

(III)Area of Specialization Courses in History**METHODS OF TEACHING HISTORY****Course Code:EDBES361****Credit hours:3****Introduction**

History deals with the record of the past. However, it is not just a plain record but rather the construction, interpretation and evaluation of the past, which is the subject matter of history. As the past, present and the future are inextricably linked, the importance of history cannot be denied. The true dissemination of historical knowledge is therefore a prerequisite for a nation's development. That is the reason that from ancient times, the teaching of history at all levels has remained an essential part of the curricula of the Universities.

Aims and Learning Outcomes

1. to cater to the need of the nation to produce the researchers and scholars who can write political, social, economic and intellectual history of the people of Pakistan
2. to produce such academics who can teach history in schools, colleges and universities at the graduate and undergraduate levels

Contents**1: Introduction**

- 1.1 Early History of Islam
- 1.2 Research Methodology in Histography
- 1.3 State and Society in Muslim India 1206-1707
- 1.4 Muslim Struggle for Independence 1858-1947
- 1.5 Government & Politics in Pakistan 1947-1999

2: History of Indo-Pakistan

- 2.1 Ancient India
- 2.2 Muslim Rule in India (712-1526)
- 2.3 The Great Mughals (1526-1707)
- 2.4 Later Mughals & British India (1707-1857)
- 2.5 The Punjab in Modern Times

3: Umayyads and Abbasides

- 3.1 Muslim Rule in Spain
- 3.2 The Ottoman Empire (1288-1924)
- 3.3 Central Asia
- 3.4 Contemporary Middle East

4: European History in Different Eras

- 4.1 Early Modern Europe (1453-1789)
- 4.2 Modern Europe (1789-1919)
- 4.3 History of England (1688-1919)
- 4.4 United States after Second World War
- 4.5 International Relations and Organizations

5: Islamic Heroes

5.1 Life of the Holy Prophet (Peace be upon him)

Early life, declaration of Nabuwwat, reaction, Hijrat, City State of Medina, Ghazawat, the Conquest of Mecca, the Last Sermon, Transformation of Society, Political and Economic System, Administration of justice, Advancement of education, Learning and scientific approach, Policy towards Non-Muslims, Foreign relations and Military system, Spread of Islam

5.2 Hazrat Abu-Bakar

Early life, Sacrifices for the cause of Islam, Election as Caliph, Early difficulties, Munkreen-i-Zakat, apostacy, consolidation of the state, conquest of Iraq, foreign policy towards Iran, Syria and Byzantine. compilation of Quran, character and achievements.

5.3 Hazrat Umar bin Khattab

Early life, services for Islam, election as Caliph, Expansion and conquests, reforms, character & achievements.

5.4 Hazrat Usman

Early life, role during the life of Holy Prophet, Hazrat Abu Bakar and Hazrat Umar, election as Caliph, foreign policy and expansion of the state, martyrdom and its consequences, character and achievements.

6: Trends and Issues in History

- 6.1 Culture & religious diversity and human rights
- 6.2 Re-imagining Pakistan: countering social science research agenda & approaches
- 6.3 Population & sustainable development
- 6.4 Economic issues
- 6.5 Socio-psychological determinants of health
- 6.6 Internal challenges & national integration
- 6.7 Ethno-national issues
- 6.8 History, politics and politics in Pakistan

Assessment and Examinations

Examination	Marks
Sessional Work	25%
Mid-Semester	35%
Final Semester	40%

Suggested Readings

- Allama G. (1967). *Documents of Pakistan Movement*. Karachi: Making of Pakistan.
- Abdul, H. (1967). *Muslim Separatism in India: A Brief Survey 1858-1947*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Collingwood, R.G. (1966). *The Idea of History (Rev. ed)*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Jamil ud Din, A. (1969). *Early Phase of Struggle for Pakistan: Middle Phase of Struggle for Pakistan*. Lahore: Publishers United.
- Stanford, M. (1994). *A Companion to the Study of History*. Oxford UK and Cambridge USA: Blackwell.