access to health services means:
 - a. Untimely use of health facilities
 - b. Timely use of health facilities
 - c. No use of health facilities
 - d. None of these
- iv. Economic access refers to trade on basis of:
 - a. Trade on basis of possession
 - b. Ownership
 - c. Access
 - d. None of these
- v. Health myths are:
 - a. Uncommon
 - b. Uncertain
 - c. Common
 - d. None of these
- vi. Female fertility is:
 - a. Affected by age
 - b. Not affected by age
 - c. Increases with old age
 - d. None of these
- vii. Early child marriages are:
 - a. Before 14 years
 - b. Before 19 years
 - c. After 20 years
 - d. None of these
- viii. Health care policies are:
 - a. Federal subject
 - b. Provisional subject
 - c. International subject
 - d. None of these
- ix. In child literacy most important is:
 - a. Mother
 - b. Father
 - c. Teacher
 - d. None of these
- x. Variation in health data is, checking variability:
 - a. Analyze variability within groups
 - b. Between groups
 - c. Within and between groups
 - d. None of these



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

P PAPER: Gender and Health
Course Code: GS-210 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Q.#2: Questions Short Answers:

(4x5=20)

- i. Define menopause?
- ii. Role of traditions and myths in women's health?
- iii. Gender difference in provision of nutrition?
- iv. Issues of menarchen in adolescent girls?

Q.#3: Questions Brief Answers:

(3x10=30)

- i. Discuss health and gender issue.
- ii. Critically analyse health care system of Pakistan.
- iii. How literary and education effect early child marriages and employmnet of girls.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018

Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: General Science

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Mints.

Course Code: GS-211 / EDU-11135 Part – I (Compulsory)

MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q1. Each question has four possible answers. Choose the correct answer and encircle it. (1x10=10)

1. The fourth state of matter is

- a) Gas b) Liquid c) Solid d) Plasma

2. Every action has equal and opposite reaction this is Newton's----- Law

- a) First b) Second c) Third d) None of these

3. The phenomenon in which one cell is divided into two cell is called

- a) Amitosis b) Mitosis c) Meiosis d) All of these

4. Which one of the following is not a solution?

- a) Sugar and water b) NaCl and Water c) Lemon and Water d) Baking soda

5. The escape of water molecules from the surface of liquid is known as

- a) Evaporation b) Condensation c) Transpiration d) All of These

6. The animal and plant cell is differentiated by the presence of

- a) Cell membrane b) Cell wall c) Nucleus d) None of these

7. Kidney is the working unit of

- a) Circulatory system b) Digestive System c) Excretory system
d) Reproductive System

8. Which one is the correct formula of Sulphuric acid.

- a) H_2SO_4 b) HSO_4 c) $H_2S_2O_7$ d) H_3SO_2

9. Heterotrophic organisms are

- a) Plants b) Algae c) Fungi d) Kelps

10. Which one is the biotic component of ecosystem.

- a) Soil b) Water c) Plants d) None of these



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018

Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: General Science

Course Code: GS-211 / EDU-11135 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Mints.

MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

SHORT QUESTIONS

20 Marks

Q2. Answer briefly the following questions. Each question carries two marks.

1. Define Theory.
2. State Law of Conservation of Energy.
3. What are Twins? Enlist its types.
4. What is the role of Statistics in Research.
5. What is the function of Large Intestine.
6. What do you mean by Ore? Name any two ores.
7. Differentiate between Metals and Non-Metals.
8. Define Food Chain. Draw a simple food chain.
9. Give one method for the preparation of Oxygen Gas.
10. What do you mean by Rusting of Metals give example with equation?

SUBJECTIVE QUESTIONS

(30 Marks)

Q3. Answer the Following Questions.

1. Define the following terms
i. Hypothesis ii. Speed and Velocity iii. Reflection of light
v. Rusting and Corrosion v. Evaporation (2 x5= 10 Marks)
2. Write a note on Biotic and Abiotic Components of Ecosystem. (10 Marks)
3. Describe Human Female Reproductive System. (10 Marks)



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

P PAPER: Introduction to Social Work
Course Code: GS-212 Part – I (Compulsory)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCO carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q.1. MCQs

(1x10=10)

1. Which methods of social work help in getting socio-economic information about the community?
 - a. Social Group Work
 - b. Social Case work
 - c. Community Development
 - d. Social Policy
 - e. Social Research
2. Social Case work, is a method of Social Work which deals clients at;
 - a. Micro level
 - b. Macro level
 - c. Mezzo Level
 - d. All levels mentioned above
3. Which specific method of social work is practiced in the field of Medical Social Work?
 - a. Social Group Work
 - b. Social Case work
 - c. Community Development
 - d. Social Policy
 - e. Social Action
4. Which laws deal with the issue of juvenile delinquency in Pakistan?
 - a. Voluntary Social Welfare Agencies (Registration & Control) Ordinance, 1961.
 - b. The Punjab Supervision and Control of Children Homes Act 1976.
 - c. The Juvenile Justice System Act 2018
 - d. The Punjab Destitute and Neglected Children Act 2004
5. The author of the book "Social Casework-A problem solving Process" was;
 - a. Gordon Hamilton
 - b. Jane Adams
 - c. Marry Richmond
 - d. H.H. Perlman
6. Under which law, Social Welfare department Punjab registers NGO?
 - a. The Societies Registration Act 1860
 - b. The Trust Act 1882
 - c. Voluntary Social Welfare Agencies (Registration & Control) Ordinance, 1961.
 - d. Local Government System Ordinance 2001
 - e. The Cooperatives Societies Act 1925

P.T.O.

7. Which government department deals with the issue of Child Labor in Pakistan
 - a. Poulation Welfare
 - b. Social Welfare
 - c. Labor Welfare
 - d. Home department
 - e. ILO

8. Fountain house is a Social Welfare Institution which deals clients with the problem of;
 - a. Cancer
 - b. Tuberculosis
 - c. Dermatology
 - d. Urology
 - e. Schizophrenia

9. UNDP stands for;
 - a. United Nations Development Plan
 - b. United Nations Development Program
 - c. United Nations Development Policy
 - d. United Nations Development Procedures
 - e. United Nations Development & Protection

10. Which United Nations Agency deals specifically with Child Rights and protection Issues
 - a. UNESCO
 - b. UNDP
 - c. UNHCR
 - d. UNICEF
 - e. UNFP



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

P PAPER: Introduction to Social Work
Course Code: GS-212 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Q.2. Questions with Short Answers.

(5x4=20)

1. Principle of Participation in community Development
2. Role of Social Worker
3. Code of ethics in Social Work
4. Child Welfare in Pakistan

Q.3. Questions with Brief Answers.

(3x10=30)

1. Discuss in detail the process of social case work in detail.
2. What are the different principles in Community Development method?
3. Discuss in detail the relationship of Social Work with other Social Sciences.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Citizenship Education (Human Rights)

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Min.

Course Code: HR-213 / GEN-22127 Part – I (Compulsory)

MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Question # 1:

(1x5=5)

(a) MCQ's

i. Mention convention of the protection the rights of women. _____

ii. Define Human Rights as per the preamble of UDHR? _____

iii. Mention any two fundamental Human Rights. _____

iv. Mention any two core international instrument for protection of Human Rights? _____

v. Give any two reasons of protecting Human Rights in developing countries. _____

(b) Tick the Correct Option / True or False

(1x5=5)

i. Charter of United Nations is a way of Human Rights preservation in global world True/False

ii. UDHR is one of the core instrument in perseverance of women rights is: True/False

iii. Establishment of UNO can be thought as a milestone in history of human rights protection. True/False

iv. Implementation of human rights in 21st century is a individual matters. True/False

v. Evolution of human rights as concept and claim is outcome of human civilization. True/False



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018
Examination: B.S. 4 Years

Roll No.

PAPER: Citizenship Education (Human Rights)
Course Code: HR-213 / GEN-22127 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Min.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Question # 2: Short Questions.

(5x4=20)

- i. Explain Justice as one of fundamental rights.
- ii. Describe university of Human Rights.
- iii. Explain briefly evolution of Human Rights.
- iv. Describe “Child Rights”.

Question # 3: Long Questions.

(10x3=30)

- i. Discuss Human Rights in South Asia.
- ii. Explain and illustrate three key principles in human rights.
- iii. Discuss evolution of the concept of human rights.



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018

Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Introduction to Gender Studies

TIME ALLOWED: 15 Mints.

Course Code: GEND-211 / GEN-22138 Part - I (Compulsory)

MAX. MARKS: 10

Attempt this Paper on this Question Sheet only.

Please encircle the correct option. Each MCQ carries 1 Mark. This Paper will be collected back after expiry of time limit mentioned above.

Q. 1

(1x10=10)

1. Which form of feminism draws on Marxist theory?
 - a. Liberal
 - b. Socialist
 - c. Radical
 - d. Postmodern
2. Which of the following pair of words represent the distinction between biology and society?
 - a. Femininity/masculinity
 - b. Sex/gender
 - c. Bisexual/heterosexual
 - d. Culture/social structure
3. Women empowerment increase due to
 - a. Increase in literacy
 - b. Financial independence
 - c. In the level of literacy
 - d. All of above
4. The maximum number of year that an individual could live
 - a. Life span
 - b. Life expectancy
 - c. Birth rate
 - d. Fertility
5. Which one is by contrast, concern the psychological, social and cultural difference:
 - a. Sex
 - b. Gender
 - c. Individual
 - d. Culture

(P.T.O.)

6. Research indicates that individuals are aware of their sexual orientation
 - a. At infancy
 - b. In early adolescence
 - c. In early adulthood
 - d. In late adulthood
7. WID approach believes in:
 - a. Gender mainstreaming
 - b. Gender Segregation
 - c. Incorporating women in development activities
 - d. None of these
8. Biological characteristics distinguishing male from female is called
 - a. Heterosexuality
 - b. Gender
 - c. Sex
 - d. Homosexuality
9. Which form of feminism is most closely associated with inter sectionality?
 - a. Postmodern feminism
 - b. Black feminism
 - c. Radical feminism
 - d. Socialist feminism
10. Which feminist perspective has patriarchy as its fundamental concept in the explanation of gender inequality?
 - a. Liberal feminism
 - b. Radical feminism
 - c. Socialist feminism
 - d. Marxist feminism



UNIVERSITY OF THE PUNJAB

Fourth Semester - 2018

Examination: B.S. 4 Years Programme

Roll No.

PAPER: Introduction to Gender Studies
Course Code: GEND-211 / GEN-22138 Part – II

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hrs. & 45 Mints.
MAX. MARKS: 50

Attempt this Paper on Separate Answer Sheet provided.

Questions with Short answers
Marks: (4 x 5 = 20 Marks)

Q.2. Write short note on

- i. Feminism
- ii. Gender Mainstreaming
- iii. What is meant by gender equity?
- iv. Differentiate between WID and GAD approach

Questions with Brief answers
Marks: (10 x 3 = 30 Marks)

Q.3. Write detailed note on the following:

3X10= 30 marks

- i. What is women empowerment? How urban women's empowerment different from that of rural women's empowerment?
- ii. Write brief note on Radical feminism and Liberal feminism.
- iii. Explain the universal Islamic declaration of human rights.