
Late Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi: Political Leadership and Social Services

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Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi was born (August, 14, 1931 - November, 20 .2009) was the son of Khan Bahadur Ghulam Rasool Khan Jatoi and his grandfather's name was Khan Bahadur Imam Bakhsh Khan Jatoi who was also a great poet. He became the Chief Minister (1973 to 1977) and Caretaker Prime Minister (from 6th August 1990 to 6th November 1990) of Pakistan. Jatoi sahib become MNA seven times and MPA two times in his political life. Because of remaining linked with MRD (Movement for Restoration of Democracy) after pledge of Martial law Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi was arrested two times 1983 and 1985. Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi has five sons Rais Ghulam Murtaza, Rais Masroor Ahmed Khan, Rais Arif Mustafa Khan, Rais Asif Mustafa Khan and Rais Tariq Mustafa Khan as well as three daughters. Till the execution of Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto up to 1979; Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi remained closest friend to him.. He was selected as Chairman of District Local Board Nawabshah two times in 1953 and 1956. In 1958, he started political carrier by being as Member of provincial assembly from West Pakistan, however he became Member of National Assembly in 1962 from the seat of Nawabshah. He was also selected as Member of National Assembly in 1966 and 7-December 1970. He was assigned as federal minister of communication, national resources and political matters during the Government of Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto, due to good faith of Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto he was also appointed Chief Minister of Sindh in 22-De 1973 to 5-July 1977. During his political career Mr. Jatoi rendered many social services. This paper is a attempt to explore the social services of Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi, a profound political leader.

Keywords: Chief minister, care taker prime minister, democracy, Nawab Shah, social services

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INTRODUCTION

The birth place of Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi is recognized as New Jatoi, District Naushehro Feroze Sindh, whereas he was born on 14 August, 1931. Mr. Jatoi was the eldest of all four brothers. It was the time when Sindh province was represented by only four members, at that time grandfather of Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi named as Khan Bahadur Imam Buxjatoi became the member of Bombay Legislative Assembly in continuous three tenures of 1923, 1927 and 1931 respectively. Before imposing of one unit in West Pakistan; father of Mr Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi, Khan Bahadur Ghulam Rasul Khan Jatoi became the member of Sindh Legislative Assembly in 1946 and 1952 two times. It was the period of Kalhora government, when ancestors of Mr. Jatoi travelled to Sindh along with Talpur from Punjab in 1740 and his parents were Mureeds of Peers of Sarhandi. Mr. Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi was a well-known Pakistani politician; he became the acting Prime Minister of Pakistan for the period of three months (from 6th August 1990 to 6th November 1990). Jatoi started his education from Karachi Grammar School and completed his senior Cambridge. After that he was sent to England for his bar at law in 1952, but due to the health problem of his father he returned to home within one year^[2-5].

Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi was an energetic organizer in political affairs, and was beginning members along with Zulfikar Ali Bhutto in establishing Pakistan People's Party. Till the execution of Zulfikar Ali Bhutto up to 1979; Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi remained closest friend to him. Till to the formation of his own; party with a symbol of a tractor Mr. Jatoi continued connected with the PPP up to 1986, since he was familiarized as Pakistan's political influential because of his party. Mr. Jatoi never assumed in adventurism because of his cool and calm nature in his politics. Throughout his extended political profession; he was considered as prominent personality for his truthfulness towards his friends. Initial settlement of elders of Jatoi is found as a forest village known as Jatoi village; although in 1930 his parents were transferred to another location now known as New Jatoi. After that; political activities regarding the consultation for power, organization of governments and subjective discussion are being performed.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY:

In this research analytical method are used. Apart from primary as well as secondary sources are also be used to make research more stable and reliable. In primary sources, the informations are be achieved through interviews with concerned persons. Official letters daily dairies are also be used. Informations are be collected through books, journals, newspapers, and internet. In this connection different libraries are be used including Sachal Public Library Khairpur, Shah Abdul Latif University, Khairpur library, Sir Shahnawaz Library, Larkana, Allama

Daudpoto Library Hyderabad and also Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi Library, Naushoroferoze

DATA ANALYSIS:

SOCIAL SERVICES OF GHULAM MUSTAFA JATOI INTRODUCTION:

He introduced new trends in the national politics and sowed the seed of tolerance and self respect in the politics. Raees Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi was a rare asset of national politics of Pakistan. His services for introducing healthy & positive trends in the national politics would long be remembered and would serve as a benchmark for the next generation of politicians. He was a man of integrity, and a committed politician. His stainless record in politics is again an asset and a valuable addition in the science of politics.

CONSEQUENCE OF PRAYER OF BEGGAR (DARWESH) FOR JATOI FAMILY.

It is said that Jatoi family was protected by the prayers of a beggar. Once, after the time of dinner a beggar came to the door of Jatoi home, and he begged for a meal because of hunger and was also thirsty. One person came to the door and told the beggar to wait I am going to arrange for your food. Since, he entered in his home and found all members of his home in sleep; he prepared the meal himself without disturbing any other member of his home and came out with a pot of milk and prepared the meal served to the beggar.

The Beggar ate the meal with love and raised his hands and prayed from Allah for the Jatoi Family by saying that you will remain prosperous forever, will be developed day by day. Through such prayers of a beggar Jatoi family progressed from landlords, they became respectful persons of the area that their family is prosperous, and respectable all over the country.

A LOOK AT ADDRESSES OF RAIS GHULAM MUSTAFA KHAN JATOI AS CARETAKER PRIME MINISTER OF PAKISTAN.

The land of Sindh has given birth to such great and ideal personalities from time to time that possessed bravery, fame, political tolerance, whose performance will be noted with great admiration and appreciation in past, present and future. We can never ignore the services and activities of such prominent personalities, who have given the evidence of human friendly customs and traditions of their ancestors.

Characters and activities of such great personalities will become helpful by history to approach the future generations, because it is history by which unforgettable occurrences and memories are tried to keep alive in the form of a book. Let us have a look on the historical addresses of Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi during

Caretaker Prime Minister, by which we can feel that how situations at that time were handled by Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi^[2].

HISTORICAL SACRIFICES BY JATOI FAMILY FOR RESTORATION OF DEMOCRACY AS IS EVIDENT FROM HISTORY

On August 7, 1990 Caretaker Prime Minister Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi gave interview to the Voice of America in which he said; I am responsible that I am selected as Caretaker Prime Minister for three months, therefore I pray from Allah Almighty that our country may become prosperous and progressive, there must be law of honest politics for everyone, if we work for the betterment of country with faithfulness, it may become the richest and most powerful country in the record of the world. My first preference is justice, peace and merit, protection of people and their property as well as eradication of corruption.

It is evident from the record that for restoration of democracy, historical sacrifices were made by Jatoi family, but they never contracted against rules and regulations for chair and will never do it.

MY RELATION IS ETERNALLY TIED WITH PEOPLE

(Background of speech during inaugural ceremony of foundation stone of Airport terminal Building)

During his address at laying the foundation stone of Airport Terminal Building on September 28, 1990 at the cost of 20 million rupees caretaker Prime Minister Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi said I have no an intention as well as self-indulgence of the chair, I took the reins of the country in its extreme conditions, there was no peaceful situation for poor and respectable persons, however present government is treating all types of people equally. I have accepted this important responsibility for conducting free and fair election. However, I was offered two times the Chief minister ship but I refused because my conscience did not allow me. I have dedicated my life to serving people, I have never preferred nepotism for my family, and I always think that people of my country are like my family members. By completing this New Terminal Building this area can be beneficial especially for Nawabshah and Sanghar. Director Civil Aviation Authority Air vice Martial Muhammad Yunis said that area of New Terminal Building is nine thousand square feet and on its construction; twenty million rupees are required. After that Jatoi Sahib placed foundation stone and prayed^[4].

WE ARE AMONG PEOPLE AND PEOPLE ARE FROM US

On September, 20 1990 Rais Ghulam Mustafa Jatoi added that for prosperity and fertility of Sindh; He would never hesitate to shed his last drop of blood. During his address in Nawabshah, Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi said I am blamed for being agent of Punjab but fact is that I have always mentioned for progression of Sindh as well as Pakistan. My government is always in front of people for their service

and I feel happiness in serving people. We are from people and people are from us, Nawabshah airport is very old airport, which will be improved very soon. "Jatoi Sahib further added that natural gas will be approached to Sakrand very soon; on that event he released one million rupees for Nawabshah hospital." It is responsibility to serve people; I want that people should come closer to each other and must remove hate from each other.

TOKEEP FOUNDATION STONE OF FLY OVER BRIDGE ON NAWABSHAH RAILWAY LINE

"The people of Pakistan are playing role in eradicating the jealous politics and in strengthening of the country," it was said by Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi on September 29, 1990 during construction of over fly bridge at Nawabshah Railway Line. Caretaker Prime Minister, Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi further added that "I appeal the people of Pakistan that don't hate from each other create the environment of love, peace and brotherly. This bridge is going to be constructed with cost of 8 crore and 50 lac." Jatoi Sahib expressed that for respectable life; it is necessary to perform good measures. We should work for national purposes and wipe out the selfishness and egotism because environment of brotherhood and peace is only the responsible for success.

"By coming elections; there is golden chance of electing faithful, loyal and country loving participators and it is the duty of people of to elect honest and faithful candidates. In my opinion; they should elect those candidates who try to solve their troubles, sorrow and grieves and sincere leaders are only present on such occasions; since sincere and faithful leaders can play the important role positively in the progression and development of the country. My administration will try to provide the each and every thing of need and it also the duty of every citizen to work with sincerity and honesty."

Jatoi Sahib expressed in his views that the permission of this Overflies Bridge was given him in 1973 in the capacity of federal minister, but due to opposition it was rejected and again after the long duration of 17 years he was going to keep the foundation stone of the same bridge. In this way two cities would be connected by this bridge, and in this way there we will success and it would connect the hearts of people.

"It is the responsibility of my government to conduct free, fair and transparent elections. Honorable Courts are also free to tell constitutional, lawful and transparent decisions" he said ^[5].

SELFLESS DEVOTION TO THE PEOPLE

On September, 29 1990 Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi addressed the gathering sharing his views in the village Shaheed Meer Rahoo near New Saeed Abad. He said in the election of 1988 it was excited decision of Sindhi people which was accepted by us with sympathy, but after such excited decisions of people they have

given respect to us for this I am thankful to them. In our province various illegal acts have become usual such as; corruption, killing and kidnapping, to eliminate these activities steps are being taken by the government. In the past aggressors, robbers, snatchers and assailants were given free hand in the province but I will try to end such enemies of our society, actually people had become irritated due to such environment; therefore on August 6 important step of was taken to eliminate unlawful period. If a single rupee of corruption is proved against me, I will withdraw from politics as well as produce myself for punishment of hanging."

He further added that in the general elections of 1988 people completed their duty by vote, but now the people have become experienced and they must fulfill their duty in establishing developing country. He served the people honestly in his tenure of being Chief Minister and in the future he would also consider responsibility to provide facilities for the people. On that occasion Jatoi Sahib announced grant of one million rupees for town committee Sakrand and also permitted the approval of Degree College, Technical College and Direct Dialing (telephone).

On that occasion; Dr. Mushtaque Rahoo expressed his views and declared that he was sorry to say that the Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi who completed the requirements of 70 Clifton has now become the opponent, but the person who demanded to hang Shaheed Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto has become well wisher of 70-Clifton, at that time persons who were addressed were included Ghulam Rasool Unar, Ali Nawaz Rahoo and Mumtaz Rahoo .

CRIMES CAN BE STOPPED BY HANGING TWO OR THREE CRIMINALS.

On October 14th 1990 at the inaugural ceremony of Indus Highway plan, Prime Minister Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi expressed that "if people elected the sincere candidates and they selected me with their mandate I will try to stop crimes in the least time in the country especially in Sindh and provide peaceful environment for people. Now it is up to people that what they want either peace or dissatisfaction situation. If people want the reforms they must elect us and government must be freehanded, I promise to the people that peaceful situation, justice, merit and protection will be provided for common people."

Jatoi Sahib said that "a peaceful situation cannot be achieved without strictness and justice, criminals involved in kidnapping as well as ransom or blackmailing out of them three or four be hanged openly then others will automatically come on the right track. Once we are selected in the government we will never hesitate to hang up criminals plainly. Noori abad has become defamed due to incidents of kidnapping, Jatoi Sahib added". He said that "Caretaker government is for limited time, there are various problems, all problems cannot be solved in a limited time, and it is felt that there was no any law from years. As compared to the general election of 1988 number of candidates has become doubled, from where these

candidates have appeared, they have collected money by what means, criminals have also participated in the election, they are trying to save themselves by legal ways, if one of such criminals will be punished then blustering, crying and noising will be started by such people. But it up to the people to elect such people or not, if we are elected then our first priority will be peace, justice and merit. I don't believe in the revengeful politics, but to provide justice is my first step, I hope that at the time of voting; the people will decide according to their conscience and right people will be elected^[6]."

FULFILMENT OF THE PROMISE TO THE PEOPLE.

On the November 5th 1990 Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi addressed to the people on Radio and Television and said "the command is authentication of Allah, which I am going to transfer to the elected candidates by the people."

"The promise which I made to the people fulfilled, we accomplish the promise with self-assured and remain fixed on our activities. The people always give the vote only when candidates serve them but for not on invalid and excited slogans, government is authentication of God which I am going to transfer to selected candidates. It is my wish that people remember me as devoted leader of Pakistan. Justice is only the responsible for the unity, harmony and prosperity, we have made each and every possible struggle for making Pakistan more beautiful, and since it is part of election if one is elected then other is automatically made unsuccessful so it is not a problem. I believe that each and every part of the country will be made beautiful. We must activate industries and protect investors, give special focus to the defense of country, solve problems of workers, farmers, women and jobless adults. It is my desire to provide facilities to each area of the country and I want to see prosperity in the country. Elections have been finished, so people must eliminate hates from their hearts, and become active in the betterment of the country. On the land of injustice, there may be no blessings of Allah Almighty, it is due to the justice by whom the base of the country becomes strong and justice is only the reason of unity and success of the people."

"Relation of love and sincerity with people will remain till the final moment of life Insha Allah; I have also remained ahead for the restoration of democracy, the association of unity in the people provides complete agreement in their thoughts. Our destination is peace, progress, justice and prosperity. I hope the coming government will fulfill their duties according to the hopes and thoughts of the people^[8]."

UNFORGETTABLE INCIDENT OF SIX MONTHS IMPRISONED LIFE OF GHULAM MUSTAFA KHAN JATOI IN KARACHI JAIL.

The decision of MRD was fixed on May 1983, Chairperson of PPP Begum Nusrat Bhutto and Benazir Bhutto were out of the country. It was decided that starting of movement will be conducted on August 14th 1983, in the initial step various

leaders and ex parliament members will produce for arresting themselves. "I called for meeting of Sindh Working Committee, in which most of the party leaders and members were gathered and encouraged such decision that leaders included in initial step will provide for arresting themselves, it was started from my relatives in which my Wright brother Mr. Ghulam Mujtaba Khan Jatoi was also included, I planned for the arrest at tomb of Quaid-e-Azam along with Mairaj Muhammad Khan. When we arrived at Mazar-e-Qaid for arresting purpose, we found a great crowd of people over there, a large number of Police personnel were also there but they could not arrest us due to such huge number of protesting people. Similarly, we announced the arrest on the other day at ReeghalChouke (Saddar), from where we both were arrested. At that time my brother-in-law (Mr. S.M. Abbasi) was Governor of Sindh, I was taken into custody in my home and our other companions were sent to different Police posts and rest houses, Mumtaz Ali Bhutto, MhuwajaKhair-u-Din and Mairaj Muhammad Khan were placed in the same rest house, now there was very curious situation for me that we gathered for the same purpose, excluding me all other political leaders were kept either in Police Stations or in rest houses where I alone was in home custody. Regarding such situation I wrote a letter to Governor Sindh Mr. S.M. Abbasi that I wanted to remain with my arrested political companions who are in Police Stations or Rest Houses. After two days, I did not get reply from Governor, as well as I was not shifted from my home, so I intended to go out from my home named as sub-jail, I thought to go out in the darkness of night from sub-jail to produce for arresting. I don't know that how Sindh Governor recognized my intention or there was another reason, on that night I was shifted from Karachi to Dhabeji rest house which is at some distance from Karachi. Hard situations were created for me deliberately, though food of my own home was also prohibited for me, windows were completely closed as I cannot observe outside view. No newspaper was provided for me, neither my family members were allowed to meet me. Perhaps it was the result of the easier situation of my home custody, but I was mentally prepared, but after some days I was shifted to Karachi Jail in separate Barrack, in this Barrack of two small rooms Khuwaja Khar-u-din was also present in next room. The position of rooms was unbearable, there was no system of facility or cleanliness, which must be according rules of Jails, the facility of bathrooms was available. There was a little ward in which I could exercise by walking some steps.

"I want to mention here about my radio set, when I was going to shift in the barracks I brought a radio set from my home for the purpose of listening the news from international channels, but the police officer tried to take the radio set from me, whereas I refused to give it, at my refusal he said that sir you are not allowed to keep anything with you while in barracks, I said to him that I will keep the radio at any cost, and any penalty may be given by you, it was the effect of my warning that he could not say anything further and I succeeded in keeping my radio".

KhuwajaKhair-u-din prayed five times strictly, there was good conversation between us every day; we had breakfast together which was brought from his home every day. At the time of breakfast we exchanged newspapers with

each other, I was reading only headlines whereas; KhuwajaKhair-u-din studied newspapers in detail. After that we played a game Rami, I was writing some memories of Jail, which I have also supervised today, which I wrote while defeating KhuwajaKhair-u-Din, after lunch we took rest, my thoughts were completely towards movement and struggle of people. I exercised a little bit, we listened to the news from BBC Urdu out barrack, whose voice was clearly listened outside of barrack, for this we passed the time impatiently, I saluted the workers and my friends who activated the movement beyond the expectations on my appeal. My wife sent some books for me which I read on daily basis and English translated Holy Quran studied again and again. Khuwaja Sahib advised me many times to keep beard as Sunnah regarding recitation of Holy Quran again and again, but I could not act upon his advice. Guards which were performing their duties of the Jail, changed after one day, there was the policy of the government that among guards there should be no Sindhi speaking because of communicating our messages out the Jail^[9].

GHULAM MUSTAFA KHAN JATOI, MAN OF LIFE UPRIGHT.

Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi promoted educational activities in Sindh. As the Chief Minister of the Province, he launched the **Peoples Medical College and Mehran Engineering College (now Qaid-e-Awam University of Engineering and Technology)** in Nawabshah and built large number of secondary and primary schools, colleges in the most backward areas.

People also give credit to Jatoi for **Building of Sindh Secretariat at Karachi, Moro-Dadu Bridge** which was the major demand of people living on both sides of the River Indus

Mr Jatoi also inaugurated the golden gate of Hazrat Shahbaz Qalandar along with ZA Bhutto when he was Chief Minister Sindh and ZA Bhutto was Prime Minister of Pakistan. Mr. Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi and Z.A Bhutto inaugurated, Shaikh Zaid Children/women hospital larkana.

Being the grandson of poet and social reformer, Khan Bahadur Imam Bakhsh alias “Sabir Jatoi” Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi followed the footprints of his ancestors and contributed greatly to the promotion of literature and cultural activities in the Province. He organized the week-long mega cultural and historical event “Sindh through the Centuries” in Karachi and asked leading scholars of Sindh to explore the history of the province and suggest ways to promote old cultural values. This event attracted hundreds of writers, artists and student^[10].

CONCLUSION:

Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi was a Pakistani politician and became the Caretaker Prime Minister for three months, from 6 August 1990 to 6 November 1990. Ancestors of Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi were followers (Murids) of Peers of Sarhandi. He was born in August 14, 1931 in New Jatoi, District Naushehro Feroz, Sindh. There were four sons Ghulam Rasool Jatoi among which Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi was the eldest of all. His grandfather Khan Bahadur Imam Bux Khan Jatoi remained member of the Bombay Legislative Assembly thrice in 1923, 1927 and 1931. Only four members were representing the whole province of Sindh at that time. Before imposing one unit, father of Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi became member of the Sindh Legislative Assembly two times in 1946 and again 1952.

Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan started his primary education from his Village from which he completed his four classes of Sindhi. For further education; he was admitted in Madrissa High School Naushero Feroz. After that on the demand of British commissioner; Jatoi Sahib was admitted in Karachi Grammar School and completed his senior Cambridge. His father sent him to England in 1952 for higher studies to get the degree of bar at law, though he could not complete his studies and returned soon due to serious illness (heart attack) of his father.

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People also give credit to Jatoi for Building of Sindh Secretariat at Karachi, Moro-Dadu Bridge. Mr Jatoi also inaugurated the golden gate of Hazrat Shahbaz Qalandar along with ZA Bhutto when he was Chief Minister Sindh and ZA Bhutto was Prime Minister of Pakistan. Mr. Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi and Z.A Bhutto inaugurated, Shaikh Zaid Children/women hospital Larkana.

Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi was one of the closest confidants of Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto till his execution in 1979 and was an energetic leader in politics. He was along with Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto at the time of establishing Pakistan People's Party and was one of among founding members. Up to the formation his own Party with a symbol of tractor; he remained linked with the PPP till 1986.

In 1956; Rais Jatoi was elected as first Provincial Assembly Member of West Pakistan. In 1952 he also served as Chairman of District Board of Nawabshah District and was the youngest District Board chairman on the South Asia. In 1967, Rais Ghulam Mustafa Khan Jatoi along with Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto established Pakistan People's Party. He was elected as a Member of National Assembly seven times in 1962, 1965, 1970, 1989, 1990, 1993 and 1997 respectively. Twice he was elected as member of Sindh Assembly in 1973 and 1977.

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